

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 17.662, 335.958)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 17.662, 335.958)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 17.662, 335.958)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	371D30
RGB	55, 29, 48
RGB Percent	22%, 11%, 19%
CMY	0.7841, 0.8861, 0.8116
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.13, 0.78
HSL	316°, 31%, 16%
HSV	316°, 47%, 22%
XYZ	2.5535, 1.9086, 3.0355
YIQ	38.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

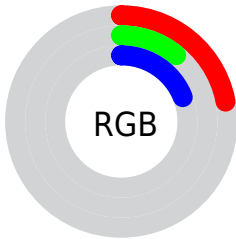
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 29, 48
Decimal	3611952
CIE Lab	15.00, 16.13, -7.20
CIE LCh	15, 17.662, 335.958
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3406, 0.2546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281802032 (0xFF371D30)
YUV	38.9400, 4.4666, 14.0846
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 8.8160, -3.3568

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 17.662, 335.958** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 17.521, 149.625**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 18.078, 336.243**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 21.125, 336.669**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 14.006, 335.287**.

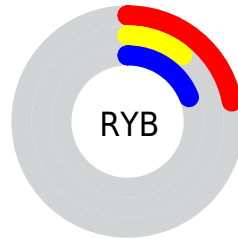
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (11%)

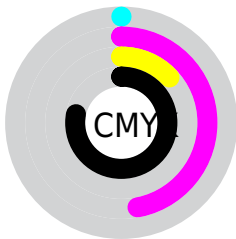
Blue (19%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (19%)

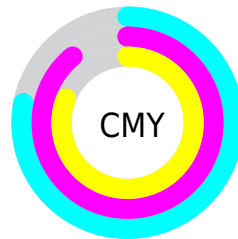


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 17.662, 335.958 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 17.662, 335.958 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 17.662,
335.958

■ 15, 17.662,
335.958

■ 100, 17.662,
335.958

■ 5, 17.662, 335.958

■ 35, 17.662,
335.958

■ 0, 17.662, 335.958

■ 45, 17.662,
335.958


■ 55, 17.662,
335.958


■ 65, 17.662,
335.958


■ 75, 17.662,
335.958

■ 85, 17.662,


335.958


 95, 17.662,
335.958


 15, 17.662,
335.958


 15, 17.662,
335.958

 14, 21.125,
336.669


 17, 14.006,
335.287

 12, 24.285,
337.430

 18, 10.252,
334.648

 11, 27.013,
338.257

 20, 6.466, 334.035

 10, 29.317,
339.139

 22, 2.698, 333.429

 24, 1.018, 153.057

 9, 31.843, 339.909

 25, 4.662, 152.428

■ 9, 32.606, 340.099

■ 27, 8.221, 151.914

■ 29, 11.689,
151.431

■ 31, 15.064,
150.974

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 17.662, 335.958



21, 17.521, 149.625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 17.662, 335.958



15, 17.662, 25.958



15, 17.662, 155.958



15, 17.662, 205.958

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 17.661, 335.958



27, 6.520, 333.882



13, 18.971, 303.652



12, 4.413, 333.920



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 17.661, 335.958



19, 26.031, 336.857



14, 13.748, 5.728



9, 2.100, 333.499



19, 45.208, 341.449



49, 83.881, 342.893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 17.661, 335.958



19, 26.031, 336.857



21, 11.791, 176.750



9, 2.100, 333.499



19, 45.208, 341.449



49, 83.881, 342.893

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 17.662, 335.958 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

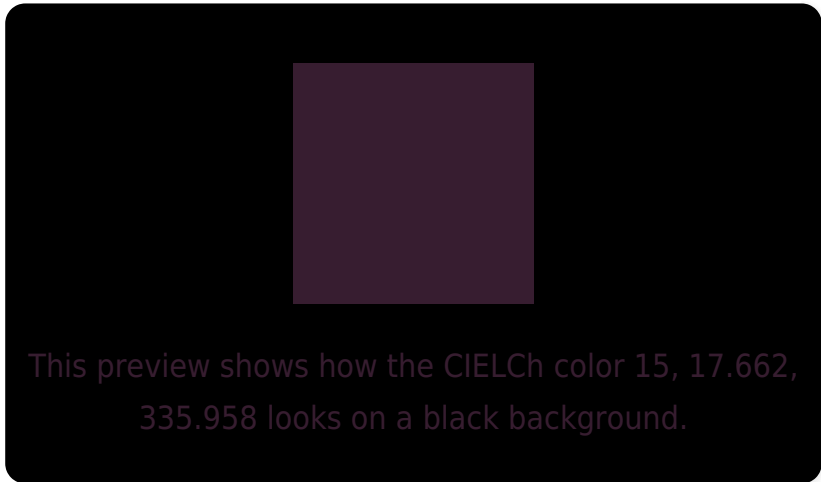
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

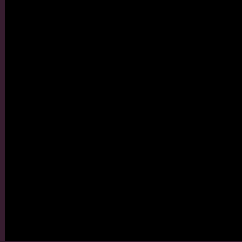
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 17.662, 335.958

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 17.662, 335.958.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 17.662, 335.958.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15, 17.662, 335.958

Protanopia

15, 11.386, 282.921

Deuteranopia

15, 7.094, 295.710



Tritanopia
15, 11.413, 15.594

Trichromacy



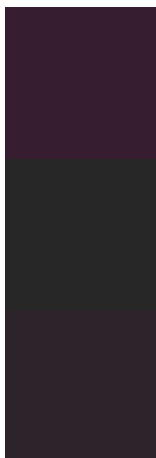
Original Color
15, 17.662, 335.958

Protanomaly
15, 12.356, 305.439

Deuteranomaly
15, 10.313, 318.868

Tritanomaly
15, 12.577, 356.820

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 17.662, 335.958

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 6.895, 335.532

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 17.662, 335.958 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 29, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 29, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 29, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 29, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 17.662, 335.958 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 29, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 29, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 29, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 29, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 29, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 29, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 17.662, 335.958 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 29, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 29,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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