

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 11.582, 5.873)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(15, 11.582, 5.873) contains.

<b>CIELCh(15, 11.464, 8.650)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(15, 11.464, 8.650)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	362024
RGB	54, 32, 36
RGB Percent	21%, 13%, 14%
CMY	0.7900, 0.8761, 0.8604
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.34, 0.79
HSL	349°, 26%, 17%
HSV	349°, 41%, 21%
XYZ	2.3159, 1.9086, 1.8834
YIQ	39.0340, 11.8280, 5.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

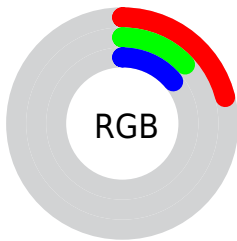
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">54, 32, 36</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3547172</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">15.00, 11.33, 1.72</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">15, 11.464, 8.650</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.9086, 0.3792, 0.3125</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281737252</a> (0xFF362024)
YUV	<a href="#">39.0340, -1.4958, 13.1252</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.8151, 5.7464, 1.5876</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **15, 11.464, 8.650** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 9.823, 181.431**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 11.825, 9.265**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 14.471, 10.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 8.507, 7.410**.

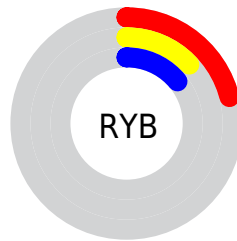
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (13%)

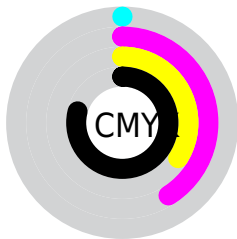
Blue (14%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (14%)

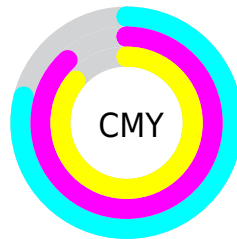


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 15, 11.464, 8.650       15, 11.464, 8.650

 100, 11.464, 8.650       5, 11.464, 8.650

 35, 11.464, 8.650       0, 11.464, 8.650

 45, 11.464, 8.650

 55, 11.464, 8.650

 65, 11.464, 8.650

 75, 11.464, 8.650

 85, 11.464, 8.650

 95, 11.464, 8.650

 15, 11.464, 8.650       15, 11.464, 8.650

13, 14.471, 10.135

17, 8.507, 7.410

12, 17.477, 11.926

19, 5.642, 6.349

10, 20.403, 14.076

20, 2.889, 5.413

9, 23.046, 15.677

22, 0.258, 3.907

8, 25.567, 16.042

24, 2.249, 184.102

7, 27.946, 15.208

26, 4.635, 183.442

28, 6.906, 182.878

30, 9.071, 182.373

32, 11.138,  
181.917

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 11.464, 8.650



21, 9.823, 181.431

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 11.464, 8.650



15, 11.464, 58.650



15, 11.464, 188.650



15, 11.464, 238.650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 11.463, 8.653



26, 3.903, 5.556



15, 17.312, 320.849



12, 2.616, 5.566



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 11.463, 8.653



18, 17.166, 10.195



17, 9.396, 51.358



9, 1.503, 5.178



17, 42.899, 26.189



46, 84.426, 31.412





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 11.463, 8.653



18, 17.166, 10.195



18, 7.648, 237.556



9, 1.503, 5.178



17, 42.899, 26.189

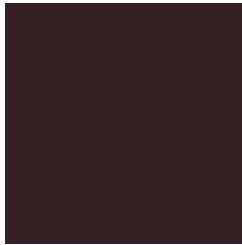


46, 84.426, 31.412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

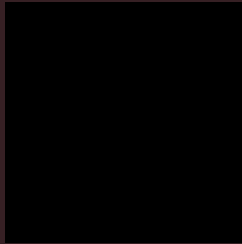
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 15, 11.464, 8.650**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650.

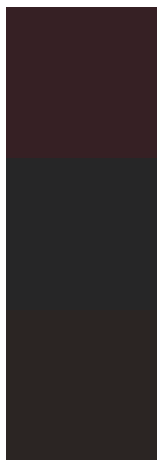


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 11.464, 8.650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

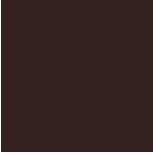
15, 11.464, 8.650

### Protanopia

15, 0.708, 290.402

### Deuteranopia

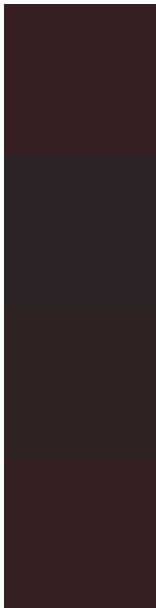
15, 3.344, 44.758



**Tritanopia**  
15, 10.892, 15.098



# Trichromacy



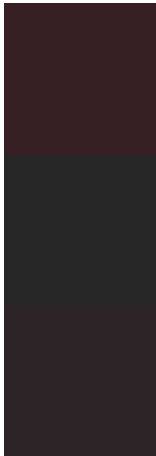
**Original Color**  
15, 11.464, 8.650

**Protanomaly**  
15, 4.200, 0.933

**Deuteranomaly**  
15, 6.118, 20.924

**Tritanomaly**  
15, 10.905, 11.448

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 11.464, 8.650

**Achromatopsia**  
16, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
15, 4.200, 0.933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 11.464, 8.650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 32, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 32, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 32, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 32, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 11.464, 8.650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 32, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 32, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 32, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 32, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 32, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 32, 36)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 11.464, 8.650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 32, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 32,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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