

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 19.097, 141.327)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 19.097, 141.327)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 19.345, 141.249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	162D16
RGB	22, 45, 22
RGB Percent	9%, 18%, 9%
CMY	0.9140, 0.8238, 0.9140
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.51, 0.82
HSL	120°, 34%, 13%
HSV	120°, 51%, 18%
XYZ	1.4096, 2.0993, 1.0869
YIQ	35.5010, -6.3250, -12.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

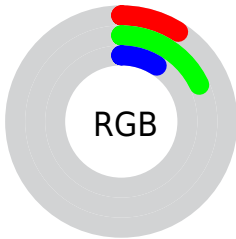
Format	Color
RYB	22, 45, 45
Decimal	1453334
CIELab	16.00, -15.09, 12.11
CIELCh	16, 19.345, 141.249
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3067, 0.4568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279643414 (0xFF162D16)
YUV	35.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -7.9899, 5.6945

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 19.345, 141.249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 19.298, 326.656**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 19.427, 141.724**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 22.821, 140.469**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 15.673, 142.038**.

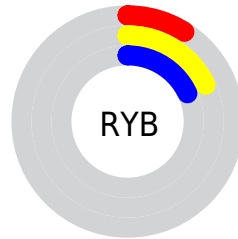
Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (18%)

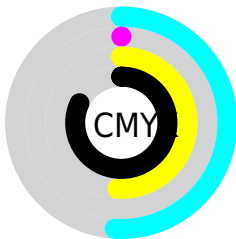
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

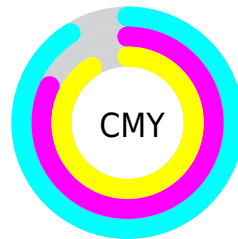


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (91%)


Magenta (82%)


Yellow (91%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 19.345, 141.249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 19.345, 141.249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 19.345,
141.249


 16, 19.345,
141.249

 100, 19.345,
141.249


 6, 19.345, 141.249


 36, 19.345,
141.249

 0, 19.345, 141.249

 46, 19.345,
141.249


 56, 19.345,
141.249


 66, 19.345,
141.249


 76, 19.345,
141.249

 86, 19.345,


141.249


 96, 19.345,
141.249


 16, 19.345,
141.249


 16, 19.345,
141.249

 16, 22.821,
140.469


 16, 15.673,
142.038

 15, 25.837,
140.162

 17, 11.898,
142.746


 15, 28.363,
140.150

 17, 8.074, 143.375

 15, 30.850,
140.302

 18, 4.244, 143.935

 18, 0.443, 144.601

 15, 33.134,
140.555

 19, 3.304, 324.784

■ 20, 6.979, 325.164

■ 20, 10.570,
325.486

■ 21, 14.069,
325.767

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 19.345, 141.249



11, 19.298, 326.656

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 19.345, 141.249



16, 19.345, 191.249



16, 19.345, 321.249



16, 19.345, 11.249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 19.345, 141.249



24, 7.143, 143.679



18, 15.464, 106.193



11, 4.931, 143.662



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 19.345, 141.249



21, 28.358, 140.081



16, 13.271, 159.498



7, 1.973, 144.474



31, 54.578, 136.019



75, 105.008, 136.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 19.298, 326.656



15, 28.173, 327.151



11, 13.933, 347.839



7, 1.977, 324.417



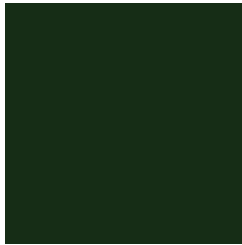
19, 52.657, 328.239



51, 101.305, 328.239

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 19.345, 141.249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

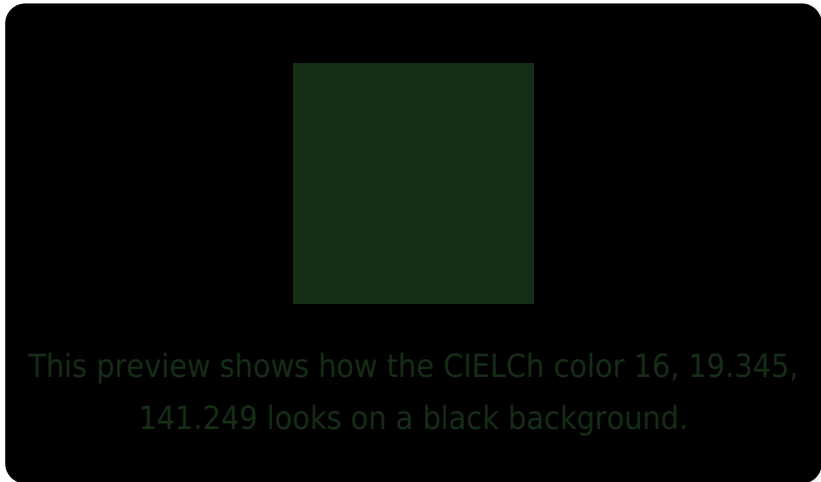
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 19.345, 141.249

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 19.345, 141.249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 19.345, 141.249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
16, 19.345, 141.249

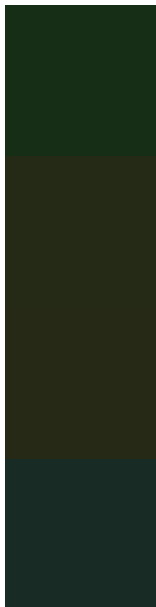
Protanopia
16, 13.912, 97.277

Deuteranopia
16, 11.277, 78.405



Tritanopia
16, 6.840, 222.591

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 19.345, 141.249

Protanomaly
16, 14.677, 118.907

Deuteranomaly
16, 12.410, 111.758

Tritanomaly
16, 9.265, 170.308

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 19.345, 141.249

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 7.801, 143.306

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 19.345, 141.249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 45, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 45, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 45, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 45, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 19.345, 141.249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 45, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 45, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 45, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 45, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 45, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 45, 22)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 19.345, 141.249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 45, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 45,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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