

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 10.884, 109.102)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 10.884, 109.102)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 11.036, 109.941)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	282919
RGB	40, 41, 25
RGB Percent	16%, 16%, 10%
CMY	0.8435, 0.8395, 0.9023
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.39, 0.84
HSL	64°, 24%, 13%
HSV	64°, 39%, 16%
XYZ	1.8364, 2.0993, 1.2236
YIQ	38.8770, 4.5400, -5.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

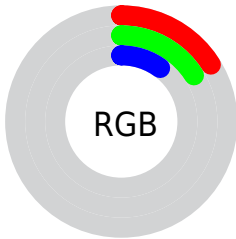
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 41, 26
Decimal	2631961
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, -3.76, 10.37
CIE _{LCh}	16, 11.036, 109.941
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3559, 0.4069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280822041 (0xFF282919)
YUV	38.8770, -6.8414, 0.9849
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -2.7318, 5.1351

Details

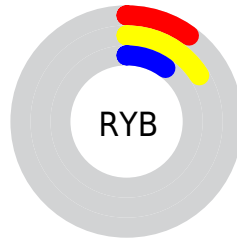
The CIELCh color **16, 11.036, 109.941** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **10, 11.901, 296.063**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 11.088, 110.677**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 13.758, 109.271**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 8.255, 110.634**.

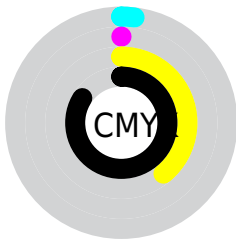
Distribution



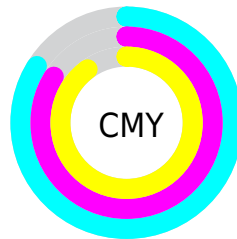
- Red (16%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 11.036, 109.941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 11.036, 109.941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 11.036,
109.941

■ 16, 11.036,
109.941

■ 100, 11.036,
109.941

■ 6, 11.036, 109.941

■ 36, 11.036,
109.941

■ 0, 11.036, 109.941

■ 46, 11.036,
109.941


■ 56, 11.036,
109.941


■ 66, 11.036,
109.941


■ 76, 11.036,
109.941


■ 86, 11.036,

109.941


 96, 11.036,
109.941

 16, 11.036,
109.941

 16, 11.036,
109.941


 16, 13.758,
109.271

 16, 8.255, 110.634


 16, 16.291,
108.745

 16, 5.434, 111.328

 16, 2.592, 112.017


 16, 18.405,
108.522

 17, 0.262, 292.757

 16, 20.139,
108.473

 17, 3.119, 293.376

 17, 5.974, 294.022

 16, 21.793,
108.473

 17, 8.821, 294.647

■ 15, 23.451,
108.493

■ 17, 11.657,
295.249

■ 15, 23.601,
108.496

■ 18, 14.479,
295.826

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



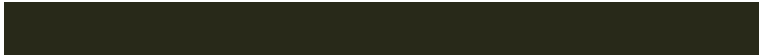
16, 11.036, 109.941



10, 11.901, 296.063

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 11.036, 109.941



16, 11.036, 159.941



16, 11.036, 289.941



16, 11.036, 339.941

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 11.037, 109.944



22, 4.294, 111.765



11, 8.269, 25.799



10, 2.885, 111.782



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 11.037, 109.944



22, 16.526, 109.210



15, 11.995, 129.376



6, 1.304, 112.735



34, 43.376, 106.412



81, 84.456, 106.744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 11.901, 296.063



12, 18.294, 297.342



10, 12.464, 312.227



6, 1.307, 292.550



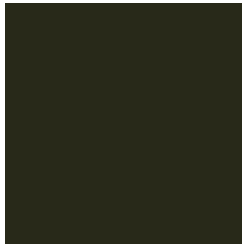
6, 58.624, 306.337



26, 115.964, 306.447

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 11.036, 109.941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

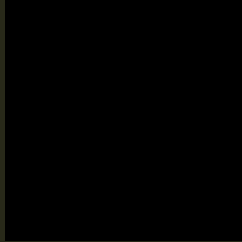
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

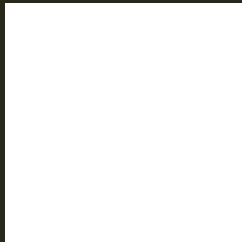
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 11.036, 109.941

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.036, 109.941.

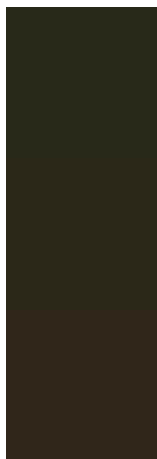


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.036, 109.941.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 11.036, 109.941

Protanopia

16, 11.180, 98.809

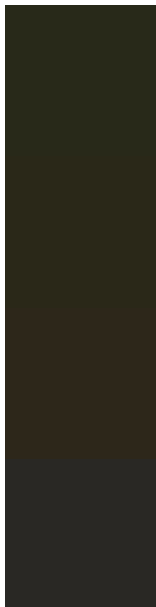
Deuteranopia

16, 10.058, 75.260



Tritanopia
16, 2.559, 324.719

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 11.036, 109.941

Protanomaly
16, 11.110, 101.572

Deuteranomaly
16, 9.630, 88.096

Tritanomaly
16, 2.831, 99.289

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 11.036, 109.941

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 4.221, 115.855

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 11.036, 109.941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 41, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 41, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 41, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 41, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.036, 109.941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 41, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 41, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 41, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 41, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 41, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 41, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.036, 109.941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 41, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 41,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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