

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 12.519, 144.378)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 12.519, 144.378)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 12.248, 144.318)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C2B1D
RGB	28, 43, 29
RGB Percent	11%, 17%, 11%
CMY	0.8887, 0.8298, 0.8848
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.32, 0.83
HSL	124°, 21%, 14%
HSV	124°, 35%, 17%
XYZ	1.5940, 2.0993, 1.5079
YIQ	36.9190, -4.4460, -7.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

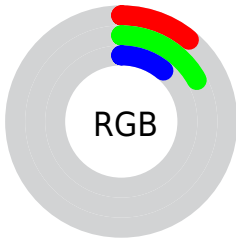
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 42, 43
Decimal	1846045
CIE Lab	16.00, -9.95, 7.14
CIE LCh	16, 12.248, 144.318
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3065, 0.4036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280036125 (0xFF1C2B1D)
YUV	36.9190, -3.9041, -7.8220
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -5.7185, 3.9720

Details

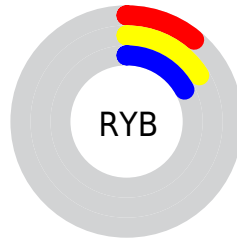
The CIELCh color **16, 12.248, 144.318** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 12.256, 327.846**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 11.651, 145.109**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 15.736, 143.574**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 8.707, 144.979**.

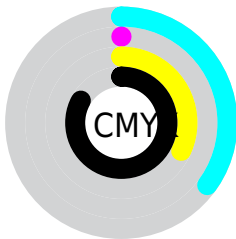
Distribution



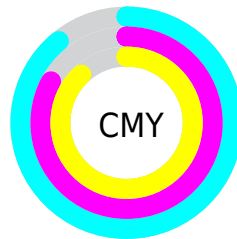
- Red (11%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 12.248, 144.318 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 12.248, 144.318 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 12.248,
144.318

■ 16, 12.248,
144.318

■ 100, 12.248,
144.318

■ 6, 12.248, 144.318

■ 36, 12.248,
144.318

■ 0, 12.248, 144.318

■ 46, 12.248,
144.318


■ 56, 12.248,
144.318


■ 66, 12.248,
144.318


■ 76, 12.248,
144.318


■ 86, 12.248,

144.318


 96, 12.248,
144.318


 16, 12.248,
144.318


 16, 12.248,
144.318

 16, 15.736,
143.574


 16, 8.707, 144.979

 15, 19.120,
142.743


 17, 5.151, 145.566

 15, 22.296,
141.983


 17, 1.613, 146.116

 15, 25.057,
141.648

 19, 5.320, 326.879

 15, 27.435,
141.667

 19, 8.684, 327.231

 20, 11.966,

■ 14, 29.803,
141.957

327.539

■ 14, 31.128,
142.165

■ 21, 15.162,
327.809

■ 21, 18.269,
328.049

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 12.248, 144.318



13, 12.256, 327.846

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 12.248, 144.318



16, 12.248, 194.318



16, 12.248, 324.318



16, 12.248, 14.318

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 12.249, 144.318



23, 4.372, 145.786



17, 10.287, 109.667



10, 2.906, 145.786



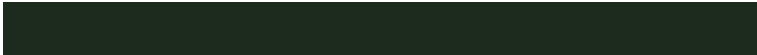
64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 12.249, 144.318



21, 18.407, 143.585



16, 8.503, 163.807



7, 1.889, 146.222



31, 52.942, 137.275



75, 103.842, 136.476

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 12.256, 327.846



16, 18.394, 328.293



13, 8.885, 349.138



7, 1.886, 326.318



18, 50.193, 330.830



50, 96.146, 331.082

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 12.248, 144.318 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

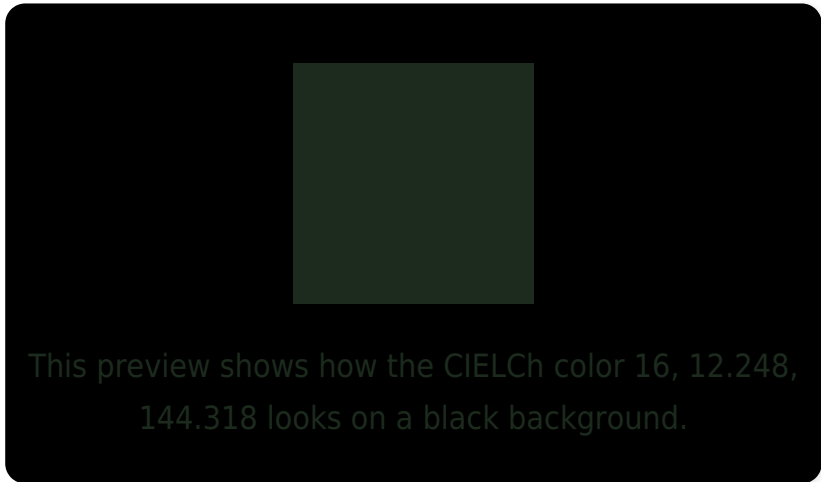
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

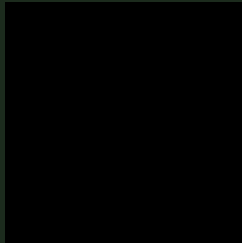
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 12.248, 144.318

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 12.248, 144.318.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 12.248, 144.318.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 12.248, 144.318

Protanopia

16, 8.484, 97.134

Deuteranopia

16, 6.849, 65.234



Tritanopia
16, 5.131, 231.985

Trichromacy



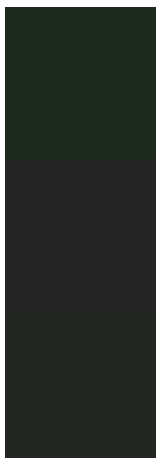
Original Color
16, 12.248, 144.318

Protanomaly
16, 9.138, 117.540

Deuteranomaly
16, 6.958, 108.271

Tritanomaly
16, 5.965, 177.373

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 12.248, 144.318

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 4.317, 143.867

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 12.248, 144.318 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 43, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 43, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 43, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 43, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 12.248, 144.318 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 43, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 43, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 43, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 43, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 43, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 43, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 12.248, 144.318 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 43, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 43,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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