

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 11.611, 293.196)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 11.611, 293.196)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 11.950, 293.306)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	262637
RGB	38, 38, 55
RGB Percent	15%, 15%, 22%
CMY	0.8499, 0.8499, 0.7832
CMYK	0.31, 0.31, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	240°, 18%, 18%
HSV	240°, 31%, 22%
XYZ	2.2076, 2.0993, 3.9392
YIQ	39.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

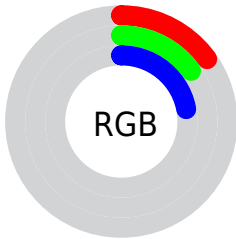
Format	Color
RYB	38, 38, 55
Decimal	2500151
CIELab	16.00, 4.73, -10.97
CIElCh	16, 11.950, 293.306
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2677, 0.2546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280690231 (0xFF262637)
YUV	39.9380, 7.4256, -1.6996
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 1.8416, -5.9772

Details

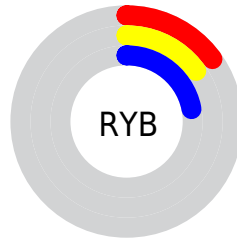
The CIELCh color **16, 11.950, 293.306** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 11.228, 107.662**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 11.819, 292.106**, and **0, 3.629, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 16.123, 294.637**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 7.925, 292.144**.

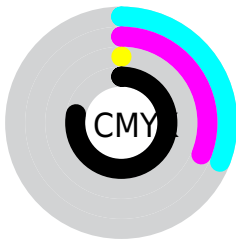
Distribution



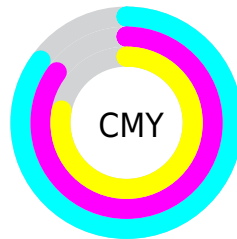
- Red (15%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 11.950, 293.306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 11.950, 293.306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 11.950,
293.306

■ 16, 11.950,
293.306

■ 100, 11.950,
293.306

■ 6, 11.950, 293.306

■ 36, 11.950,
293.306

■ 0, 11.950, 293.306

■ 46, 11.950,
293.306


■ 56, 11.950,
293.306


■ 66, 11.950,
293.306


■ 76, 11.950,
293.306


■ 86, 11.950,

293.306


 96, 11.950,
293.306

 16, 11.950,
293.306

 16, 11.950,
293.306

 14, 16.123,
294.637

 18, 7.925, 292.144

 11, 20.447,
296.148

 21, 4.042, 291.138

 23, 0.291, 290.344


 9, 24.909, 297.836

 25, 3.337, 109.484

 7, 29.267, 299.365

 28, 6.849, 108.824

 5, 32.498, 299.586

 30, 10.254,
108.245

 4, 34.954, 299.061

■ 3, 37.145, 298.436

■ 32, 13.556,
107.736

■ 34, 16.763,
107.290

■ 37, 19.879,
106.895

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 11.950, 293.306



23, 11.228, 107.662

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 11.950, 293.306



16, 11.950, 343.306



16, 11.950, 113.306



16, 11.950, 163.306

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 11.949, 293.305



28, 4.171, 291.013



22, 7.234, 198.099



12, 2.842, 291.056



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 11.949, 293.305



20, 18.052, 294.355



17, 12.485, 310.324



9, 2.094, 290.916



7, 63.240, 306.179



27, 119.409, 306.288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 13.990, 325.870



23, 20.767, 326.228



22, 12.041, 127.861



9, 2.535, 324.812



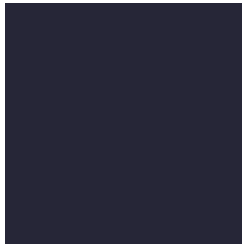
20, 54.773, 328.245



52, 103.099, 328.246

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 11.950, 293.306 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

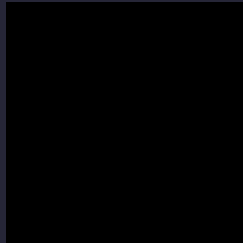
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 11.950, 293.306

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.950, 293.306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 11.950, 293.306.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

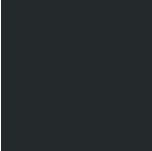
16, 11.950, 293.306

Protanopia

16, 11.982, 285.535

Deuteranopia

16, 11.294, 284.805



Tritanopia
16, 3.062, 242.511

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 11.950, 293.306

Protanomaly
16, 11.945, 287.417

Deuteranomaly
16, 11.254, 286.822

Tritanomaly
16, 5.726, 278.251

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 11.950, 293.306

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 4.918, 291.495

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 11.950, 293.306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 38, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 38, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 38, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 38, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.950, 293.306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 38, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 38, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 38, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 38, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 38, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 38, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 11.950, 293.306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 38, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 38,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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