

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 6.475, 329.927)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 6.475, 329.927) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 6.572, 332.363)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C232A
RGB	44, 35, 42
RGB Percent	17%, 14%, 16%
CMY	0.8273, 0.8626, 0.8351
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.05, 0.83
HSL	313°, 11%, 16%
HSV	313°, 20%, 17%
XYZ	2.0617, 1.9086, 2.4544
YIQ	38.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

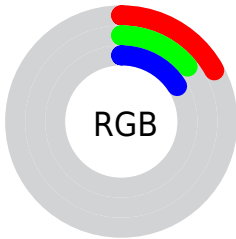
Format	Color
RYB	44, 35, 42
Decimal	2892586
CIELab	15.00, 5.82, -3.05
CIELCh	15, 6.572, 332.363
Yxy	1.9086, 0.3209, 0.2971
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281082666 (0xFF2C232A)
YUV	38.4890, 1.7309, 4.8331
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 2.4614, -0.8628

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 6.572, 332.363** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17, 6.543, 150.185**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 6.876, 333.932**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 9.807, 332.916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 3.339, 331.819**.

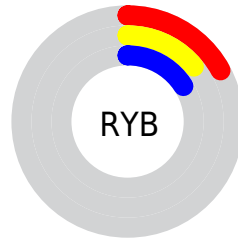
Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (14%)

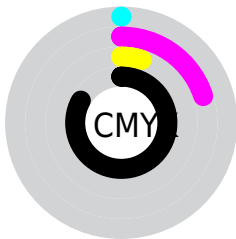
Blue (16%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (16%)

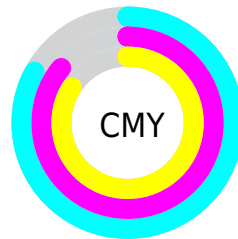


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 6.572, 332.363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 6.572, 332.363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 6.572, 332.363

■ 15, 6.572, 332.363

■ 100, 6.572,
332.363

■ 5, 6.572, 332.363

■ 35, 6.572, 332.363

■ 0, 6.572, 332.363

■ 45, 6.572, 332.363

■ 55, 6.572, 332.363

■ 65, 6.572, 332.363

■ 75, 6.572, 332.363

■ 85, 6.572, 332.363

■ 95, 6.572, 332.363

■ 15, 6.572, 332.363

■ 15, 6.572, 332.363

■ 14, 9.807, 332.916

■ 16, 3.339, 331.819

■ 12, 13.006,
333.485

■ 18, 0.141, 330.553

■ 11, 16.112,
334.072

■ 19, 3.006, 150.889

■ 21, 6.088, 150.399

■ 10, 19.054,
334.681

■ 23, 9.098, 149.941

■ 9, 21.746, 335.316

■ 24, 12.035,
149.506

■ 8, 24.107, 335.977

■ 26, 14.896,
149.092

■ 7, 26.341, 336.549

■ 27, 17.684,
148.697

■ 6, 28.432, 337.003

■ 29, 20.401,
148.321

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 6.572, 332.363



17, 6.543, 150.185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 6.572, 332.363



15, 6.572, 22.363



15, 6.572, 152.363



15, 6.572, 202.363

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 6.571, 332.364



22, 2.350, 331.586



14, 6.489, 299.837



10, 1.518, 331.575



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 6.571, 332.364



19, 9.877, 332.690



15, 4.810, 358.748



7, 1.682, 331.559



18, 44.902, 338.514



48, 85.220, 339.683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 6.571, 332.364



19, 9.877, 332.690



17, 4.573, 175.606



7, 1.682, 331.559



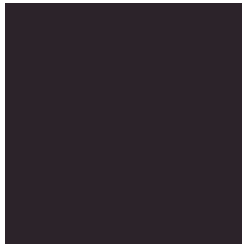
18, 44.902, 338.514



48, 85.220, 339.683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 6.572, 332.363 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

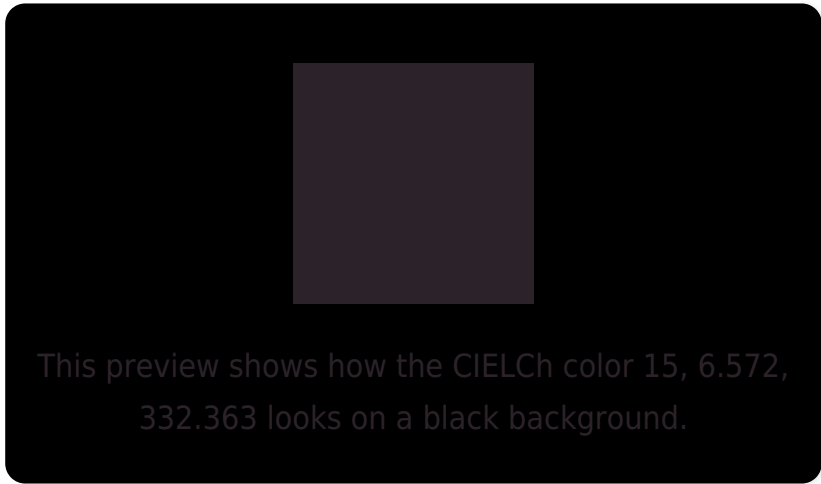
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

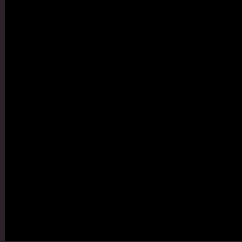
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 6.572, 332.363

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 6.572, 332.363.

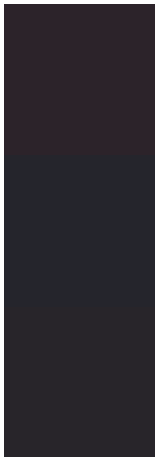


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 6.572, 332.363.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15, 6.572, 332.363

Protanopia

15, 4.955, 291.545

Deuteranopia

15, 3.825, 312.868



Tritanopia
15, 4.200, 0.933

Trichromacy



Original Color

15, 6.572, 332.363

Protanomaly

15, 5.326, 312.077

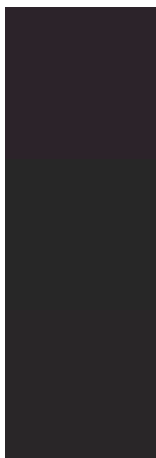
Deuteranomaly

15, 4.887, 320.302

Tritanomaly

15, 4.462, 352.343

Monochromacy



Original Color

15, 6.572, 332.363

Achromatopsia

16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

16, 2.031, 336.013

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 6.572, 332.363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 35, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 35, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 35, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 35, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 6.572, 332.363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 35, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 35, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 35, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 35, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 35, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 35, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 6.572, 332.363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 35, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 35,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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