

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 18.775, 167.887)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 18.775, 167.887)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 18.511, 168.303)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012C20
RGB	1, 44, 32
RGB Percent	0%, 17%, 13%
CMY	0.9962, 0.8276, 0.8747
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.27, 0.83
HSL	163°, 96%, 9%
HSV	163°, 98%, 17%
XYZ	1.1714, 1.9086, 1.6704
YIQ	29.7750, -21.7760, -12.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

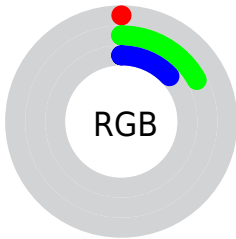
Format	Color
R_YB	1, 26, 44
Decimal	76832
CIE Lab	15.00, -18.13, 3.75
CIE LCh	15, 18.511, 168.303
Yxy	1.9086, 0.2466, 0.4018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278266912 (0xFF012C20)
YUV	29.7750, 1.0969, -25.2357
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -9.0412, 2.5018

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 18.511, 168.303** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **5, 22.242, 7.505**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 18.517, 168.747**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 18.869, 168.140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 16.925, 169.157**.

Distribution



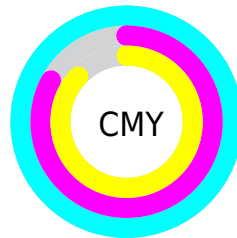
- Red (0%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (83%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (87%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 18.511, 168.303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 18.511, 168.303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15, 18.511,
168.303


 15, 18.511,
168.303


 100, 18.511,
168.303


 5, 18.511, 168.303


 35, 18.511,
168.303

 0, 18.511, 168.303

 45, 18.511,
168.303


 55, 18.511,
168.303


 65, 18.511,
168.303


 75, 18.511,
168.303


 85, 18.511,


168.303


 95, 18.511,
168.303


 15, 18.511,
168.303

 15, 18.511,
168.303


 15, 18.869,
168.140

 15, 16.925,
169.157

 15, 15.407,
170.236

 16, 13.847,
171.414

 16, 12.118,
172.496

 16, 10.243,
173.495

■ 16, 8.244, 174.425

■ 17, 6.147, 175.297

■ 17, 3.977, 176.126

■ 18, 1.755, 176.949

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 18.511, 168.303



5, 22.242, 7.505

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 18.511, 168.303



15, 18.511, 218.303



15, 18.511, 348.303



15, 18.511, 38.303

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 18.511, 168.302



22, 7.851, 175.058



15, 29.578, 135.142



9, 5.246, 175.043



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

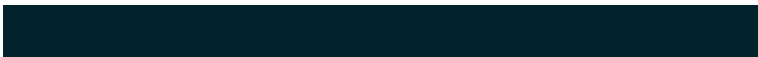
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 18.511, 168.302



20, 22.326, 166.968



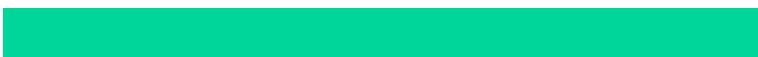
12, 12.553, 230.279



7, 1.210, 176.882



32, 30.533, 165.329



76, 60.519, 163.335

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5, 22.242, 7.505



8, 28.812, 11.528



7, 19.287, 31.962



7, 1.201, 357.982



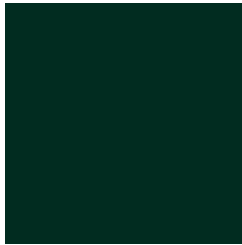
16, 39.400, 18.137



45, 77.987, 23.594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 18.511, 168.303 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

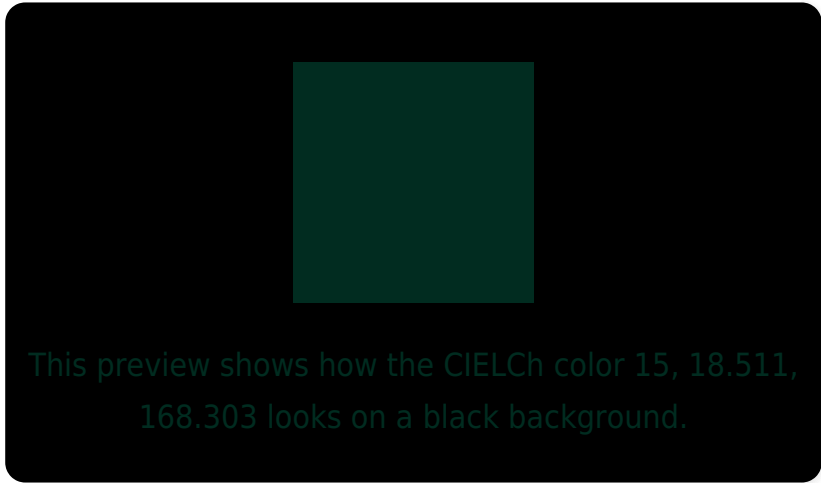
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

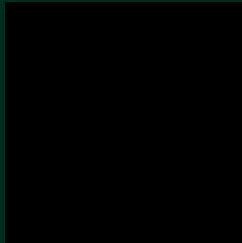
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 18.511, 168.303

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 18.511, 168.303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 18.511, 168.303.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
15, 18.511, 168.303

Protanopia
15, 6.503, 94.422

Deuteranopia
15, 4.159, 50.366



Tritanopia
15, 10.726, 212.728

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 18.511, 168.303

Protanomaly
15, 9.853, 151.541

Deuteranomaly
15, 7.645, 157.428

Tritanomaly
15, 12.809, 190.292

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 18.511, 168.303

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 7.972, 176.086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 18.511, 168.303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 44, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 44, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 44, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 44, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 18.511, 168.303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 44, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 44, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 44, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 44, 32); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 44, 32); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 44, 32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 18.511, 168.303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 44, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 44,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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