

Converting Colors

CIECh(16, 2.011, 37.203)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 2.011, 37.203) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 2.092, 39.213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B2726
RGB	43, 39, 38
RGB Percent	17%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.8316, 0.8473, 0.8512
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.12, 0.83
HSL	12°, 6%, 16%
HSV	12°, 12%, 17%
XYZ	2.0665, 2.0993, 2.1253
YIQ	40.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 39, 38
Decimal	2828070
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 1.62, 1.32
CIE _{LCh}	16, 2.092, 39.213
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3285, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281018150 (0xFF2B2726)
YUV	40.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 0.1030, 1.4453

Details

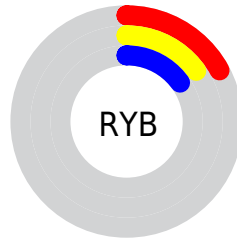
The CIELCh color **16, 2.092, 39.213** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17, 1.974, 219.861**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 1.831, 39.208**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 4.020, 39.190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 0.285, 38.812**.

Distribution



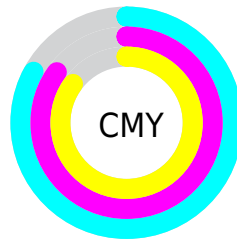
- Red (17%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (83%)




- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 2.092, 39.213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 2.092, 39.213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 2.092, 39.213  16, 2.092, 39.213

 100, 2.092, 39.213  6, 2.092, 39.213

 36, 2.092, 39.213  0, 2.092, 39.213

 46, 2.092, 39.213

 56, 2.092, 39.213

 66, 2.092, 39.213

 76, 2.092, 39.213

 86, 2.092, 39.213

 96, 2.092, 39.213

 16, 2.092, 39.213  16, 2.092, 39.213

■ 15, 4.020, 39.190

■ 17, 0.285, 38.812

■ 13, 6.078, 39.198

■ 19, 1.411, 219.806

■ 12, 8.272, 39.294

■ 20, 3.005, 219.972

■ 11, 10.574, 39.289

■ 21, 4.508, 220.216

■ 10, 12.706, 37.792

■ 23, 5.927, 220.491

■ 9, 14.636, 35.277

■ 24, 7.272, 220.786

■ 8, 16.413, 32.423

■ 25, 8.550, 221.092

■ 7, 18.005, 30.935

■ 27, 9.767, 221.406

■ 6, 19.158, 30.681

■ 28, 10.931,
221.722

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 2.092, 39.213



17, 1.974, 219.861

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 2.092, 39.213



16, 2.092, 89.213



16, 2.092, 219.213



16, 2.092, 269.213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 2.092, 39.234



23, 0.657, 39.109



16, 3.706, 331.080



10, 0.486, 39.137



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 2.092, 39.234



21, 3.187, 39.219



17, 2.533, 92.531



6, 0.762, 38.581



17, 39.588, 40.652



46, 86.474, 43.289

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 1.974, 219.861



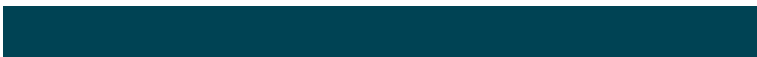
22, 2.955, 219.937



16, 2.541, 274.925



6, 0.757, 220.438



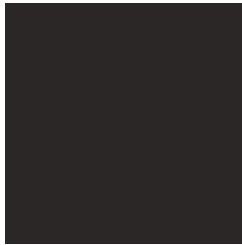
26, 19.498, 232.205



64, 38.214, 236.004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 2.092, 39.213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

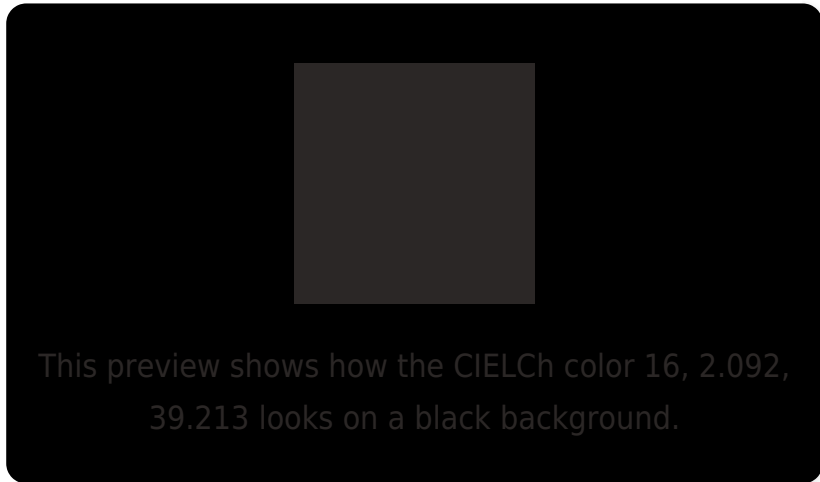
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

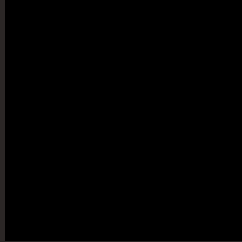
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

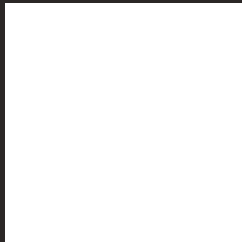
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 2.092, 39.213

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 2.092, 39.213.

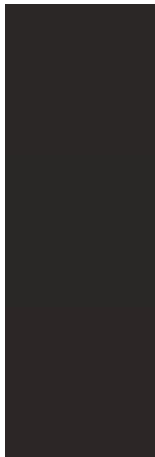


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 2.092, 39.213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 2.092, 39.213

Protanopia

16, 1.474, 90.355

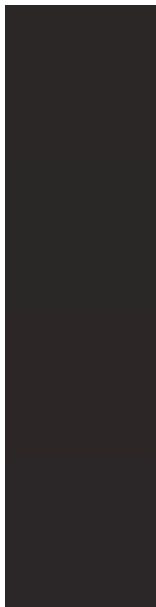
Deuteranopia

16, 2.972, 20.056



Tritanopia
16, 3.215, 339.298

Trichromacy



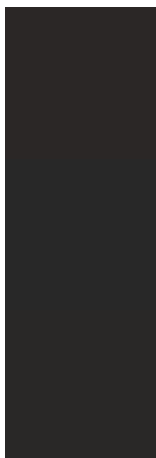
Original Color
16, 2.092, 39.213

Protanomaly
16, 1.701, 74.423

Deuteranomaly
16, 2.972, 20.056

Tritanomaly
16, 2.815, 350.209

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 2.092, 39.213

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 0.845, 74.806

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 16, 2.092, 39.213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 39, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 39, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 39, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 39, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 2.092, 39.213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 39, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 39, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 39, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 39, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 39, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 39, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 2.092, 39.213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 39, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 39,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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