

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 14.153, 357.482)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 14.153, 357.482)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 14.153, 357.482)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	381E27
RGB	56, 30, 39
RGB Percent	22%, 12%, 15%
CMY	0.7807, 0.8827, 0.8474
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.30, 0.78
HSL	339°, 30%, 17%
HSV	339°, 46%, 22%
XYZ	2.4530, 1.9086, 2.1515
YIQ	38.8000, 12.6070, 8.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

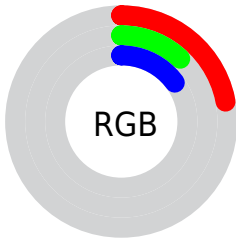
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 30, 39
Decimal	3677735
CIE Lab	15.00, 14.14, -0.62
CIE LCh	15, 14.153, 357.482
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3766, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281867815 (0xFF381E27)
YUV	38.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 7.5178, 0.4371

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 14.153, 357.482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 12.823, 168.735**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 14.473, 356.565**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 17.199, 358.965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 11.040, 356.222**.

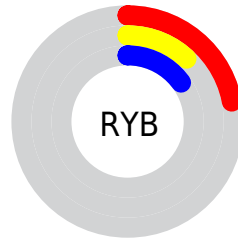
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (12%)

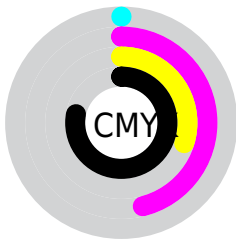
Blue (15%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (12%)

Blue (15%)

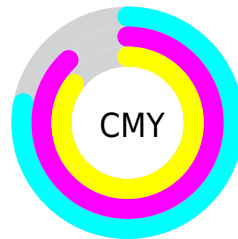


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 14.153, 357.482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 14.153, 357.482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 14.153,
357.482

■ 15, 14.153,
357.482

■ 100, 14.153,
357.482

■ 5, 14.153, 357.482

■ 35, 14.153,
357.482

■ 0, 14.153, 357.482

■ 45, 14.153,
357.482

■ 55, 14.153,
357.482


■ 65, 14.153,
357.482


■ 75, 14.153,
357.482


■ 85, 14.153,


357.482

 95, 14.153,
357.482

 15, 14.153,
357.482

 15, 14.153,
357.482

 13, 17.199,
358.965

 17, 11.040,
356.222

 12, 20.092, 0.732

 18, 7.931, 355.126

 11, 22.726, 2.871

 20, 4.870, 354.156

 10, 25.074, 5.374

 22, 1.887, 353.245

 8, 27.685, 7.036

 24, 1.002, 172.770

 8, 28.694, 7.272

 26, 3.789, 171.939

■ 28, 6.473, 171.286

■ 30, 9.057, 170.697

■ 32, 11.545,
170.155

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 14.153, 357.482



21, 12.823, 168.735

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 14.153, 357.482



15, 14.153, 47.482



15, 14.153, 177.482



15, 14.153, 227.482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 14.152, 357.484



28, 5.211, 353.994



14, 19.721, 315.843



13, 3.637, 354.070



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 14.152, 357.484



19, 21.518, 359.359



16, 12.234, 34.873



9, 1.620, 353.418



17, 40.284, 12.657



46, 76.962, 17.525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 14.152, 357.484



19, 21.518, 359.359



20, 9.122, 214.905



9, 1.620, 353.418



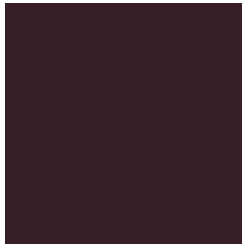
17, 40.284, 12.657



46, 76.962, 17.525

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 14.153, 357.482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

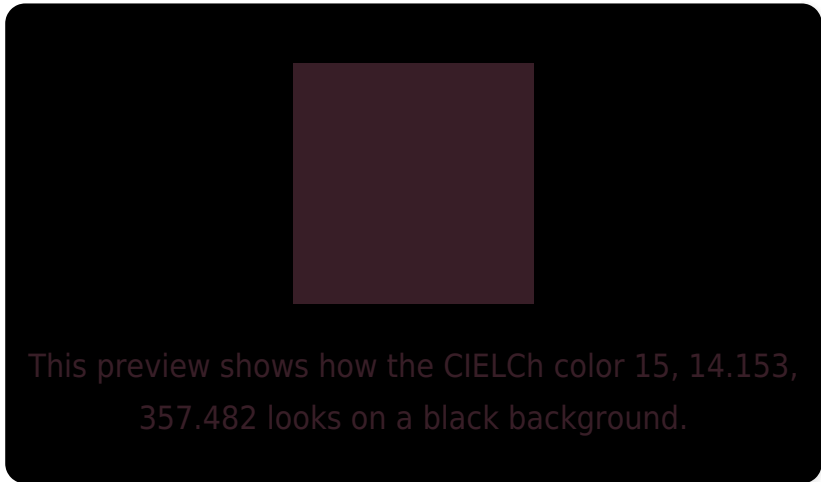
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

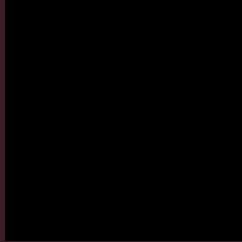
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 14.153, 357.482

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 14.153, 357.482.

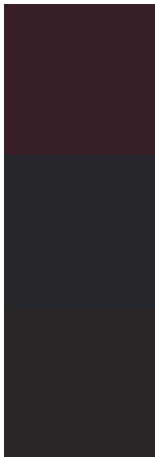


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 14.153, 357.482.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15, 14.153, 357.482

Protanopia

15, 4.249, 285.152

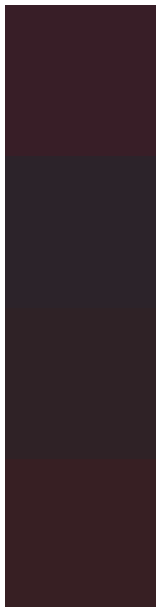
Deuteranopia

15, 2.562, 4.074



Tritanopia
15, 12.510, 16.583

Trichromacy



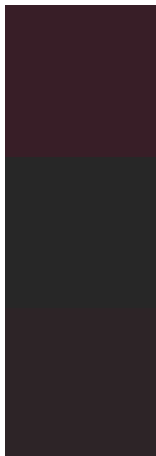
Original Color
15, 14.153, 357.482

Protanomaly
15, 6.572, 332.363

Deuteranomaly
15, 7.031, 357.776

Tritanomaly
15, 12.514, 10.225

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 14.153, 357.482

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 4.905, 355.260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 14.153, 357.482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 30, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 30, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 30, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 30, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 14.153, 357.482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 30, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 30, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 30, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 30, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 30, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 30, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 14.153, 357.482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 30, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 30,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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