

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 17.610, 128.467)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 17.610, 128.467)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 17.610, 128.467)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F2C14
RGB	31, 44, 20
RGB Percent	12%, 17%, 8%
CMY	0.8803, 0.8293, 0.9233
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.55, 0.83
HSL	93°, 38%, 12%
HSV	93°, 55%, 17%
XYZ	1.5567, 2.0993, 0.9647
YIQ	37.3770, -0.0440, -10.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

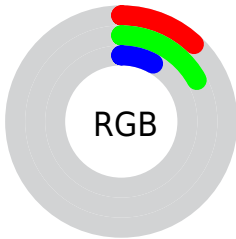
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 44, 33
Decimal	2042900
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, -10.95, 13.79
CIE _{LCh}	16, 17.610, 128.467
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3369, 0.4543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280232980 (0xFF1F2C14)
YUV	37.3770, -8.5669, -5.5926
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -6.1779, 6.1948

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 17.610, 128.467** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **9, 18.660, 312.638**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 17.692, 128.444**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 20.453, 128.461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 14.503, 128.846**.

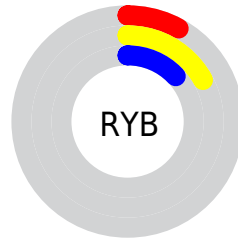
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (17%)

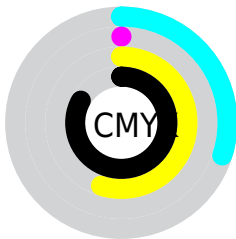
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (13%)

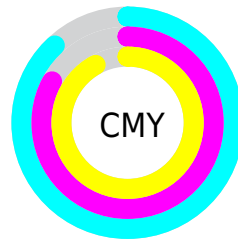


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 17.610, 128.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 17.610, 128.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 17.610,
128.467

■ 16, 17.610,
128.467

■ 100, 17.610,
128.467

■ 6, 17.610, 128.467

■ 36, 17.610,
128.467

■ 0, 17.610, 128.467

■ 46, 17.610,
128.467

■ 56, 17.610,
128.467


■ 66, 17.610,
128.467


■ 76, 17.610,
128.467


■ 86, 17.610,


128.467


 96, 17.610,
128.467


 16, 17.610,
128.467


 16, 17.610,
128.467

 16, 20.453,
128.461


 16, 14.503,
128.846

 16, 22.874,
128.951


 17, 11.323,
129.238

 15, 25.021,
129.618

 17, 8.103, 129.628

 15, 27.175,
130.159

 17, 4.865, 130.008

 15, 28.242,
130.384

 18, 1.629, 130.382

 18, 1.593, 310.657

■ 18, 4.790, 310.985

■ 19, 7.955, 311.271

■ 19, 11.081,
311.531

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 17.610, 128.467



9, 18.660, 312.638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 17.610, 128.467



16, 17.610, 178.467



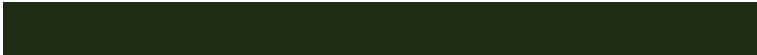
16, 17.610, 308.467



16, 17.610, 358.467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 17.610, 128.468



23, 6.808, 129.898



13, 11.151, 73.114



10, 4.433, 129.930



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 17.610, 128.468



21, 25.732, 127.995



15, 19.750, 141.815



8, 1.736, 130.922



32, 49.745, 128.111



77, 97.081, 129.525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 18.660, 312.638



10, 27.727, 313.180



10, 19.680, 327.754



7, 1.731, 310.125



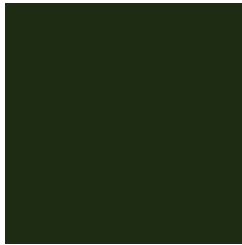
11, 55.945, 313.762



35, 108.517, 312.787

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 17.610, 128.467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

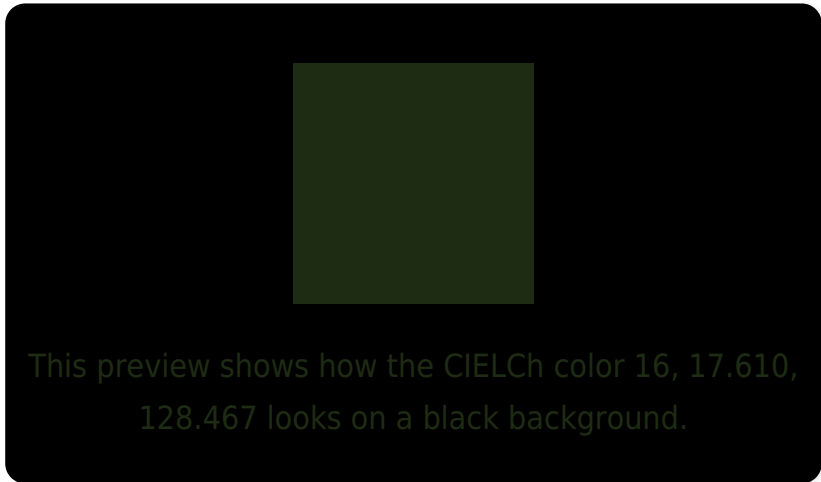
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

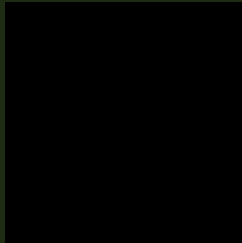
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 17.610, 128.467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 17.610, 128.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 17.610, 128.467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

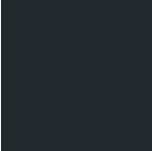
16, 17.610, 128.467

Protanopia

16, 15.162, 97.646

Deuteranopia

16, 13.408, 79.722



Tritanopia
16, 3.745, 233.152

Trichromacy



Original Color

16, 17.610, 128.467

Protanomaly

16, 15.012, 110.267

Deuteranomaly

16, 13.767, 101.818

Tritanomaly

16, 6.591, 150.135

Monochromacy



Original Color

16, 17.610, 128.467

Achromatopsia

15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

15, 5.978, 128.349

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 17.610, 128.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 44, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 44, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 44, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 44, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 17.610, 128.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 44, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 44, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 44, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 44, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 44, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 44, 20)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 17.610, 128.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 44, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 44,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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