

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 32.825, 358.811)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(15, 32.825, 358.811)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(15, 32.973, 358.611)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4D0928
RGB	77, 9, 40
RGB Percent	30%, 4%, 16%
CMY	0.6990, 0.9658, 0.8439
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.48, 0.70
HSL	333°, 80%, 17%
HSV	333°, 89%, 30%
XYZ	3.5150, 1.9086, 2.1728
YIQ	32.8660, 30.5770, 24.0570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

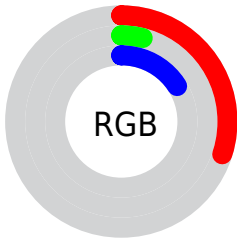
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	77, 9, 40
Decimal	5048616
CIE Lab	15.00, 32.96, -0.80
CIE LCh	15, 32.973, 358.611
Yxy	1.9086, 0.4627, 0.2512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283238696 (0xFF4D0928)
YUV	32.8660, 3.5171, 38.7055
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 21.2397, 0.3459

# Details

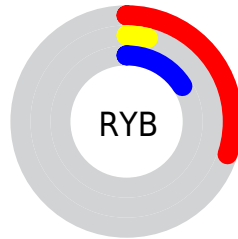
The CIELCh color **15, 32.973, 358.611** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **28, 31.223, 155.591**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 32.666, 358.454**, and **2, 8.359, 16.640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 35.236, 1.129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 30.683, 356.045**.

# Distribution



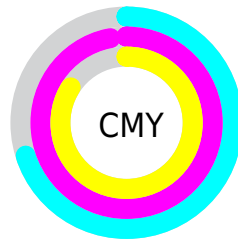
- Red (30%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (70%)




- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 32.973, 358.611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 32.973, 358.611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 15, 32.973,  
358.611


 15, 32.973,  
358.611


 100, 32.973,  
358.611


 5, 32.973, 358.611


 35, 32.973,  
358.611

 0, 32.973, 358.611

 45, 32.973,  
358.611


 55, 32.973,  
358.611


 65, 32.973,  
358.611


 75, 32.973,  
358.611

 85, 32.973,


358.611

 95, 32.973,  
358.611


 15, 32.973,  
358.611

 15, 32.973,  
358.611


 14, 35.236, 1.129


 16, 30.683,  
356.045

 14, 35.573, 1.441

 18, 27.701,  
353.954

 19, 24.165,  
352.236

 21, 20.253,  
350.798

 23, 16.122,  
349.567

■ 26, 11.900,  
348.493

■ 28, 7.679, 347.537

■ 31, 3.519, 346.655

■ 33, 0.541, 166.338

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 32.973, 358.611



28, 31.223, 155.591

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 32.973, 358.611



15, 32.973, 48.611



15, 32.973, 178.611



15, 32.973, 228.611

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 32.971, 358.612



34, 13.894, 348.427



11, 46.398, 313.446



16, 9.450, 348.599



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 32.971, 358.612



20, 42.411, 3.160



15, 35.384, 32.238



14, 2.266, 346.656



20, 43.164, 3.312



49, 77.959, 6.881



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 32.971, 358.612



20, 42.411, 3.160



28, 19.251, 201.042



14, 2.266, 346.656



20, 43.164, 3.312

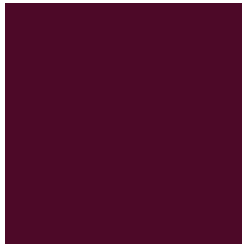


49, 77.959, 6.881



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 32.973, 358.611 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

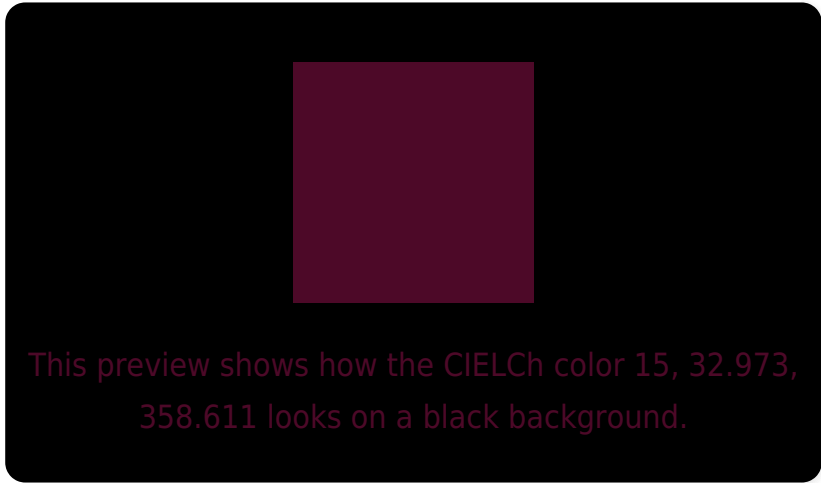
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

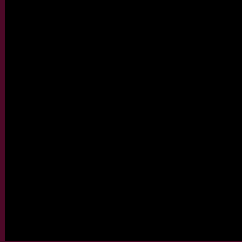
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 15, 32.973, 358.611**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 32.973, 358.611.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 32.973, 358.611.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15, 32.973, 358.611

### Protanopia

16, 11.254, 284.726

### Deuteranopia

16, 3.785, 41.609





**Tritanopia**  
15, 31.638, 29.036

# Trichromacy



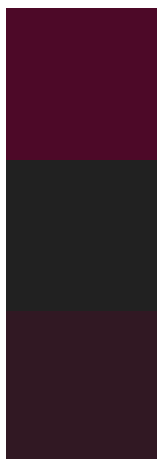
**Original Color**  
15, 32.973, 358.611

**Protanomaly**  
14, 17.677, 327.682

**Deuteranomaly**  
15, 15.748, 358.230

**Tritanomaly**  
15, 30.971, 17.712

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 32.973, 358.611

**Achromatopsia**  
13, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
12, 14.479, 351.638

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 32.973, 358.611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 9, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 9, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 9, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 9, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 32.973, 358.611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 9, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 9, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 9, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 9, 40); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 9, 40); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 9, 40) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 32.973, 358.611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 9, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 9,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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