

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 24.382, 187.515)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 24.382, 187.515)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 16.468, 186.315)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00302C
RGB	0, 48, 44
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 17%
CMY	0.9997, 0.8115, 0.8272
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.81
HSL	175°, 100%, 9%
HSV	175°, 100%, 19%
XYZ	1.5165, 2.3023, 2.7540
YIQ	33.1920, -27.3240, -11.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

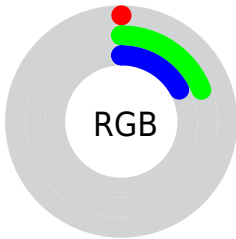
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 48
Decimal	12332
CIELab	17.00, -16.37, -1.81
CIELCh	17, 16.468, 186.315
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2307, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202412 (0xFF00302C)
YUV	33.1920, 5.3283, -29.1094
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -8.7140, -0.1397

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 16.468, 186.315** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6, 25.109, 17.317**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 16.410, 186.338**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 16.483, 186.307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 15.329, 186.872**.

Distribution



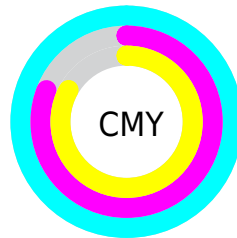
- Red (0%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 16.468, 186.315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 16.468, 186.315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 16.468,
186.315

■ 17, 16.468,
186.315

■ 100, 16.468,
186.315

■ 7, 16.468, 186.315

■ 37, 16.468,
186.315

■ 0, 16.468, 186.315

■ 47, 16.468,
186.315


■ 57, 16.468,
186.315


■ 67, 16.468,
186.315


■ 77, 16.468,
186.315


■ 87, 16.468,


186.315


 97, 16.468,
186.315


 17, 16.468,
186.315


 17, 16.468,
186.315


 17, 16.483,
186.307

 17, 15.329,
186.872

 17, 14.235,
187.506

 17, 13.069,
188.176

 18, 11.685,
188.824

 18, 10.099,
189.459

■ 18, 8.333, 190.086

■ 19, 6.412, 190.710

■ 19, 4.361, 191.337

■ 19, 2.205, 191.993

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 16.468, 186.315



6, 25.109, 17.317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 16.468, 186.315



17, 16.468, 236.315



17, 16.468, 6.315



17, 16.468, 56.315

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 16.468, 186.314



25, 8.127, 190.591



16, 34.093, 137.765



12, 5.591, 190.534



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 16.468, 186.314



24, 19.820, 185.753



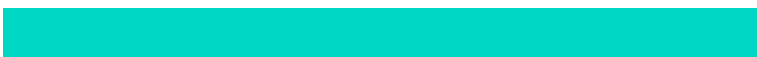
10, 16.009, 262.019



7, 1.122, 192.336



33, 24.469, 185.257



77, 47.428, 184.328

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 25.109, 17.317



10, 32.717, 23.804



10, 19.787, 49.226



7, 1.122, 12.683



16, 42.488, 30.175



45, 88.216, 37.057

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 16.468, 186.315 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

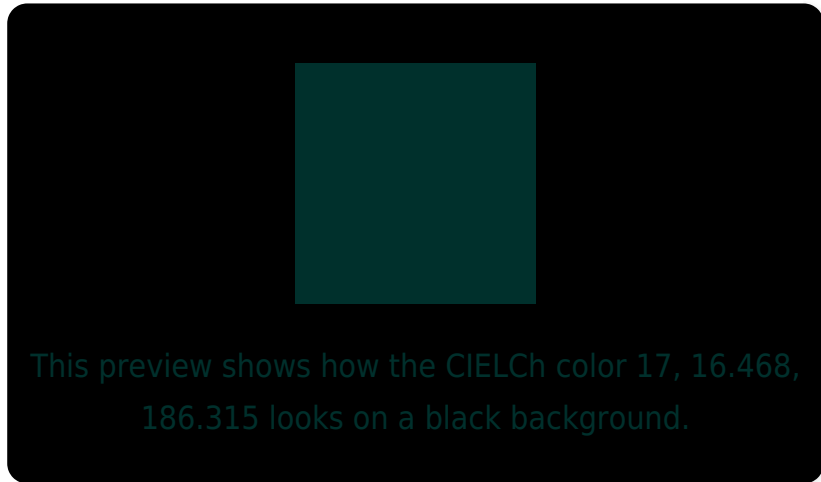
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

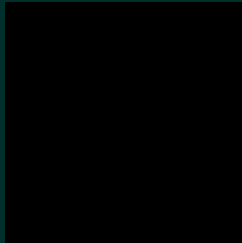
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 16.468, 186.315

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 16.468, 186.315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 16.468, 186.315.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
17, 16.468, 186.315

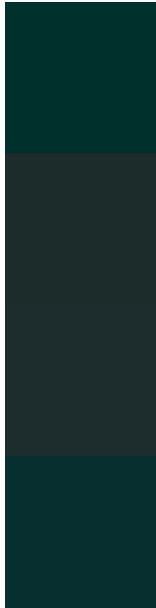
Protanopia
17, 1.185, 55.118

Deuteranopia
17, 3.970, 319.184



Tritanopia
17, 12.481, 210.094

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 16.468, 186.315

Protanomaly
17, 7.265, 186.718

Deuteranomaly
17, 6.529, 204.249

Tritanomaly
17, 13.477, 199.751

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 16.468, 186.315

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 7.531, 192.184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 16.468, 186.315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 48, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 48, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 48, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 16.468, 186.315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 48, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 48, 44); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 44); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 16.468, 186.315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 48,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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