

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 53.385, 326.237)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 53.385, 326.237)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 49.998, 325.992)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B0050
RGB	75, 0, 80
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.7047, 0.9987, 0.6851
CMYK	0.06, 1.00, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	296°, 99%, 16%
HSV	296°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	4.3887, 2.0993, 7.8208
YIQ	31.5450, 19.0200, 40.7800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

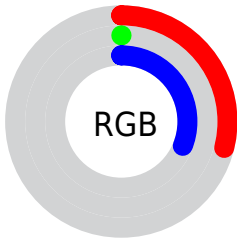
Format	Color
R_YB	75, 0, 80
Decimal	4915280
CIE Lab	16.00, 41.45, -27.96
CIE LCh	16, 49.998, 325.992
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3067, 0.1467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283105360 (0xFF4B0050)
YUV	31.5450, 23.8883, 38.1100
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 28.7112, -21.8608

Details

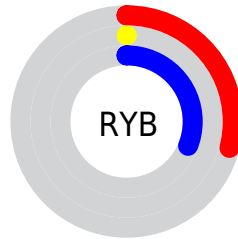
The CIELCh color **16, 49.998, 325.992** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **29, 51.173, 135.391**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 50.192, 326.002**, and **3, 23.501, 316.851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 50.123, 325.997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 47.119, 325.898**.

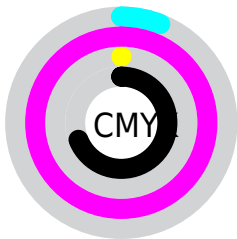
Distribution



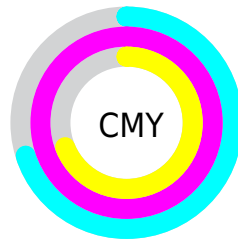
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 49.998, 325.992 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 49.998, 325.992 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 49.998,
325.992


 16, 49.998,
325.992


 100, 49.998,
325.992


 6, 49.998, 325.992


 36, 49.998,
325.992

 0, 49.998, 325.992

 46, 49.998,
325.992


 56, 49.998,
325.992


 66, 49.998,
325.992


 76, 49.998,
325.992


 86, 49.998,

325.992

 96, 49.998,
325.992


 16, 49.998,
325.992


 16, 49.998,
325.992


 16, 50.123,
325.997

 17, 47.119,
325.898

 18, 44.064,
325.795

 19, 40.062,
325.594

 21, 35.262,
325.307

 23, 29.867,
324.953

■ 25, 24.075,
324.548

■ 27, 18.053,
324.111

■ 29, 11.932,
323.652

■ 32, 5.809, 323.180

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 49.998, 325.992



29, 51.173, 135.391

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 49.998, 325.992



16, 49.998, 15.992



16, 49.998, 145.992



16, 49.998, 195.992

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 49.997, 325.992



35, 22.770, 324.177



6, 53.072, 303.818



16, 15.653, 324.286



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 49.997, 325.992



22, 60.202, 325.918



15, 37.743, 352.553



15, 3.433, 323.140



53, 107.995, 325.759

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 39.934, 29.672



20, 50.237, 33.788



29, 39.132, 148.268



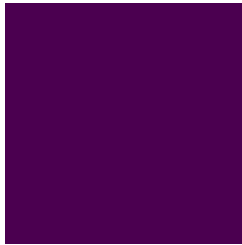
15, 2.024, 14.749



49, 94.897, 38.071

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 49.998, 325.992 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

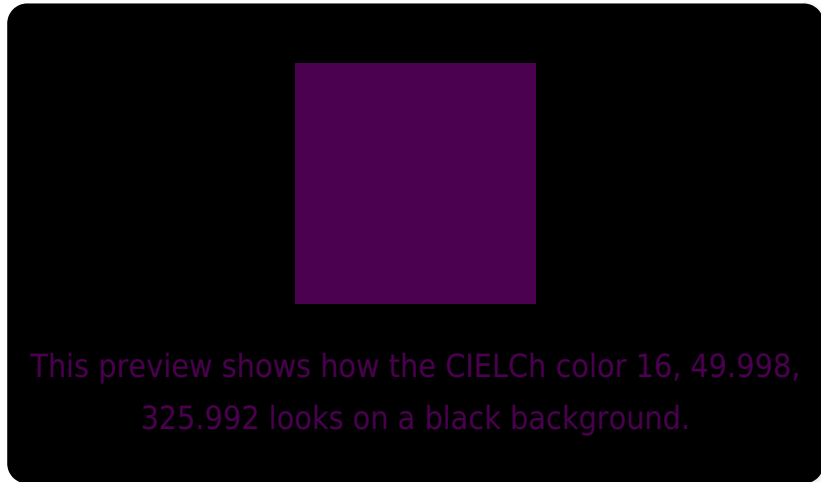
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

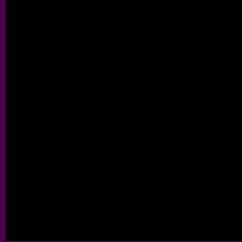
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 49.998, 325.992

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 49.998, 325.992.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 49.998, 325.992.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 49.998, 325.992

Protanopia

17, 33.531, 283.719

Deuteranopia

18, 22.116, 276.502



Tritanopia
18, 19.695, 20.949

Trichromacy



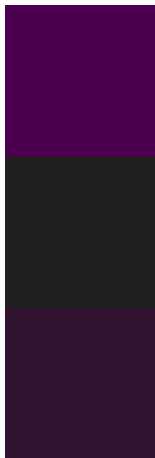
Original Color
16, 49.998, 325.992

Protanomaly
14, 41.446, 300.258

Deuteranomaly
14, 34.618, 304.827

Tritanomaly
16, 29.290, 345.419

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 49.998, 325.992

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 24.096, 325.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 49.998, 325.992 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 0, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 0, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 0, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 49.998, 325.992 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 0, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 0, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 0, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 0, 80); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 80); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 49.998, 325.992 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 0, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 0,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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