

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 16.548, 114.757)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 16.548, 114.757)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 16.890, 115.115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23280F
RGB	35, 40, 15
RGB Percent	14%, 16%, 6%
CMY	0.8628, 0.8432, 0.9412
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.63, 0.84
HSL	72°, 45%, 11%
HSV	72°, 63%, 16%
XYZ	1.5375, 1.9086, 0.7389
YIQ	35.6550, 5.0450, -8.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

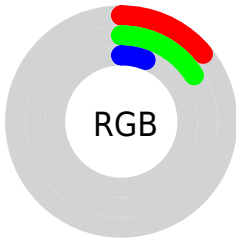
Format	Color
RYB	15, 40, 20
Decimal	2304015
CIELab	15.00, -7.17, 15.29
CIELCh	15, 16.890, 115.115
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3674, 0.4561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280494095 (0xFF23280F)
YUV	35.6550, -10.1829, -0.5744
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -4.3115, 6.4995

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 16.890, 115.115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **6, 18.509, 300.684**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 16.742, 115.379**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 18.841, 115.338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 14.552, 115.212**.

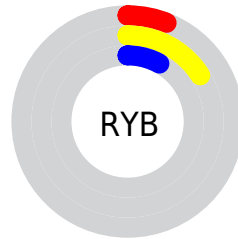
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (16%)

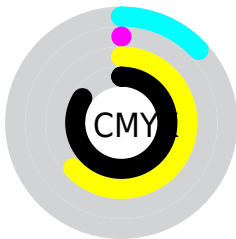
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (8%)

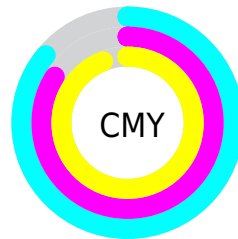


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (86%)


Magenta (84%)


Yellow (94%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 16.890, 115.115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 16.890, 115.115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15, 16.890,
115.115


 15, 16.890,
115.115


 100, 16.890,
115.115


 5, 16.890, 115.115


 35, 16.890,
115.115

 0, 16.890, 115.115

 45, 16.890,
115.115


 55, 16.890,
115.115


 65, 16.890,
115.115


 75, 16.890,
115.115


 85, 16.890,


115.115


 95, 16.890,
115.115


 15, 16.890,
115.115


 15, 16.890,
115.115

 15, 18.841,
115.338


 15, 14.552,
115.212

 15, 20.527,
115.708

 15, 11.885,
115.699

 15, 22.213,
116.064

 15, 9.137, 116.237

 15, 23.480,
116.320

 16, 6.348, 116.784

 16, 3.534, 117.328

 16, 0.709, 117.867

■ 16, 2.120, 298.380

■ 17, 4.944, 298.882

■ 17, 7.758, 299.364

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 16.890, 115.115



6, 18.509, 300.684

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 16.890, 115.115



15, 16.890, 165.115



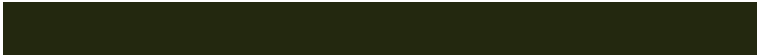
15, 16.890, 295.115



15, 16.890, 345.115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 16.891, 115.117



21, 6.585, 116.914



9, 11.882, 36.244



9, 4.246, 117.999



63, 0.008, 296.813



9, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 16.891, 115.117



20, 24.456, 114.181



14, 19.134, 133.918



6, 1.317, 118.259



33, 44.242, 113.845



79, 86.449, 114.805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 18.509, 300.684



6, 28.388, 303.425



7, 19.991, 317.697



6, 1.319, 297.728



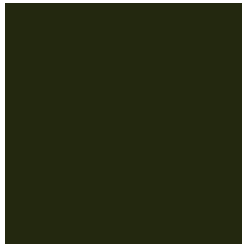
7, 58.099, 307.735



27, 114.620, 307.198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 16.890, 115.115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

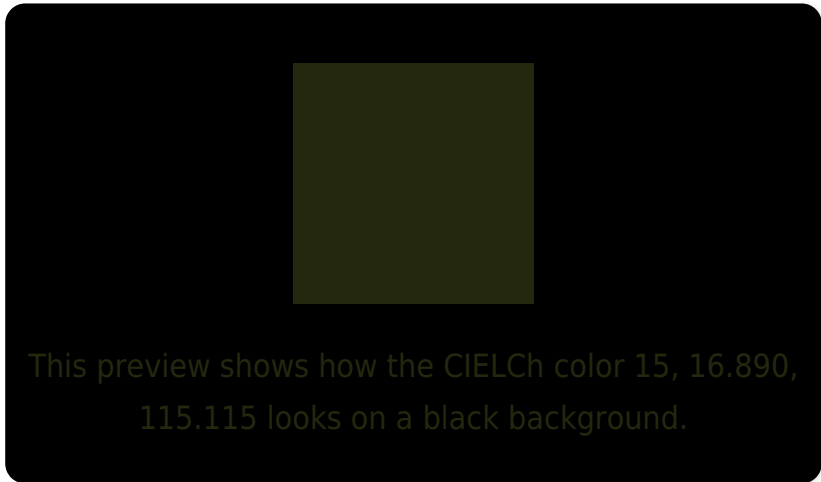
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

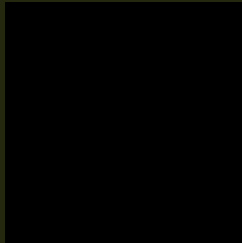
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

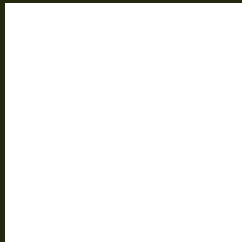
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 16.890, 115.115

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 16.890, 115.115.

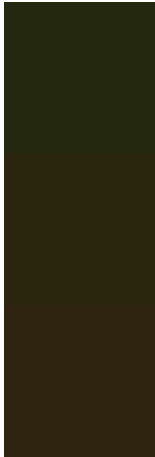


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 16.890, 115.115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

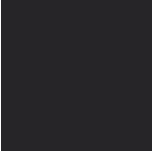
15, 16.890, 115.115

Protanopia

15, 16.114, 97.861

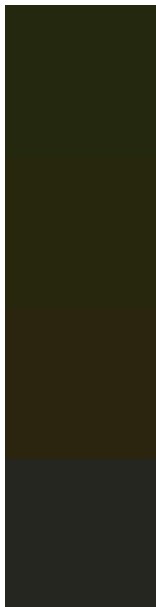
Deuteranopia

15, 15.126, 81.952



Tritanopia
15, 2.185, 303.364

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 16.890, 115.115

Protanomaly
15, 16.549, 105.804

Deuteranomaly
15, 14.692, 92.921

Tritanomaly
15, 4.948, 114.702

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 16.890, 115.115

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 6.363, 113.041

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 16.890, 115.115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 40, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 40, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 40, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 40, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 16.890, 115.115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 40, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 40, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 40, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 40, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 40, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 40, 15)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 16.890, 115.115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 40, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 40,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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