

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 11.279, 316.759)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 11.279, 316.759)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 11.490, 315.716)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E2433
RGB	46, 36, 51
RGB Percent	18%, 14%, 20%
CMY	0.8188, 0.8581, 0.7992
CMYK	0.10, 0.29, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	280°, 17%, 17%
HSV	280°, 29%, 20%
XYZ	2.3740, 2.0993, 3.4349
YIQ	40.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

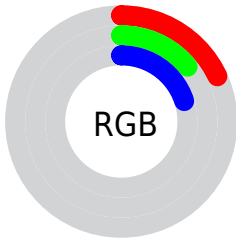
Format	Color
RYB	46, 36, 51
Decimal	3023923
CIELab	16.00, 8.23, -8.02
CIELCh	16, 11.490, 315.716
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3002, 0.2655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281214003 (0xFF2E2433)
YUV	40.7000, 5.0779, 4.6481
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 3.8914, -3.9136

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 11.490, 315.716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 11.252, 133.554**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 10.973, 315.975**, and **0, 0.807, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 15.494, 316.086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 7.512, 315.344**.

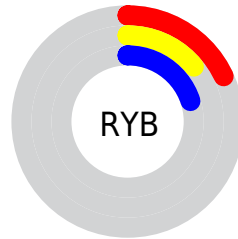
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (14%)

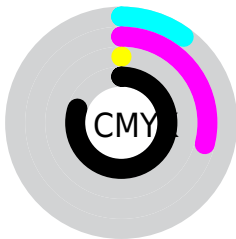
Blue (20%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (20%)

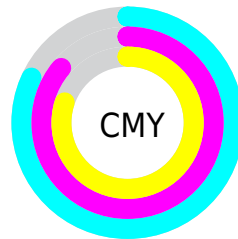


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 11.490, 315.716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 11.490, 315.716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 11.490,
315.716

■ 16, 11.490,
315.716

■ 100, 11.490,
315.716

■ 6, 11.490, 315.716

■ 36, 11.490,
315.716

■ 0, 11.490, 315.716

■ 46, 11.490,
315.716

■ 56, 11.490,
315.716

■ 66, 11.490,
315.716

■ 76, 11.490,
315.716

■ 86, 11.490,

315.716

96, 11.490,
315.716

16, 11.490,
315.716

16, 11.490,
315.716

14, 15.494,
316.086

18, 7.512, 315.344

13, 19.483,
316.442

20, 3.590, 314.975

21, 0.257, 134.906

11, 23.391,
316.765

23, 4.021, 134.342

9, 27.127, 317.031

25, 7.696, 134.031

8, 30.571, 317.205

27, 11.280,
133.748

7, 33.621, 317.173

■ 5, 36.534, 317.000

■ 29, 14.773,
133.488

■ 5, 36.728, 316.984

■ 31, 18.179,
133.252

■ 33, 21.499,
133.036

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 11.490, 315.716



20, 11.252, 133.554

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 11.490, 315.716



16, 11.490, 5.716



16, 11.490, 135.716



16, 11.490, 185.716

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 11.489, 315.716



26, 4.309, 314.981



17, 7.240, 274.752



11, 2.930, 314.995



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 11.489, 315.716



20, 17.114, 315.994



17, 11.151, 330.896



8, 2.120, 314.936



14, 55.774, 317.054



40, 106.666, 316.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 8.124, 356.242



21, 12.144, 357.066



20, 11.116, 147.644



8, 1.480, 354.253



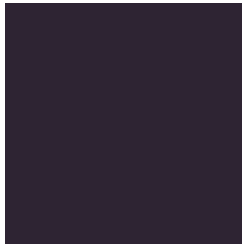
17, 39.592, 13.598



46, 76.664, 18.704

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 11.490, 315.716 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

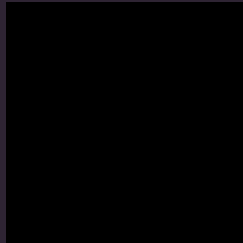
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 11.490, 315.716

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.490, 315.716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.490, 315.716.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 11.490, 315.716

Protanopia

16, 10.562, 286.170

Deuteranopia

16, 8.423, 289.459



Tritanopia
16, 4.002, 348.795

Trichromacy



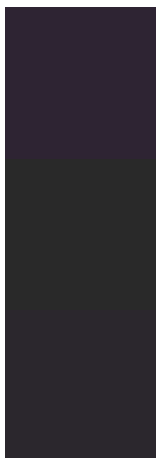
Original Color
16, 11.490, 315.716

Protanomaly
16, 10.596, 297.569

Deuteranomaly
16, 9.257, 300.738

Tritanomaly
16, 6.785, 325.219

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 11.490, 315.716

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 4.623, 315.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 11.490, 315.716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 36, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 36, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 36, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 36, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.490, 315.716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 36, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 36, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 36, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 36, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 36, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 36, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.490, 315.716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 36, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 36,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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