

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 10.363, 107.358)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 10.363, 107.358)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 10.346, 107.370)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29291A
RGB	41, 41, 26
RGB Percent	16%, 16%, 10%
CMY	0.8406, 0.8406, 0.8993
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.84
HSL	60°, 23%, 13%
HSV	60°, 37%, 16%
XYZ	1.8643, 2.0993, 1.2651
YIQ	39.2900, 4.8150, -4.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

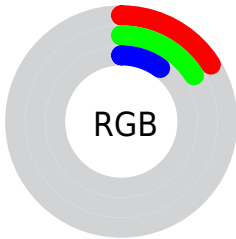
Format	Color
RYB	26, 41, 26
Decimal	2697498
CIELab	16.00, -3.09, 9.87
CIELCh	16, 10.346, 107.370
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3565, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280887578 (0xFF29291A)
YUV	39.2900, -6.5520, 1.4997
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -2.3886, 4.9655

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 10.346, 107.370** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **10, 11.104, 293.763**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 10.464, 108.427**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 13.067, 106.623**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 7.573, 108.138**.

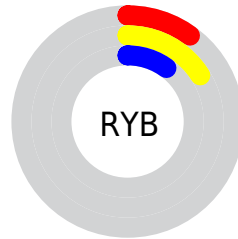
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (16%)

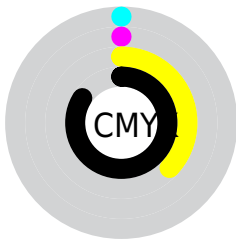
Blue (10%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (10%)

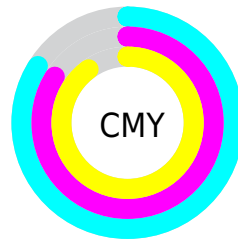


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 10.346, 107.370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 10.346, 107.370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 10.346,
107.370

■ 16, 10.346,
107.370

■ 100, 10.346,
107.370

■ 6, 10.346, 107.370

■ 36, 10.346,
107.370

■ 0, 10.346, 107.370

■ 46, 10.346,
107.370


■ 56, 10.346,
107.370


■ 66, 10.346,
107.370


■ 76, 10.346,
107.370


■ 86, 10.346,

107.370


 96, 10.346,
107.370

 16, 10.346,
107.370

 16, 10.346,
107.370


 16, 13.067,
106.623

 16, 7.573, 108.138


 16, 15.647,
105.956

 16, 4.766, 108.905

 16, 1.940, 109.664


 16, 17.829,
105.551

 16, 0.896, 290.454

 16, 19.608,
105.304

 17, 3.733, 291.176

 17, 6.567, 291.895

 16, 21.246,
105.125

 17, 9.394, 292.593

■ 16, 22.886,
104.982

■ 17, 12.210,
293.267

■ 16, 23.402,
104.944

■ 17, 15.013,
293.915

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 10.346, 107.370



10, 11.104, 293.763

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 10.346, 107.370



16, 10.346, 157.370



16, 10.346, 287.370



16, 10.346, 337.370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 10.347, 107.374



22, 3.930, 109.297



11, 8.058, 21.814



10, 2.675, 109.302



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 10.347, 107.374



22, 15.492, 106.619



15, 11.107, 127.712



6, 1.302, 110.184



35, 43.265, 102.875



82, 84.202, 102.877

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 11.104, 293.763



12, 17.027, 295.064



11, 11.569, 310.486



6, 1.305, 290.201



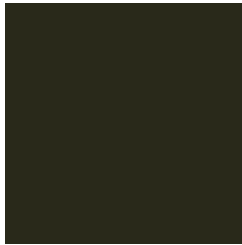
6, 58.802, 305.720



26, 116.266, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 10.346, 107.370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

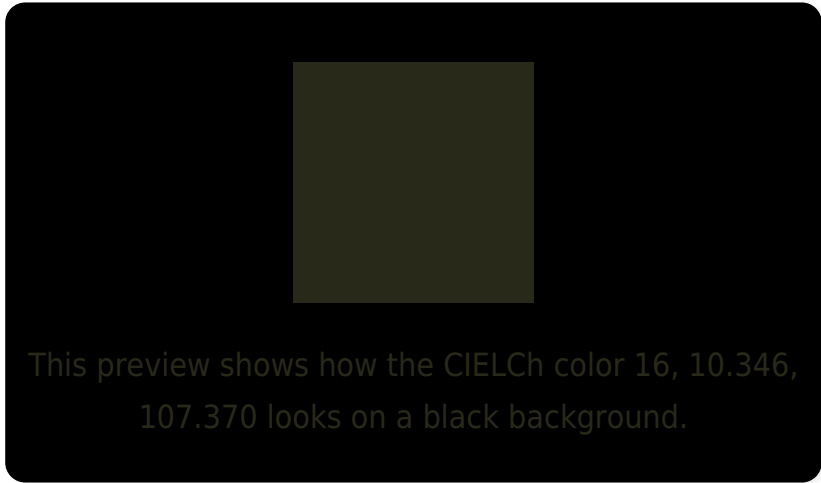
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

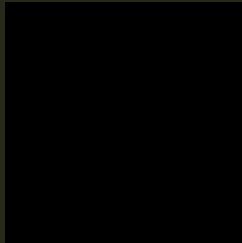
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 10.346, 107.370

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 10.346, 107.370.

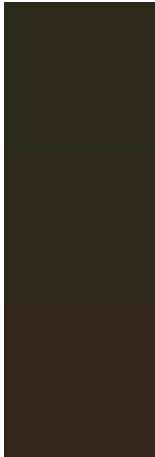


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 10.346, 107.370.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


16, 10.346, 107.370

Protanopia

16, 10.509, 98.508

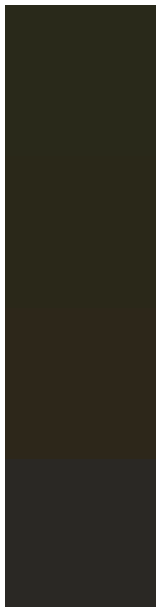
Deuteranopia

16, 10.058, 75.260



Tritanopia
16, 2.858, 332.784

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 10.346, 107.370

Protanomaly
16, 10.436, 101.432

Deuteranomaly
16, 9.630, 88.096

Tritanomaly
16, 2.958, 89.678

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 10.346, 107.370

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 4.185, 109.035

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 10.346, 107.370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 41, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 41, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 41, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 41, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 10.346, 107.370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 41, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 41, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 41, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 41, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 41, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 41, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 10.346, 107.370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 41, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 41,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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