

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 15.798, 5.077)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 15.798, 5.077) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 15.646, 6.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D1F26
RGB	61, 31, 38
RGB Percent	24%, 12%, 15%
CMY	0.7614, 0.8790, 0.8515
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.38, 0.76
HSL	346°, 33%, 18%
HSV	346°, 49%, 24%
XYZ	2.7494, 2.0993, 2.0827
YIQ	40.7680, 15.6330, 8.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

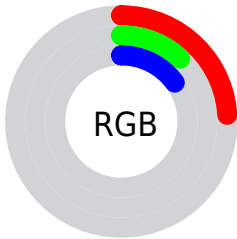
Format	Color
R_{YB}	61, 31, 38
Decimal	4005670
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 15.55, 1.69
CIE _{LCh}	16, 15.646, 6.183
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3967, 0.3029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282195750 (0xFF3D1F26)
YUV	40.7680, -1.3646, 17.7435
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 8.5158, 1.6198

Details

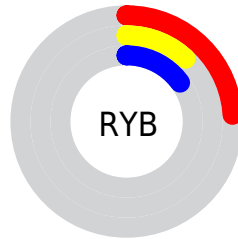
The CIELCh color **16, 15.646, 6.183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **23, 13.279, 176.442**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 15.612, 6.039**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 18.929, 7.971**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 12.326, 4.703**.

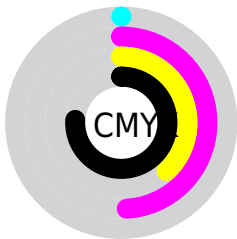
Distribution



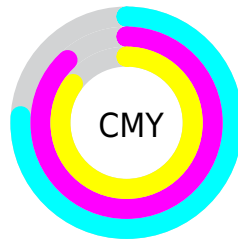
- Red (24%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 15.646, 6.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 15.646, 6.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 15.646, 6.183  16, 15.646, 6.183

 100, 15.646, 6.183  6, 15.646, 6.183

 36, 15.646, 6.183  0, 15.646, 6.183

 46, 15.646, 6.183

 56, 15.646, 6.183

 66, 15.646, 6.183

 76, 15.646, 6.183

 86, 15.646, 6.183

 96, 15.646, 6.183

 16, 15.646, 6.183  16, 15.646, 6.183

■ 14, 18.929, 7.971

■ 18, 12.326, 4.703

■ 13, 22.087, 10.148

■ 20, 9.042, 3.451

■ 11, 25.014, 12.820

■ 22, 5.842, 2.375

■ 10, 27.675, 15.288

■ 24, 2.754, 1.412

■ 9, 30.488, 15.942

■ 26, 0.208, 181.717

■ 9, 30.702, 15.926

■ 28, 3.040, 180.035

■ 30, 5.744, 179.359

■ 32, 8.326, 178.766

■ 34, 10.793,
178.231

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 15.646, 6.183



23, 13.279, 176.442

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 15.646, 6.183



16, 15.646, 56.183



16, 15.646, 186.183



16, 15.646, 236.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 15.645, 6.186



30, 5.614, 2.020



16, 22.810, 319.111



14, 3.871, 2.098



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 15.645, 6.186



20, 23.442, 8.451



18, 13.287, 44.273



10, 1.653, 1.333



18, 42.752, 22.719



47, 82.357, 27.572

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 15.645, 6.186



20, 23.442, 8.451



21, 9.872, 229.244



10, 1.653, 1.333



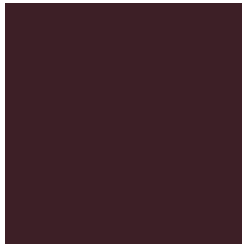
18, 42.752, 22.719



47, 82.357, 27.572

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 15.646, 6.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

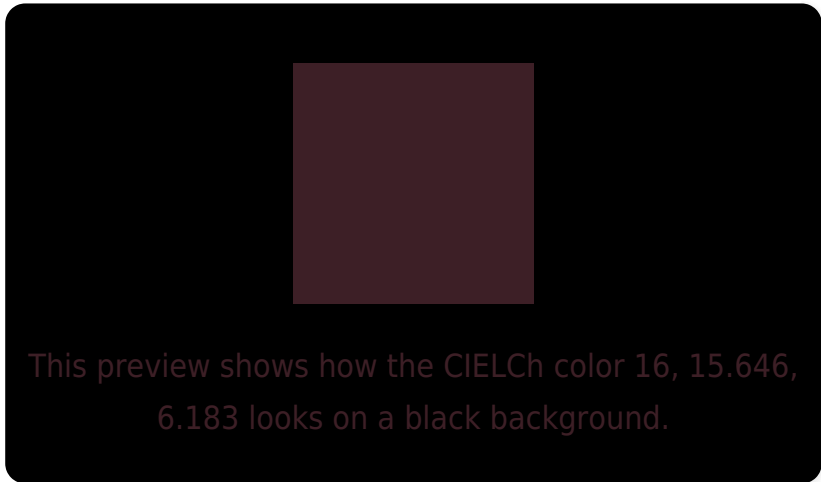
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

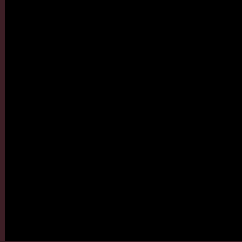
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 15.646, 6.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 15.646, 6.183.

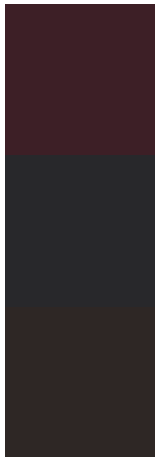


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 15.646, 6.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 15.646, 6.183

Protanopia

16, 2.102, 290.747

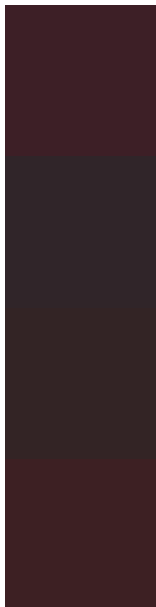
Deuteranopia

16, 3.785, 41.609



Tritanopia
16, 15.057, 18.377

Trichromacy



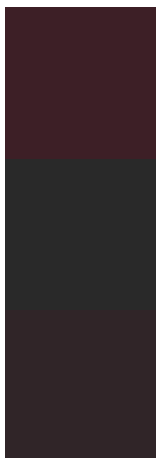
Original Color
16, 15.646, 6.183

Protanomaly
16, 6.055, 353.543

Deuteranomaly
16, 7.621, 16.116

Tritanomaly
16, 15.000, 15.767

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 15.646, 6.183

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 5.803, 359.781

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 15.646, 6.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 31, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 31, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 31, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 31, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 15.646, 6.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 31, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 31, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 31, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 31, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 31, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 31, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 15.646, 6.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 31, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 31,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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