

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 24.615, 344.553)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 24.615, 344.553)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 24.669, 344.157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	431932
RGB	67, 25, 50
RGB Percent	26%, 10%, 20%
CMY	0.7382, 0.9028, 0.8048
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.25, 0.74
HSL	324°, 46%, 18%
HSV	324°, 63%, 26%
XYZ	3.2126, 2.0993, 3.2292
YIQ	40.4080, 17.0070, 16.6790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

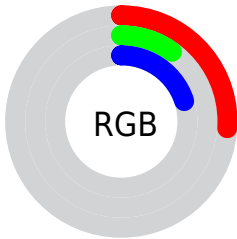
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 25, 50
Decimal	4397362
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 23.73, -6.73
CIE _{LCh}	16, 24.669, 344.157
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3761, 0.2458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282587442 (0xFF431932)
YUV	40.4080, 4.7289, 23.3212
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 14.2228, -3.0717

Details

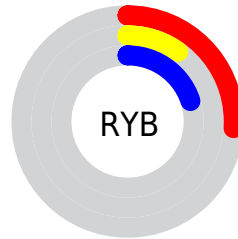
The CIELCh color **16, 24.669, 344.157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **25, 24.071, 153.051**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 24.412, 344.838**, and **1, 5.120, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 27.771, 345.419**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 21.120, 343.064**.

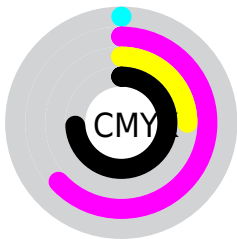
Distribution



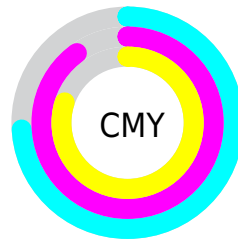
- Red (26%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (74%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 24.669, 344.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 24.669, 344.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 24.669,
344.157


 16, 24.669,
344.157


 100, 24.669,
344.157


 6, 24.669, 344.157


 36, 24.669,
344.157

 0, 24.669, 344.157

 46, 24.669,
344.157


 56, 24.669,
344.157


 66, 24.669,
344.157


 76, 24.669,
344.157


 86, 24.669,


344.157


 96, 24.669,
344.157


 16, 24.669,
344.157


 16, 24.669,
344.157


 15, 27.771,
345.419


 18, 21.120,
343.064

 13, 30.269,
346.904


 19, 17.280,
342.095

 12, 32.367,
348.508

 21, 13.278,
341.222

 12, 34.048,
349.511

 23, 9.211, 340.422

 26, 5.151, 339.675

 28, 1.143, 338.880

■ 30, 2.782, 158.457

■ 32, 6.607, 157.829

■ 34, 10.326,
157.263

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 24.669, 344.157



25, 24.071, 153.051

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 24.669, 344.157



16, 24.669, 34.157



16, 24.669, 164.157



16, 24.669, 214.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 24.668, 344.158



32, 9.488, 340.187



13, 30.385, 308.933



14, 6.432, 340.280



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 24.668, 344.158



20, 34.793, 346.164



15, 21.984, 19.102



12, 2.203, 339.355



19, 43.419, 351.207



49, 79.019, 353.724

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 24.668, 344.158



20, 34.793, 346.164



25, 15.852, 186.720



12, 2.203, 339.355



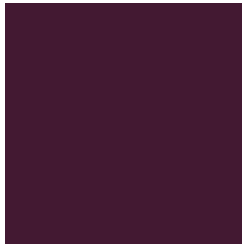
19, 43.419, 351.207



49, 79.019, 353.724

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 24.669, 344.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

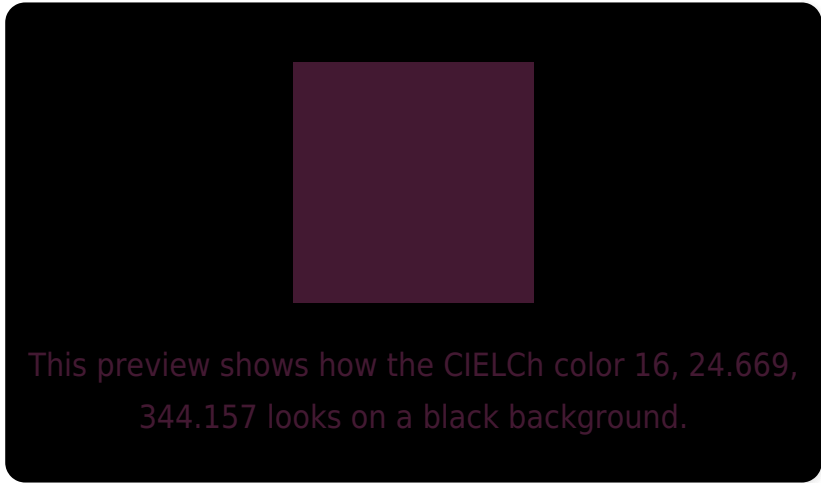
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

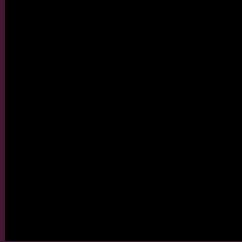
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 24.669, 344.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.669, 344.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 24.669, 344.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 24.669, 344.157

Protanopia

16, 14.759, 284.952

Deuteranopia

17, 5.682, 300.829



Tritanopia
16, 18.892, 20.807

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 24.669, 344.157

Protanomaly
16, 17.006, 311.482

Deuteranomaly
16, 13.067, 329.457

Tritanomaly
16, 20.322, 4.439

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 24.669, 344.157

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 10.336, 339.572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 24.669, 344.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 25, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 25, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 25, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 25, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.669, 344.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 25, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 25, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 25, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 25, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 25, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 25, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 24.669, 344.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 25, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 25,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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