

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 22.032, 158.721)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 22.032, 158.721)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 21.596, 159.278)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002C1A
RGB	0, 44, 26
RGB Percent	0%, 17%, 10%
CMY	0.9988, 0.8259, 0.8966
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.41, 0.83
HSL	155°, 99%, 9%
HSV	155°, 99%, 17%
XYZ	1.1095, 1.9086, 1.3082
YIQ	28.7920, -20.4460, -14.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

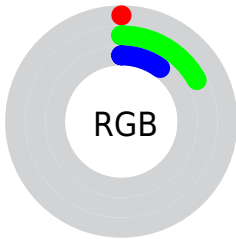
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 44
Decimal	11290
CIELab	15.00, -20.20, 7.64
CIELCh	15, 21.596, 159.278
Yxy	1.9086, 0.2565, 0.4412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278201370 (0xFF002C1A)
YUV	28.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -9.8414, 4.0564

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 21.596, 159.278** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **5, 23.321, 0.293**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 21.587, 159.312**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 21.731, 159.228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 19.674, 160.123**.

Distribution



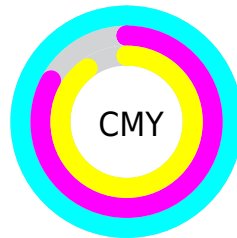
- Red (0%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (83%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 21.596, 159.278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 21.596, 159.278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15, 21.596,
159.278


 15, 21.596,
159.278


 100, 21.596,
159.278


 5, 21.596, 159.278


 35, 21.596,
159.278

 0, 21.596, 159.278

 45, 21.596,
159.278


 55, 21.596,
159.278


 65, 21.596,
159.278


 75, 21.596,
159.278


 85, 21.596,


159.278


 95, 21.596,
159.278


 15, 21.596,
159.278


 15, 21.596,
159.278


 15, 21.731,
159.228

 15, 19.674,
160.123

 15, 17.820,
161.235

 16, 15.955,
162.519

 16, 13.931,
163.691

 16, 11.771,
164.758

■ 16, 9.500, 165.733

■ 17, 7.145, 166.631

■ 17, 4.734, 167.464

■ 18, 2.288, 168.262

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 21.596, 159.278



5, 23.321, 0.293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 21.596, 159.278



15, 21.596, 209.278



15, 21.596, 339.278



15, 21.596, 29.278

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 21.596, 159.278



23, 9.231, 166.409



15, 29.003, 131.473



10, 6.369, 166.354



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 21.596, 159.278



21, 26.545, 157.746



14, 13.476, 207.986



7, 1.309, 168.281



32, 35.458, 156.141



76, 71.003, 153.966

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5, 23.321, 0.293



9, 29.691, 3.248



6, 21.454, 24.191



7, 1.294, 349.450



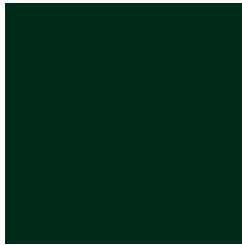
16, 38.471, 6.544



46, 74.312, 11.352

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 21.596, 159.278 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

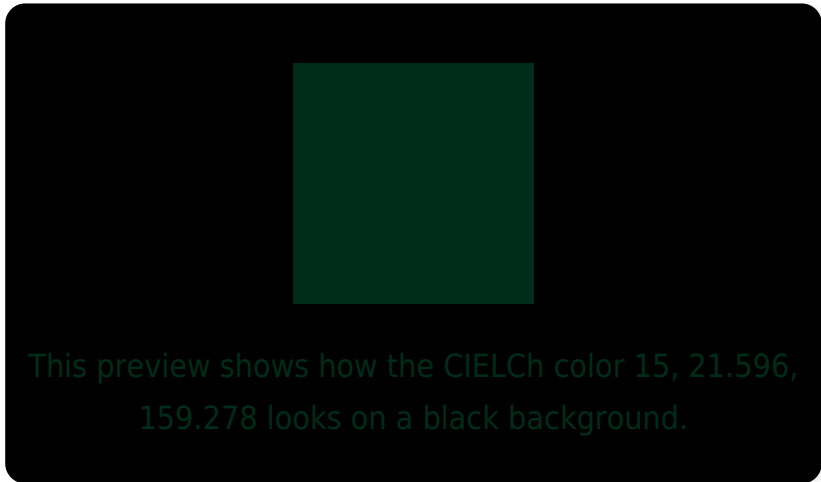
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

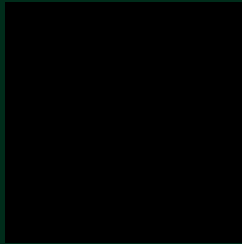
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 21.596, 159.278

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 21.596, 159.278.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 21.596, 159.278.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[15, 21.596, 159.278](#)

Protanopia
[15, 10.014, 94.933](#)

Deuteranopia
[15, 7.671, 74.610](#)



Tritanopia
15, 10.216, 213.611

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 21.596, 159.278

Protanomaly
15, 12.412, 139.068

Deuteranomaly
15, 10.692, 138.782

Tritanomaly
15, 13.109, 184.058

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 21.596, 159.278

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 9.190, 163.728

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 21.596, 159.278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 44, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 44, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 44, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 44, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 21.596, 159.278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 44, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 44, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 44, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 44, 26); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 44, 26); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 44, 26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 21.596, 159.278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 44, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 44,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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