

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 47.076, 128.603)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(15, 47.076, 128.603)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(15, 33.785, 140.203)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	002D00
RGB	0, 45, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8217, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.82
HSL	120°, 100%, 9%
HSV	120°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	0.9489, 1.9086, 0.2962
YIQ	26.4150, -12.3750, -23.5350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 45, 45
Decimal	11520
CIELab	15.00, -25.96, 21.62
CIELCh	15, 33.785, 140.203
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3009, 0.6052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278201600 (0xFF002D00)
YUV	26.4150, -13.0226, -23.1660
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -11.9159, 8.3992

# Details

The CIELCh color **15, 33.785, 140.203** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7, 34.293, 328.156**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 33.289, 140.404**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 33.454, 140.379**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 30.860, 140.127**.

# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (18%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 33.785, 140.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 33.785, 140.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15, 33.785,  
140.203

■ 15, 33.785,  
140.203

■ 100, 33.785,  
140.203

■ 5, 33.785, 140.203

■ 35, 33.785,  
140.203

■ 0, 33.785, 140.203

■ 45, 33.785,  
140.203


■ 55, 33.785,  
140.203


■ 65, 33.785,  
140.203


■ 75, 33.785,  
140.203


■ 85, 33.785,


140.203


 95, 33.785,  
140.203


 15, 33.785,  
140.203


 15, 33.785,  
140.203


 15, 33.454,  
140.379

 15, 30.860,  
140.127

 15, 28.372,  
140.020

 16, 25.776,  
140.089

 16, 22.654,  
140.500

 16, 19.104,  
141.331

■ 17, 15.382,  
142.114

■ 17, 11.561,  
142.815

■ 18, 7.696, 143.437

■ 18, 3.830, 143.992

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 33.785, 140.203



7, 34.293, 328.156

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 33.785, 140.203



15, 33.785, 190.203



15, 33.785, 320.203



15, 33.785, 10.203

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 33.454, 140.379



23, 14.330, 142.703



18, 26.246, 104.215



10, 9.821, 143.193



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 33.454, 140.379



20, 41.094, 137.398



15, 24.161, 154.086



7, 1.973, 144.470



31, 54.583, 136.016



75, 105.011, 136.016



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 34.293, 328.156



11, 40.561, 328.233



6, 24.813, 354.484



7, 1.977, 324.412



19, 52.664, 328.233



51, 101.319, 328.233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 33.785, 140.203 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

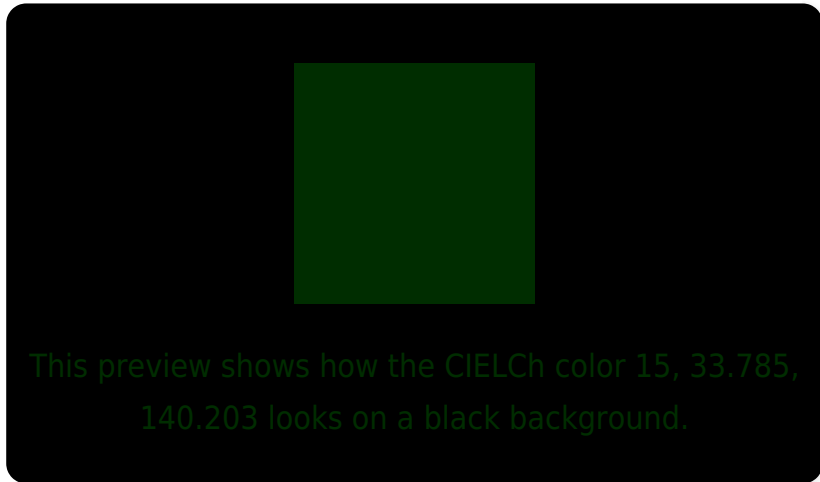
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

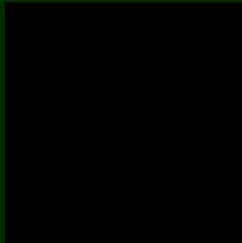
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 15, 33.785, 140.203**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 33.785, 140.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 33.785, 140.203.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 33.177, 140.530

**Protanopia**  
15, 22.629, 97.693

**Deuteranopia**  
15, 18.660, 83.940





**Tritanopia**  
15, 9.384, 215.242

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 33.177, 140.530

**Protanomaly**  
15, 24.800, 121.948

**Deuteranomaly**  
15, 21.225, 118.969

**Tritanomaly**  
15, 16.704, 159.786

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
15, 33.177, 140.530

**Achromatopsia**  
10, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
11, 14.772, 142.550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 33.785, 140.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 45, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 45, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 45, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 45, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 33.785, 140.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 45, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 45, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 45, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 45, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 33.785, 140.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 45, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 45,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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