

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 24.331, 130.089)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(16, 24.331, 130.089)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(16, 24.452, 129.859)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	192D0A
RGB	25, 45, 10
RGB Percent	10%, 18%, 4%
CMY	0.9022, 0.8238, 0.9612
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.78, 0.82
HSL	94°, 64%, 11%
HSV	94°, 78%, 18%
XYZ	1.3896, 2.0993, 0.6164
YIQ	35.0300, -0.6850, -15.1250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

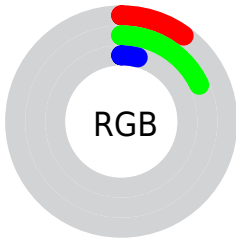
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	10, 45, 30
Decimal	1649930
CIELab	16.00, -15.67, 18.77
CIElCh	16, 24.452, 129.859
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3385, 0.5114
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279840010 (0xFF192D0A)
YUV	35.0300, -12.3398, -8.7963
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -8.2367, 7.6200

# Details

The CIELCh color **16, 24.452, 129.859** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **6, 26.308, 313.586**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 24.412, 129.657**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 26.682, 130.450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 22.022, 129.349**.

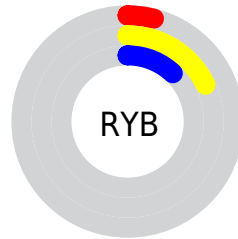
# Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (18%)

Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (12%)

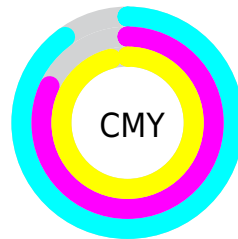


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (78%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (82%)


Yellow (96%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 24.452, 129.859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 24.452, 129.859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 16, 24.452,  
129.859


 16, 24.452,  
129.859

 100, 24.452,  
129.859


 6, 24.452, 129.859


 36, 24.452,  
129.859

 0, 24.452, 129.859

 46, 24.452,  
129.859

 56, 24.452,  
129.859


 66, 24.452,  
129.859


 76, 24.452,  
129.859


 86, 24.452,


129.859


 96, 24.452,  
129.859


 16, 24.452,  
129.859


 16, 24.452,  
129.859

 16, 26.682,  
130.450


 16, 22.022,  
129.349

 16, 28.917,  
130.905

 16, 19.144,  
129.319

 16, 29.375,  
130.983

 17, 15.957,  
129.696

 17, 12.682,  
130.094

 17, 9.356, 130.491

■ 18, 6.007, 130.876

■ 18, 2.655, 131.249

■ 19, 0.684, 311.494

■ 19, 3.997, 311.867

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



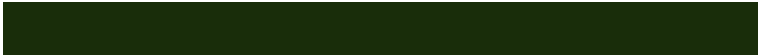
16, 24.452, 129.859



6, 26.308, 313.586

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 24.452, 129.859



16, 24.452, 179.859



16, 24.452, 309.859



16, 24.452, 359.859

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 24.452, 129.860



24, 9.636, 130.631



13, 15.436, 72.013



11, 6.746, 130.610



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 24.452, 129.860



21, 35.595, 128.997



15, 26.707, 141.272



7, 1.748, 131.889



32, 50.166, 128.957



76, 97.932, 130.344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.308, 313.586



7, 39.504, 314.588



9, 26.546, 329.723



7, 1.743, 311.109



12, 55.633, 314.476

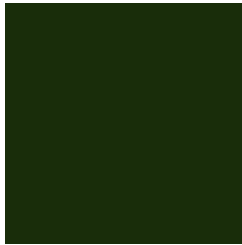


36, 107.847, 313.517



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 24.452, 129.859 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

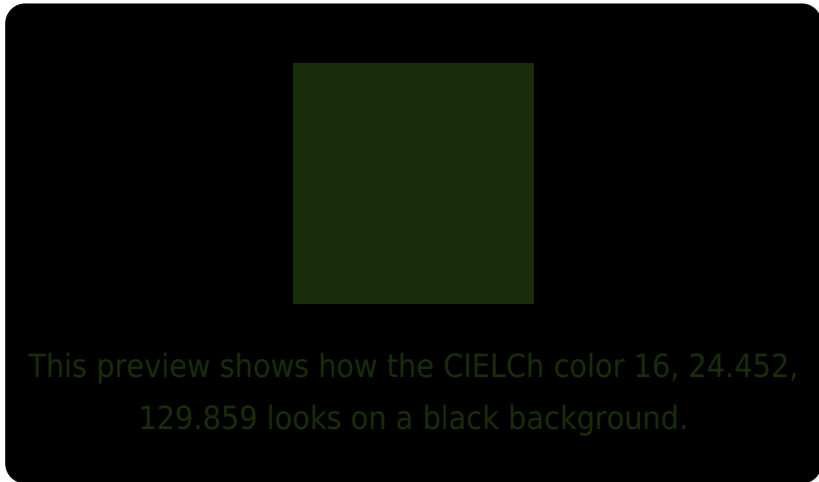
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

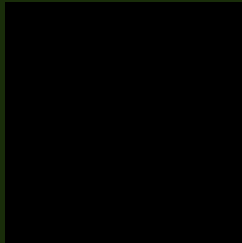
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

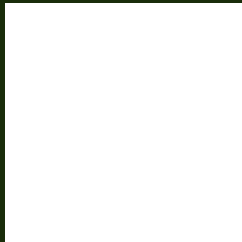
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 16, 24.452, 129.859**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.452, 129.859.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.452, 129.859.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16, 24.452, 129.859


### Protanopia

16, 19.638, 96.943

### Deuteranopia

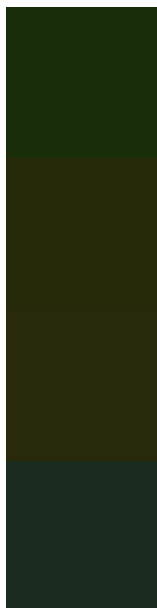
16, 17.998, 83.365





**Tritanopia**  
16, 5.578, 220.666

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
16, 24.452, 129.859

**Protanomaly**  
16, 20.702, 111.300

**Deuteranomaly**  
16, 18.730, 105.380

**Tritanomaly**  
16, 10.594, 150.787

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
16, 24.452, 129.859

**Achromatopsia**  
14, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
14, 10.009, 131.816

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 24.452, 129.859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 45, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 45, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 45, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 45, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.452, 129.859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 45, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 45, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 45, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 45, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 45, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 45, 10)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.452, 129.859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 45, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 45,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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