

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 10.441, 221.606)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 10.441, 221.606)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 10.441, 221.608)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	112B31
RGB	17, 43, 49
RGB Percent	7%, 17%, 19%
CMY	0.9319, 0.8301, 0.8065
CMYK	0.65, 0.12, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	191°, 48%, 13%
HSV	191°, 65%, 19%
XYZ	1.6753, 2.0993, 3.2603
YIQ	35.9100, -17.4220, -3.6460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

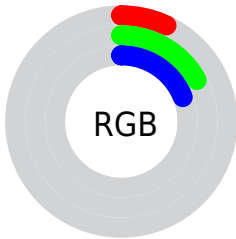
Format	Color
RYB	17, 31, 49
Decimal	1125169
CIELab	16.00, -7.81, -6.93
CIELCh	16, 10.441, 221.608
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2381, 0.2984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279315249 (0xFF112B31)
YUV	35.9100, 6.4534, -16.5841
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -4.7160, -3.1992

Details

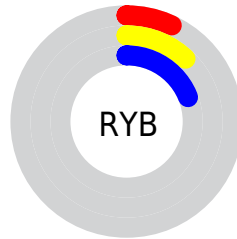
The CIELCh color **16, 10.441, 221.608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 15.612, 38.014**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 10.290, 223.488**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 11.466, 222.893**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 9.225, 220.588**.

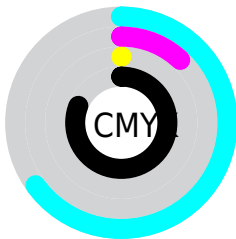
Distribution



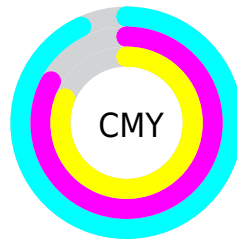
- Red (7%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 10.441, 221.608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 10.441, 221.608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 10.441,
221.608

■ 16, 10.441,
221.608

■ 100, 10.441,
221.608

■ 6, 10.441, 221.608

■ 36, 10.441,
221.608

■ 0, 10.441, 221.608

■ 46, 10.441,
221.608


■ 56, 10.441,
221.608


■ 66, 10.441,
221.608


■ 76, 10.441,
221.608


■ 86, 10.441,

221.608


 96, 10.441,
221.608

 16, 10.441,
221.608


 16, 10.441,
221.608

 15, 11.466,
222.893


 17, 9.225, 220.588

 15, 12.326,
224.407

 17, 7.836, 219.794

 14, 13.213,
225.692

 18, 6.291, 219.191

 14, 13.697,
226.247

 19, 2.821, 218.445

 20, 0.935, 218.366

 21, 1.027, 37.803

■ 22, 3.049, 37.861

■ 23, 5.118, 37.867

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 10.441, 221.608



11, 15.612, 38.014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 10.441, 221.608



16, 10.441, 271.608



16, 10.441, 41.608



16, 10.441, 91.608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 10.441, 221.606



25, 4.435, 218.584



18, 22.964, 145.027



12, 3.080, 218.607



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 10.441, 221.606



21, 14.243, 224.027



10, 16.284, 282.518



9, 1.097, 218.343



28, 20.259, 230.014



67, 38.695, 233.332

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 22.747, 333.649



14, 32.162, 334.706



16, 16.049, 85.299



8, 2.049, 330.488



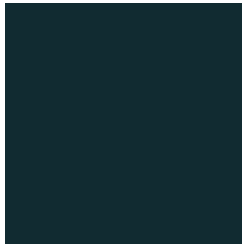
18, 46.892, 336.650



49, 88.206, 337.540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 10.441, 221.608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

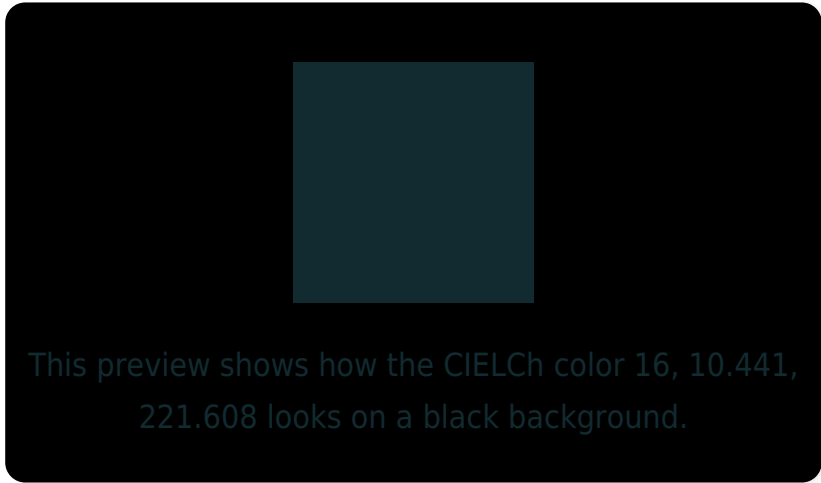
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

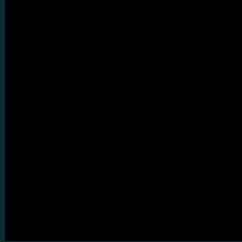
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

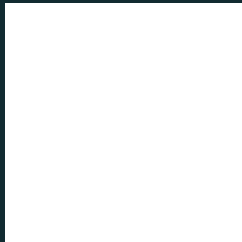
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 10.441, 221.608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 10.441, 221.608.

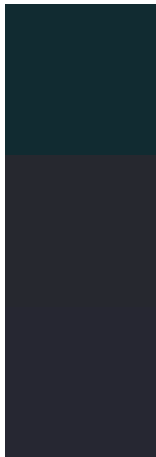


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 10.441, 221.608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


16, 10.441, 221.608

Protanopia

16, 4.964, 281.055

Deuteranopia

16, 7.725, 288.985



Tritanopia
16, 10.759, 208.676

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 10.441, 221.608

Protanomaly
16, 6.639, 246.769

Deuteranomaly
16, 7.640, 254.985

Tritanomaly
16, 10.777, 212.580

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 10.441, 221.608

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 4.668, 216.231

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 10.441, 221.608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 43, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 43, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 43, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 43, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 10.441, 221.608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 43, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 43, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 43, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 43, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 43, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 43, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 10.441, 221.608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 43, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 43,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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