

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 15.753, 291.339)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 15.753, 291.339)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 16.129, 291.587)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	24263D
RGB	36, 38, 61
RGB Percent	14%, 15%, 24%
CMY	0.8588, 0.8509, 0.7607
CMYK	0.41, 0.38, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	235°, 26%, 19%
HSV	235°, 41%, 24%
XYZ	2.2641, 2.0993, 4.7025
YIQ	40.0240, -8.5750, 6.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

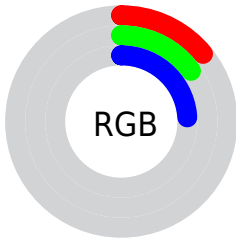
Format	Color
RYB	36, 38, 61
Decimal	2369085
CIELab	16.00, 5.93, -15.00
CIELCh	16, 16.129, 291.587
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2497, 0.2316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280559165 (0xFF24263D)
YUV	40.0240, 10.3412, -3.5290
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 2.5373, -9.1006

Details

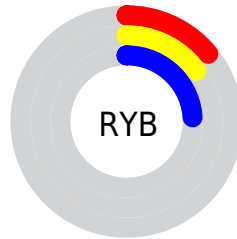
The CIELCh color **16, 16.129, 291.587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 14.975, 103.048**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 16.153, 291.448**, and **1, 7.635, 288.097** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 20.419, 293.231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 11.986, 290.145**.

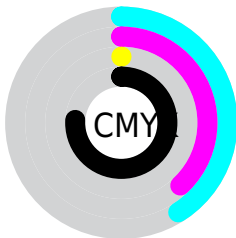
Distribution



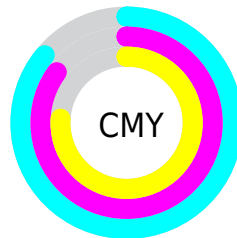
- Red (14%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 16.129, 291.587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 16.129, 291.587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 16.129,
291.587

■ 16, 16.129,
291.587

■ 100, 16.129,
291.587

■ 6, 16.129, 291.587

■ 36, 16.129,
291.587

■ 0, 16.129, 291.587

■ 46, 16.129,
291.587

■ 56, 16.129,
291.587

■ 66, 16.129,
291.587

■ 76, 16.129,
291.587

■ 86, 16.129,

291.587

96, 16.129,
291.587

16, 16.129,
291.587

16, 16.129,
291.587

14, 20.419,
293.231

18, 11.986,
290.145

11, 24.855,
295.082

21, 7.983, 288.890

9, 29.413, 297.118

23, 4.112, 287.802

7, 33.840, 299.032

26, 0.363, 286.956

5, 37.148, 299.675

28, 3.272, 105.998

4, 39.518, 299.392

30, 6.800, 105.280

■ 33, 10.227,
104.645

■ 35, 13.559,
104.085

■ 37, 16.801,
103.588

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 16.129, 291.587



24, 14.975, 103.048

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 16.129, 291.587



16, 16.129, 341.587



16, 16.129, 111.587



16, 16.129, 161.587

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 16.129, 291.587



30, 5.593, 287.961



24, 10.368, 189.891



14, 3.746, 287.990



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 16.129, 291.587



19, 24.367, 293.268



16, 18.053, 308.109



10, 2.077, 287.551



9, 60.054, 304.214



29, 116.848, 305.448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 12.762, 16.592



22, 19.385, 18.135



24, 16.993, 124.336



10, 1.582, 13.264



18, 45.719, 31.656



46, 90.833, 37.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 16.129, 291.587 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

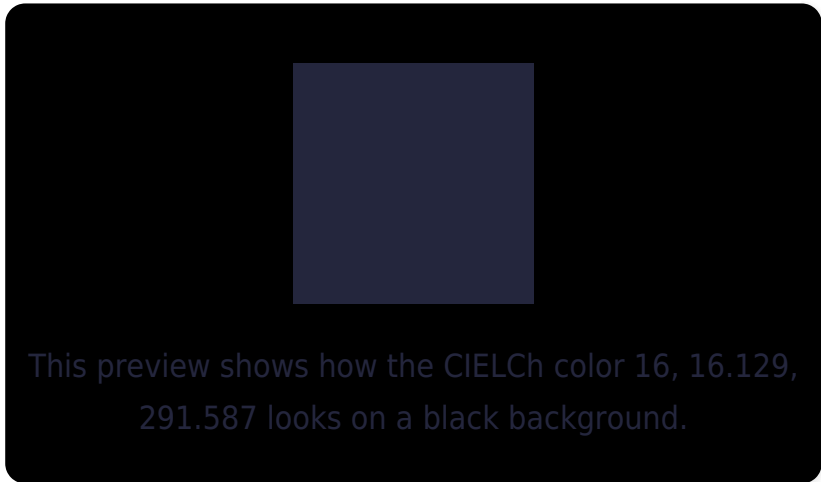
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

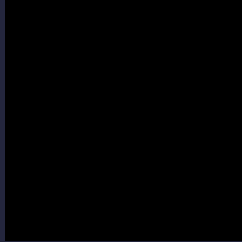
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 16.129, 291.587

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 16.129, 291.587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 16.129, 291.587.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

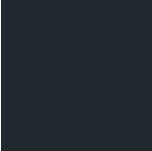
16, 16.129, 291.587

Protanopia

16, 16.264, 283.866

Deuteranopia

16, 14.990, 279.597



Tritanopia
16, 4.792, 234.747

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 16.129, 291.587

Protanomaly
16, 16.175, 286.311

Deuteranomaly
16, 15.537, 284.402

Tritanomaly
16, 8.157, 271.077

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 16.129, 291.587

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 6.320, 291.858

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 16.129, 291.587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 38, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 38, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 38, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 38, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 16.129, 291.587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 38, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 38, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 38, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 38, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 38, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 38, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 16.129, 291.587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 38, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 38,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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