

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 11.064, 214.400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 11.064, 214.400)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 11.026, 212.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F2C30
RGB	15, 44, 48
RGB Percent	6%, 17%, 19%
CMY	0.9420, 0.8282, 0.8125
CMYK	0.69, 0.08, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	187°, 53%, 12%
HSV	187°, 69%, 19%
XYZ	1.6171, 2.0993, 3.0962
YIQ	35.7850, -18.5680, -4.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

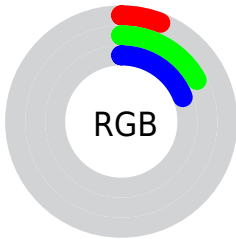
Format	Color
RYB	15, 30, 48
Decimal	994352
CIELab	16.00, -9.33, -5.87
CIELCh	16, 11.026, 212.183
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2374, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279184432 (0xFF0F2C30)
YUV	35.7850, 6.0220, -18.2284
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -5.4333, -2.5274

Details

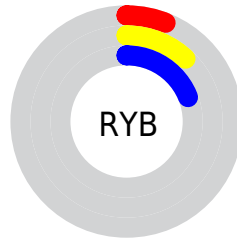
The CIELCh color **16, 11.026, 212.183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10, 16.836, 31.619**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 11.176, 210.965**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 11.947, 212.935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 9.897, 211.615**.

Distribution



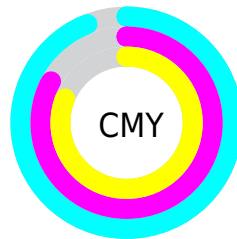
- Red (6%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 11.026, 212.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 11.026, 212.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 11.026,
212.183

■ 16, 11.026,
212.183

■ 100, 11.026,
212.183

■ 6, 11.026, 212.183

■ 36, 11.026,
212.183

■ 0, 11.026, 212.183

■ 46, 11.026,
212.183


■ 56, 11.026,
212.183


■ 66, 11.026,
212.183


■ 76, 11.026,
212.183


■ 86, 11.026,

212.183


 96, 11.026,
212.183

 16, 11.026,
212.183


 16, 11.026,
212.183

 16, 11.947,
212.935


 16, 9.897, 211.615

 15, 12.785,
213.699

 17, 8.576, 211.210

 15, 13.673,
214.292

 17, 7.082, 210.941

 15, 13.759,
214.340

 19, 3.663, 210.742

 19, 1.781, 210.814

 20, 0.189, 29.685

■ 21, 2.229, 30.808

■ 21, 4.322, 31.020

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 11.026, 212.183



10, 16.836, 31.619

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 11.026, 212.183



16, 11.026, 262.183



16, 11.026, 32.183



16, 11.026, 82.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 11.026, 212.181



24, 4.930, 210.746



17, 24.820, 142.621



10, 3.257, 210.746



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 11.026, 212.181



21, 14.676, 213.719



10, 15.410, 278.289



7, 0.991, 211.397



29, 20.169, 216.662



70, 38.579, 218.763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 24.458, 331.310



13, 33.914, 332.173



15, 15.701, 78.910



7, 1.812, 328.035



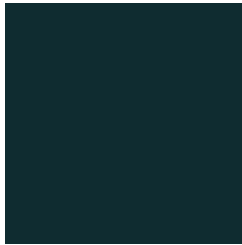
18, 48.231, 333.267



49, 92.061, 333.786

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 11.026, 212.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

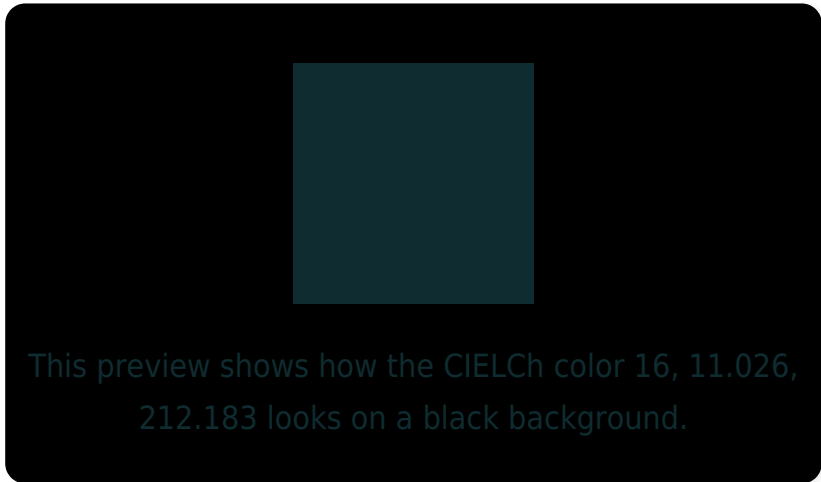
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

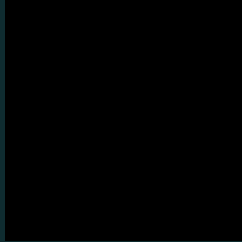
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

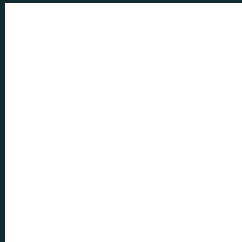
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 11.026, 212.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.026, 212.183.

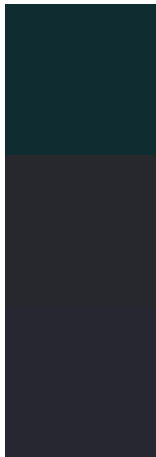


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.026, 212.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 11.026, 212.183

Protanopia

16, 3.523, 283.624

Deuteranopia

16, 7.020, 292.037



Tritanopia
16, 11.016, 208.360

Trichromacy



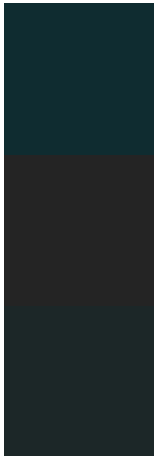
Original Color
16, 11.026, 212.183

Protanomaly
16, 5.805, 236.040

Deuteranomaly
16, 7.123, 251.153

Tritanomaly
16, 11.016, 208.360

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 11.026, 212.183

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 4.985, 206.553

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 11.026, 212.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 44, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 44, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 44, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 44, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.026, 212.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 44, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 44, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 44, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 44, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 44, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 44, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.026, 212.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 44, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 44,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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