

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 51.063, 339.928)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 51.063, 339.928)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 43.334, 341.184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56003F
RGB	86, 0, 63
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.6644, 1.0000, 0.7544
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.27, 0.66
HSL	316°, 100%, 17%
HSV	316°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.6798, 2.3023, 4.8452
YIQ	32.8960, 31.0330, 37.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

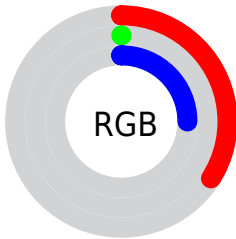
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 0, 63
Decimal	5636159
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 41.02, -13.98
CIE _{LCh}	17, 43.334, 341.184
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3957, 0.1947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283826239 (0xFF56003F)
YUV	32.8960, 14.8413, 46.5722
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 28.4997, -8.3112

Details

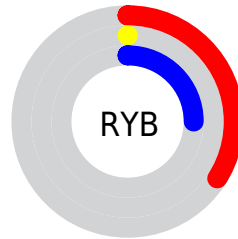
The CIELCh color **17, 43.334, 341.184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **31, 47.084, 141.886**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 43.270, 341.110**, and **4, 20.001, 351.832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 43.170, 341.219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 41.137, 340.124**.

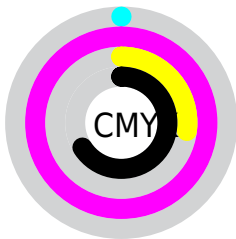
Distribution



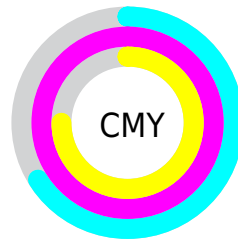
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 43.334,
341.184


 17, 43.334,
341.184


 100, 43.334,
341.184


 7, 43.334, 341.184

 37, 43.334,
341.184

 0, 43.334, 341.184

 47, 43.334,
341.184

 57, 43.334,
341.184


 67, 43.334,
341.184


 77, 43.334,
341.184


 87, 43.334,


341.184


 97, 43.334,
341.184


 17, 43.334,
341.184


 17, 43.334,
341.184


 17, 43.170,
341.219

 18, 41.137,
340.124

 19, 38.883,
339.021

 21, 35.628,
338.051

 22, 31.534,
337.179

 24, 26.819,
336.379

■ 26, 21.693,
335.631

■ 29, 16.331,
334.926

■ 31, 10.869,
334.254

■ 34, 5.405, 333.603

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 43.334, 341.184



31, 47.084, 141.886

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 43.334, 341.184



17, 43.334, 31.184



17, 43.334, 161.184



17, 43.334, 211.184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 43.170, 341.219



38, 20.420, 334.997



8, 58.395, 308.612



17, 13.773, 335.170



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 43.170, 341.219



24, 51.869, 341.798



16, 39.739, 21.785



16, 3.055, 333.524



23, 50.233, 341.706



52, 88.256, 342.888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 43.170, 341.219



24, 51.869, 341.798



32, 28.646, 169.286



16, 3.055, 333.524



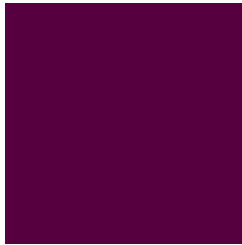
23, 50.233, 341.706



52, 88.256, 342.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

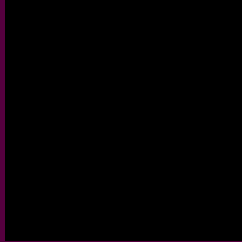
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 43.334, 341.184

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 43.334, 341.184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
17, 43.334, 341.184

Protanopia
19, 30.309, 285.001

Deuteranopia
19, 9.615, 289.991



Tritanopia
18, 30.497, 27.376

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 43.334, 341.184

Protanomaly
15, 35.167, 306.282

Deuteranomaly
16, 24.573, 325.838

Tritanomaly
17, 32.807, 6.217

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 43.334, 341.184

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 21.066, 336.297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 43.334, 341.184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 0, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 0, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 0, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 0, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 43.334, 341.184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 0, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 0, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 0, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 0, 63); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 63); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 43.334, 341.184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 0, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 0,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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