

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 59.656, 300.313)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 59.656, 300.313)
contains.

CIELCh(15, 60.127, 300.488)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(15, 60.127, 300.488)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	011971
RGB	1, 25, 113
RGB Percent	0%, 10%, 44%
CMY	0.9941, 0.9013, 0.5561
CMYK	0.99, 0.78, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	227°, 97%, 22%
HSV	227°, 99%, 44%
XYZ	3.3617, 1.9086, 15.8739
YIQ	27.8560, -42.5520, 22.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

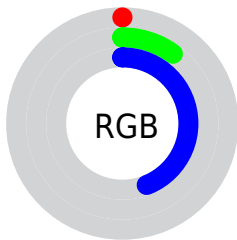
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 21, 113
Decimal	72049
CIE _{Lab}	15.00, 30.51, -51.81
CIE _{LCh}	15, 60.127, 300.488
Yxy	1.9086, 0.1590, 0.0903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278262129 (0xFF011971)
YUV	27.8560, 41.9760, -23.5527
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 19.2593, -58.4548

Details

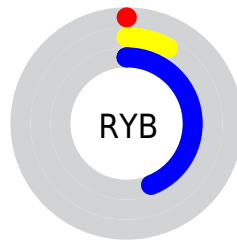
The CIELCh color **15, 60.127, 300.488** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **39, 46.499, 87.797**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 59.964, 300.392**, and **3, 44.330, 301.844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 60.943, 300.789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 53.732, 297.837**.

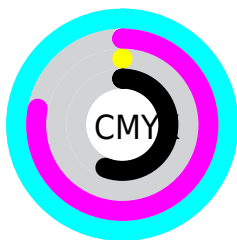
Distribution



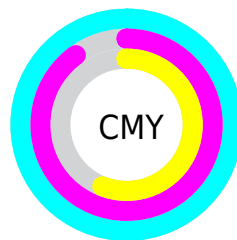
- Red (0%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 60.127,
300.488

■ 15, 60.127,
300.488

■ 100, 60.127,
300.488

■ 5, 60.127, 300.488

■ 35, 60.127,
300.488

■ 0, 60.127, 300.488

■ 45, 60.127,
300.488

■ 55, 60.127,
300.488


■ 65, 60.127,
300.488

■ 75, 60.127,
300.488


■ 85, 60.127,


300.488


 95, 60.127,
300.488


 15, 60.127,
300.488


 15, 60.127,
300.488


 15, 60.943,
300.789

 18, 53.732,
297.837

 21, 47.097,
294.934

 24, 40.488,
292.126

 27, 34.042,
289.541

 31, 27.800,
287.236

■ 34, 21.758,
285.220

■ 38, 15.903,
283.477

■ 41, 10.217,
281.975

■ 45, 4.686, 280.689

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 60.127, 300.488



39, 46.499, 87.797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 60.127, 300.488



15, 60.127, 350.488



15, 60.127, 120.488



15, 60.127, 170.488

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 60.128, 300.489



48, 20.775, 283.825



42, 34.251, 170.306



22, 14.147, 284.375



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 60.128, 300.489



21, 75.753, 301.557



13, 70.393, 308.412



22, 3.017, 280.726



16, 63.850, 300.973



36, 114.677, 302.521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 49.076, 25.319



30, 60.911, 27.482



44, 55.281, 118.408



22, 2.753, 3.077



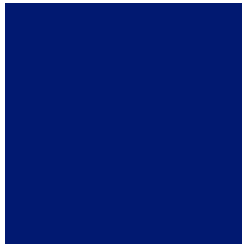
24, 51.819, 26.234



52, 90.961, 29.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

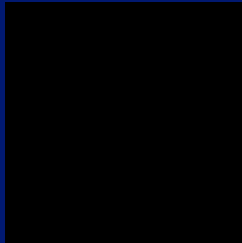
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 60.127, 300.488

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 60.127, 300.488.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15, 60.127, 300.488

Protanopia

15, 29.953, 282.097

Deuteranopia

16, 20.819, 265.514



Tritanopia
15, 14.371, 202.208

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 60.127, 300.488

Protanomaly
15, 41.377, 292.481

Deuteranomaly
15, 34.676, 287.774

Tritanomaly
14, 24.268, 275.723

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 60.127, 300.488

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 23.404, 290.236

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 60.127, 300.488 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 25, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 25, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 25, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 25, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 60.127, 300.488 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 25, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 25, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 25, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 25, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 25, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 25, 113)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 60.127, 300.488 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 25, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 25,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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