

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 23.840, 341.436)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 23.840, 341.436)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 23.820, 341.363)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	411A33
RGB	65, 26, 51
RGB Percent	25%, 10%, 20%
CMY	0.7452, 0.8981, 0.8001
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.22, 0.75
HSL	322°, 43%, 18%
HSV	322°, 60%, 25%
XYZ	3.1439, 2.0993, 3.3684
YIQ	40.5110, 15.2190, 16.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

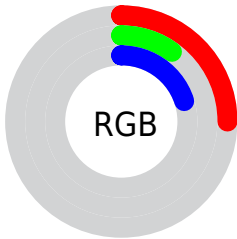
Format	Color
RYB	65, 26, 51
Decimal	4266547
CIELab	16.00, 22.57, -7.61
CIELCh	16, 23.820, 341.363
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3651, 0.2438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282456627 (0xFF411A33)
YUV	40.5110, 5.1711, 21.4769
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 13.3763, -3.6416

Details

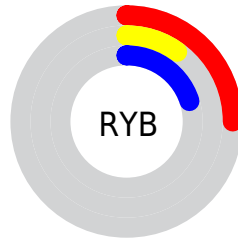
The CIELCh color **16, 23.820, 341.363** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **24, 23.444, 151.518**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 23.834, 341.430**, and **1, 3.775, 7.068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 27.070, 342.422**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 20.167, 340.423**.

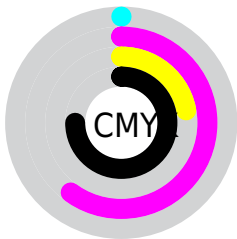
Distribution



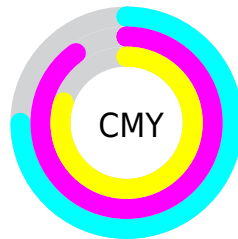
- Red (25%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 23.820, 341.363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 23.820, 341.363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 23.820,
341.363


 16, 23.820,
341.363


 100, 23.820,
341.363


 6, 23.820, 341.363


 36, 23.820,
341.363

 0, 23.820, 341.363

 46, 23.820,
341.363


 56, 23.820,
341.363


 66, 23.820,
341.363


 76, 23.820,
341.363


 86, 23.820,


341.363


 96, 23.820,
341.363


 16, 23.820,
341.363


 16, 23.820,
341.363


 15, 27.070,
342.422


 18, 20.167,
340.423

 13, 29.761,
343.639

 19, 16.258,
339.572

 12, 31.906,
345.002

 21, 12.212,
338.790

 11, 34.255,
346.207

 23, 8.116, 338.061

 25, 4.035, 337.367

 28, 0.011, 322.161

■ 30, 3.930, 156.222

■ 32, 7.772, 155.642

■ 34, 11.509,
155.107

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 23.820, 341.363



24, 23.444, 151.518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 23.820, 341.363



16, 23.820, 31.363



16, 23.820, 161.363



16, 23.820, 211.363

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 23.819, 341.364



31, 9.043, 337.972



13, 28.256, 307.281



14, 6.345, 338.075



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 23.819, 341.364



20, 33.912, 343.010



15, 20.278, 14.634



12, 2.275, 337.265



20, 44.420, 347.733



49, 80.761, 349.828

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 23.819, 341.364



20, 33.912, 343.010



25, 15.502, 182.305



12, 2.275, 337.265



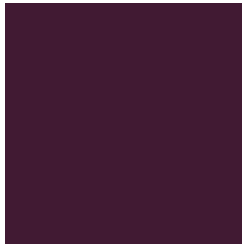
20, 44.420, 347.733



49, 80.761, 349.828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 23.820, 341.363 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

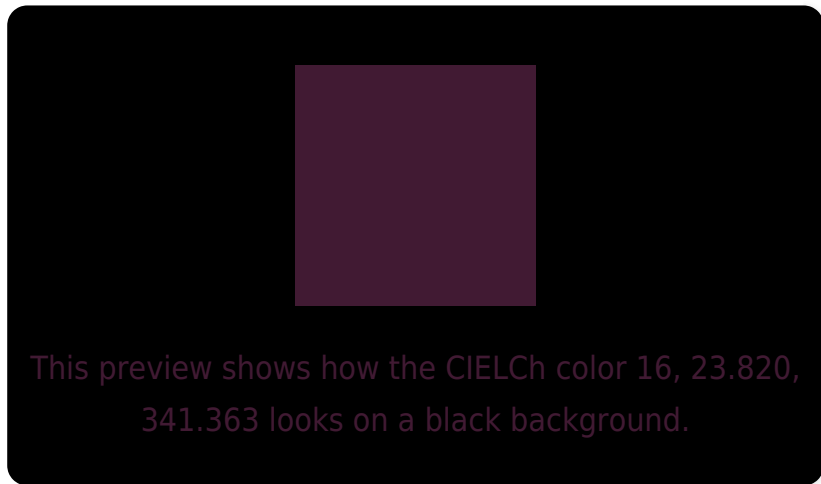
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

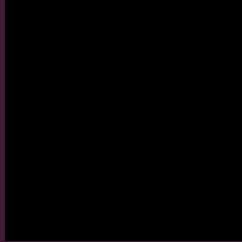
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 23.820, 341.363

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 23.820, 341.363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 23.820, 341.363.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 23.820, 341.363

Protanopia

16, 15.484, 284.285

Deuteranopia

17, 6.319, 295.885



Tritanopia
16, 17.176, 17.570

Trichromacy



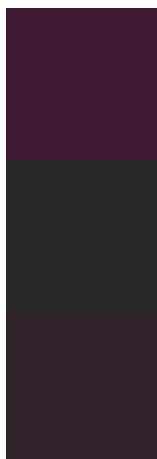
Original Color
16, 23.820, 341.363

Protanomaly
16, 16.751, 308.609

Deuteranomaly
16, 12.535, 325.796

Tritanomaly
16, 18.475, 1.201

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 23.820, 341.363

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 9.177, 338.481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 23.820, 341.363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 26, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 26, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 26, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 26, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 23.820, 341.363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 26, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 26, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 26, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 26, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 26, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 26, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 23.820, 341.363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 26, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 26,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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