

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 28.077, 356.082)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(15, 28.077, 356.082)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(15, 28.067, 356.157)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	471129
RGB	71, 17, 41
RGB Percent	28%, 7%, 16%
CMY	0.7211, 0.9329, 0.8389
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.42, 0.72
HSL	333°, 61%, 17%
HSV	333°, 76%, 28%
XYZ	3.2103, 1.9086, 2.3054
YIQ	35.8820, 24.4800, 18.9120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

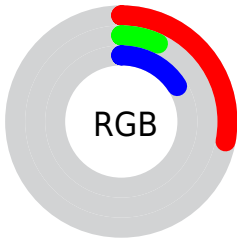
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">71, 17, 41</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4657449</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">15.00, 28.00, -1.88</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">15, 28.067, 356.157</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.9086, 0.4324, 0.2571</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282847529 (0xFF471129)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">35.8820, 2.5232, 30.7985</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.8151, 17.3030, -0.2232</a>




# Details

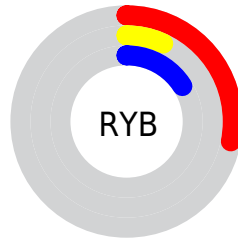
The CIELCh color **15, 28.067, 356.157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **26, 25.914, 158.608**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 28.006, 356.166**, and **1, 4.364, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 30.473, 358.584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 25.057, 354.184**.

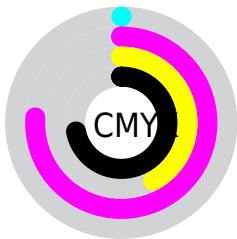
# Distribution







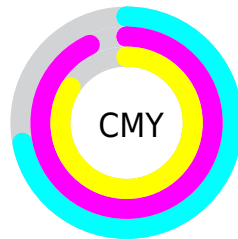
-  Red (28%)
-  Green (7%)
-  Blue (16%)






-  Red (28%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Blue (16%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (76%)
-  Yellow (42%)
-  Black (72%)




-  Cyan (72%)
-  Magenta (93%)
-  Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 28.067, 356.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 28.067, 356.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 15, 28.067,  
356.157


 15, 28.067,  
356.157


 100, 28.067,  
356.157


 5, 28.067, 356.157


 35, 28.067,  
356.157

 0, 28.067, 356.157

 45, 28.067,  
356.157

 55, 28.067,  
356.157


 65, 28.067,  
356.157


 75, 28.067,  
356.157


 85, 28.067,


356.157

 95, 28.067,  
356.157


 15, 28.067,  
356.157

 15, 28.067,  
356.157


 14, 30.473,  
358.584


 16, 25.057,  
354.184


 13, 32.732, 1.066

 18, 21.603,  
352.551

 12, 33.760, 1.956

 20, 17.859,  
351.175

 22, 13.962,  
349.991

 24, 10.015,  
348.953

■ 27, 6.093, 348.022

■ 29, 2.243, 347.140

■ 31, 1.506, 166.617

■ 34, 5.140, 165.836

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 28.067, 356.157



26, 25.914, 158.608

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 28.067, 356.157



15, 28.067, 46.157



15, 28.067, 176.157



15, 28.067, 226.157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 28.065, 356.158



33, 10.957, 348.754



12, 38.455, 313.784



14, 7.485, 348.927



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 28.065, 356.158



19, 38.086, 1.096



15, 28.558, 31.612



13, 2.118, 347.380



19, 42.361, 4.310



49, 77.334, 8.098



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 28.065, 356.158



19, 38.086, 1.096



26, 16.735, 202.990



13, 2.118, 347.380



19, 42.361, 4.310

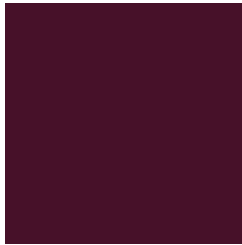


49, 77.334, 8.098



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 28.067, 356.157 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

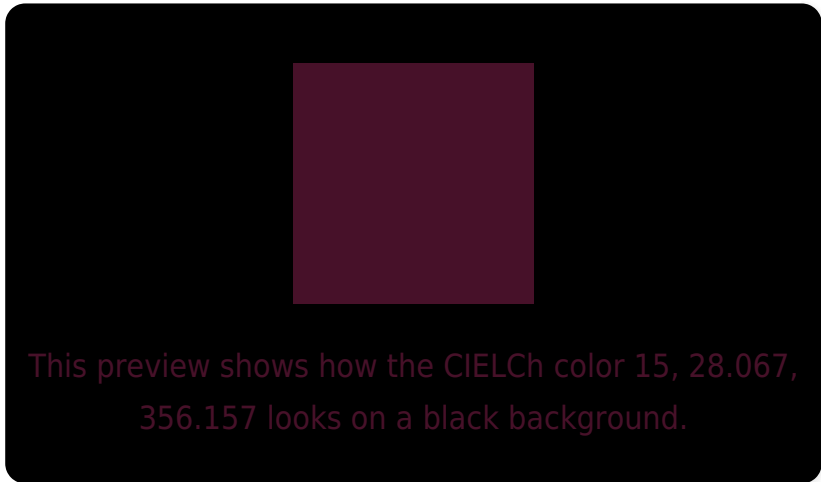
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

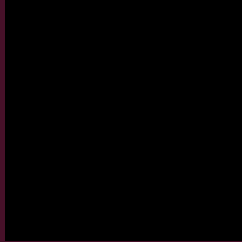
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 15, 28.067, 356.157**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 28.067, 356.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 28.067, 356.157.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15, 28.067, 356.157

### Protanopia

16, 11.294, 284.805

### Deuteranopia

16, 2.972, 20.056





**Tritanopia**  
15, 25.817, 26.316

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 28.067, 356.157

**Protanomaly**  
15, 15.424, 323.077

**Deuteranomaly**  
15, 13.285, 355.207

**Tritanomaly**  
15, 25.599, 13.747

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 28.067, 356.157

**Achromatopsia**  
14, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
14, 11.648, 349.859

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 28.067, 356.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 17, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 17, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 17, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 17, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 28.067, 356.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 17, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 17, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 17, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 17, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 17, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 17, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 28.067, 356.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 17, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 17,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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