

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 12.485, 193.806)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 12.485, 193.806)
contains.

CIELCh(15, 12.155, 196.817)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(15, 12.155, 196.817)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	092A2A
RGB	9, 42, 42
RGB Percent	4%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.9632, 0.8340, 0.8341
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	180°, 64%, 10%
HSV	180°, 78%, 17%
XYZ	1.3802, 1.9086, 2.5159
YIQ	32.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 26, 42
Decimal	600618
CIE _{Lab}	15.00, -11.64, -3.52
CIE _{LCh}	15, 12.155, 196.817
Yxy	1.9086, 0.2378, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278790698 (0xFF092A2A)
YUV	32.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -6.3430, -1.1268

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 12.155, 196.817** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 17.834, 20.543**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 11.917, 197.809**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 13.124, 196.618**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 11.137, 197.025**.

Distribution



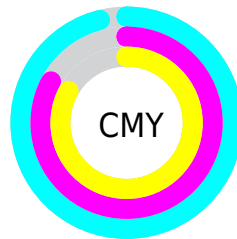
- Red (4%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 12.155, 196.817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 12.155, 196.817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 12.155,
196.817

■ 15, 12.155,
196.817

■ 100, 12.155,
196.817

■ 5, 12.155, 196.817

■ 35, 12.155,
196.817

■ 0, 12.155, 196.817

■ 45, 12.155,
196.817


■ 55, 12.155,
196.817


■ 65, 12.155,
196.817


■ 75, 12.155,
196.817


■ 85, 12.155,


196.817


 95, 12.155,
196.817

 15, 12.155,
196.817


 15, 12.155,
196.817

 15, 13.124,
196.618

 15, 11.137,
197.025

 15, 14.129,
196.416

 15, 9.928, 197.276

 15, 14.350,
196.372

 16, 8.539, 197.569

 16, 6.988, 197.901

 16, 5.294, 198.272

 17, 3.479, 198.684

■ 17, 1.562, 199.171

■ 17, 0.435, 19.057

■ 18, 2.496, 19.879

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 12.155, 196.817



7, 17.834, 20.543

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 12.155, 196.817



15, 12.155, 246.817



15, 12.155, 16.817



15, 12.155, 66.817

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 12.155, 196.815



22, 5.596, 198.405



14, 25.967, 140.500



10, 3.769, 198.391



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 12.155, 196.815



21, 16.427, 196.483



9, 12.910, 266.879



6, 0.896, 199.519



32, 22.375, 196.369



77, 43.547, 196.368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 17.834, 20.543



8, 27.902, 24.710



11, 13.926, 62.453



6, 0.896, 19.288



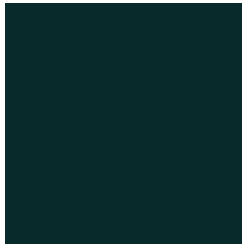
15, 42.654, 33.021



44, 90.857, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 12.155, 196.817 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

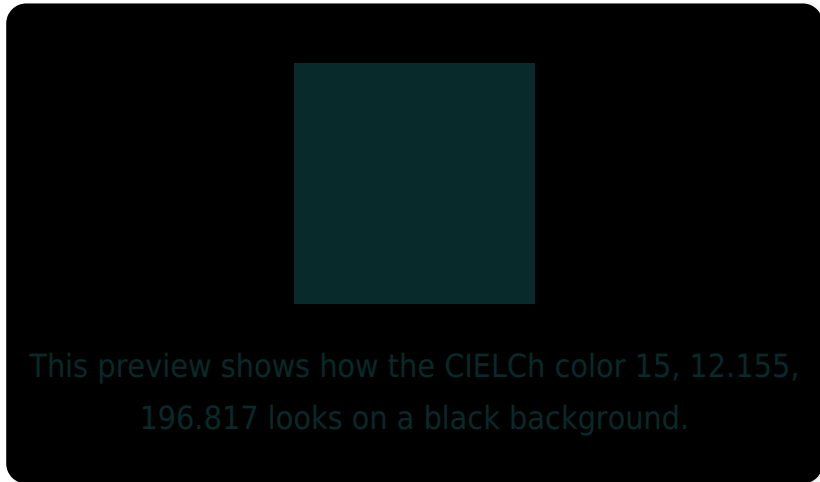
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

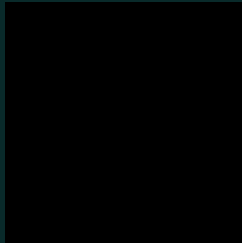
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 12.155, 196.817

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 12.155, 196.817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 12.155, 196.817.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
15, 12.155, 196.817

Protanopia
15, 0.708, 290.402

Deuteranopia
15, 4.360, 303.680



Tritanopia
15, 11.196, 208.171

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 12.155, 196.817

Protanomaly
15, 5.410, 198.216

Deuteranomaly
15, 5.496, 229.699

Tritanomaly
15, 11.473, 204.186

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 12.155, 196.817

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 5.457, 198.127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 12.155, 196.817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 42, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 42, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 42, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 12.155, 196.817 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 42, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 42, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 42, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 42, 42); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 42, 42); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 42, 42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 12.155, 196.817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 42, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 42,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor