

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 15.308, 349.304)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 15.308, 349.304)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 15.649, 348.887)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	381D2A
RGB	56, 29, 42
RGB Percent	22%, 11%, 16%
CMY	0.7793, 0.8853, 0.8343
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.25, 0.78
HSL	331°, 32%, 17%
HSV	331°, 48%, 22%
XYZ	2.5141, 1.9086, 2.4502
YIQ	38.5550, 11.9190, 9.7670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

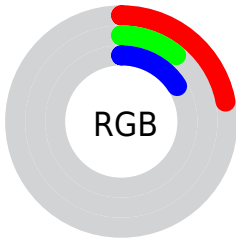
Format	Color
R _Y B	56, 29, 42
Decimal	3677482
CIE Lab	15.00, 15.36, -3.02
CIE LCh	15, 15.649, 348.887
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3658, 0.2777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281867562 (0xFF381D2A)
YUV	38.5550, 1.6984, 15.2993
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 8.3069, -0.8447

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 15.649, 348.887** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 14.834, 160.562**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 15.898, 349.055**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 18.759, 350.120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 12.401, 347.813**.

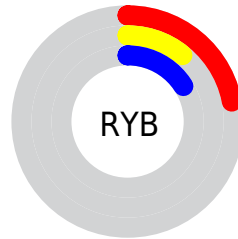
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (11%)

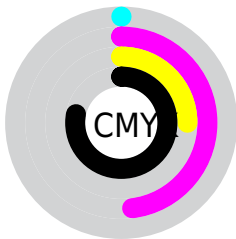
Blue (16%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (16%)

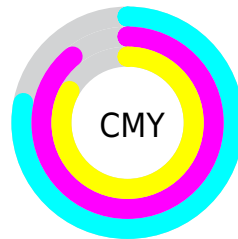


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 15.649, 348.887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 15.649, 348.887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 15.649,
348.887

■ 15, 15.649,
348.887

■ 100, 15.649,
348.887

■ 5, 15.649, 348.887

■ 35, 15.649,
348.887

■ 0, 15.649, 348.887

■ 45, 15.649,
348.887

■ 55, 15.649,
348.887

■ 65, 15.649,
348.887

■ 75, 15.649,
348.887

■ 85, 15.649,

348.887

■ 95, 15.649,
348.887

■ 15, 15.649,
348.887

■ 15, 15.649,
348.887

■ 13, 18.759,
350.120

■ 17, 12.401,
347.813

■ 12, 21.629,
351.559

■ 18, 9.100, 346.859

■ 11, 24.136,
353.271

■ 20, 5.806, 345.996

■ 10, 26.312,
355.200

■ 22, 2.557, 345.185

■ 9, 28.794, 356.783

■ 26, 3.712, 163.935

■ 8, 29.336, 357.047

■ 28, 6.712, 163.309

■ 30, 9.617, 162.738

■ 32, 12.431,
162.207

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 15.649, 348.887



21, 14.834, 160.562

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 15.649, 348.887



15, 15.649, 38.887



15, 15.649, 168.887



15, 15.649, 218.887

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 15.648, 348.888



28, 5.649, 345.725



14, 20.115, 311.658



13, 3.941, 345.793



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 15.648, 348.888



19, 23.473, 350.511



15, 14.201, 24.594



9, 1.762, 345.211



18, 40.293, 0.508



47, 75.404, 4.357

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 15.648, 348.888



19, 23.473, 350.511



21, 10.576, 199.173



9, 1.762, 345.211



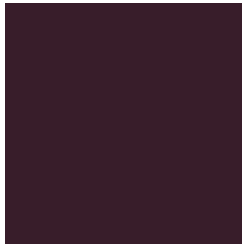
18, 40.293, 0.508



47, 75.404, 4.357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 15.649, 348.887 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

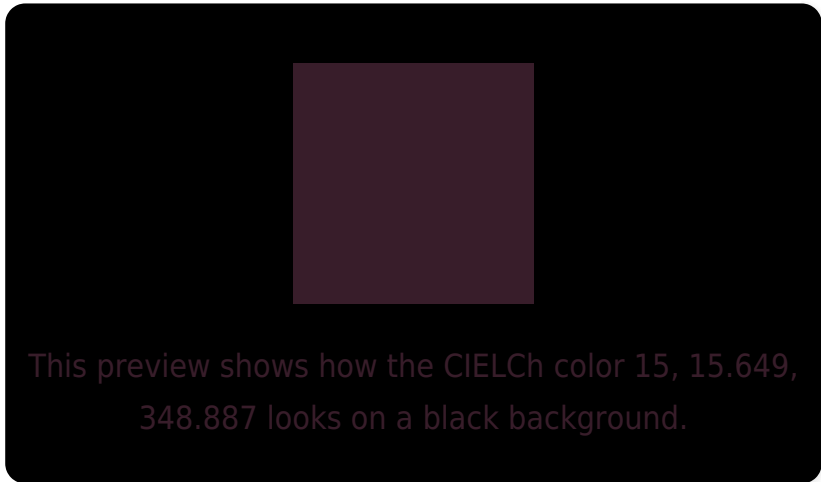
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

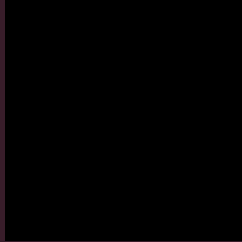
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 15.649, 348.887

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 15.649, 348.887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 15.649, 348.887.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15, 15.649, 348.887

Protanopia

15, 7.084, 284.970

Deuteranopia

15, 3.429, 324.840



Tritanopia
15, 12.510, 16.583

Trichromacy



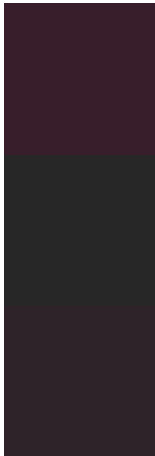
Original Color
15, 15.649, 348.887

Protanomaly
15, 8.647, 317.419

Deuteranomaly
15, 7.995, 343.567

Tritanomaly
15, 13.212, 4.967

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 15.649, 348.887

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 6.018, 345.204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 15.649, 348.887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 29, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 29, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 29, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 29, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 15.649, 348.887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 29, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 29, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 29, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 29, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 29, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 29, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 15.649, 348.887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 29, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 29,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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