

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 23.899, 51.515)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 23.899, 51.515) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 24.033, 52.485)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	411F0C
RGB	65, 31, 12
RGB Percent	25%, 12%, 5%
CMY	0.7466, 0.8797, 0.9548
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.82, 0.75
HSL	22°, 70%, 15%
HSV	22°, 82%, 25%
XYZ	2.7003, 2.0993, 0.5959
YIQ	39.0000, 26.3630, 1.2990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

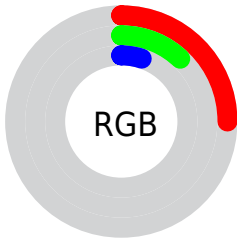
Format	Color
RYB	65, 42, 12
Decimal	4267788
CIELab	16.00, 14.64, 19.06
CIElCh	16, 24.033, 52.485
Yxy	2.0993, 0.5005, 0.3891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282457868 (0xFF411F0C)
YUV	39.0000, -13.3110, 22.8020
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 7.9106, 7.7038

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 24.033, 52.485** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **17, 16.203, 253.993**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 24.098, 53.417**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 26.402, 50.212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 21.167, 54.168**.

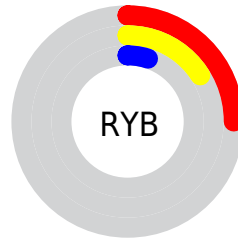
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (12%)

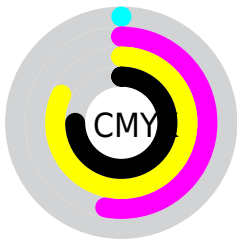
Blue (5%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (5%)

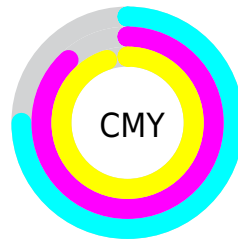


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 24.033, 52.485

 16, 24.033, 52.485

 100, 24.033,
52.485

 6, 24.033, 52.485

 36, 24.033, 52.485

 0, 24.033, 52.485

 46, 24.033, 52.485

 56, 24.033, 52.485

 66, 24.033, 52.485

 76, 24.033, 52.485

 86, 24.033, 52.485

 96, 24.033, 52.485

■ 16, 24.033, 52.485

■ 16, 24.033, 52.485

■ 15, 26.402, 50.212

■ 17, 21.167, 54.168

■ 14, 28.248, 48.833

■ 18, 17.757, 54.761

■ 20, 14.457, 55.328

■ 21, 11.328, 55.948

■ 23, 8.376, 56.618

■ 24, 5.596, 57.326

■ 26, 2.979, 58.046

■ 27, 0.511, 58.480

■ 29, 1.821, 239.798

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 24.033, 52.485



17, 16.203, 253.993

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 24.033, 52.485



16, 24.033, 102.485



16, 24.033, 232.485



16, 24.033, 282.485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 24.032, 52.489



31, 7.961, 57.044



13, 30.284, 343.383



15, 5.505, 56.937



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 24.032, 52.489



20, 36.744, 50.867



24, 27.967, 95.111



12, 1.377, 58.293



23, 42.404, 51.341



54, 83.417, 50.192

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 16.203, 253.993



21, 22.910, 261.579



8, 33.384, 296.991



12, 1.333, 239.888



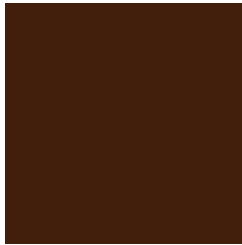
25, 25.759, 262.995



57, 49.914, 267.225

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

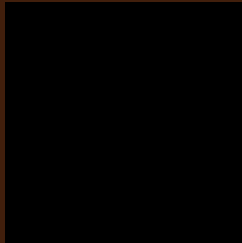
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 24.033, 52.485

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485.

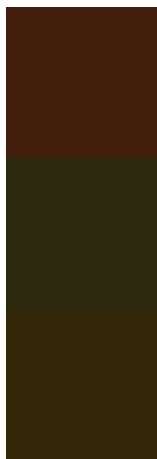


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.033, 52.485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 24.033, 52.485

Protanopia

16, 17.959, 98.318

Deuteranopia

16, 20.604, 85.672



Tritanopia
16, 18.892, 20.807

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 24.033, 52.485

Protanomaly
16, 18.274, 77.811

Deuteranomaly
16, 20.980, 72.175

Tritanomaly
16, 20.064, 35.946

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 24.033, 52.485

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 8.157, 57.145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 24.033, 52.485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 31, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 31, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 31, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 31, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.033, 52.485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 31, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 31, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 31, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 31, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 31, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 31, 12)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.033, 52.485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 31, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 31,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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