

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 27.016, 63.866)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 27.016, 63.866) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 26.664, 62.576)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F2000
RGB	63, 32, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.7525, 0.8741, 0.9994
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	30°, 99%, 12%
HSV	30°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.5772, 2.0993, 0.2740
YIQ	37.6210, 28.7480, -3.3800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	61, 63, 0
Decimal	4136960
CIELab	16.00, 12.28, 23.67
CIELCh	16, 26.664, 62.576
Yxy	2.0993, 0.5206, 0.4241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282327040 (0xFF3F2000)
YUV	37.6210, -18.5472, 22.2574
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 6.3940, 9.0212

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 26.664, 62.576** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **12, 23.793, 278.255**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 26.790, 61.785**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 26.715, 62.534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 24.648, 64.565**.

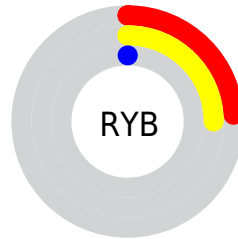
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (13%)

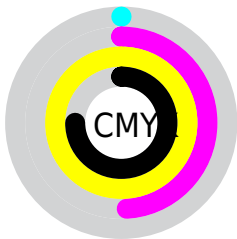
Blue (0%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (0%)

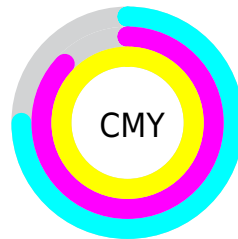


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 26.664, 62.576

 16, 26.664, 62.576

 100, 26.664,
62.576

 6, 26.664, 62.576

 36, 26.664, 62.576

 0, 26.664, 62.576

 46, 26.664, 62.576

 56, 26.664, 62.576

 66, 26.664, 62.576

 76, 26.664, 62.576

 86, 26.664, 62.576

 96, 26.664, 62.576

■ 16, 26.664, 62.576

■ 16, 26.664, 62.576

■ 16, 26.715, 62.534

■ 17, 24.648, 64.565

■ 18, 22.584, 66.836

■ 19, 19.834, 68.451

■ 20, 16.718, 69.614

■ 21, 13.663, 70.748

■ 22, 10.703, 71.867

■ 23, 7.850, 72.975

■ 24, 5.107, 74.065

■ 26, 2.471, 75.118

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 26.664, 62.576



12, 23.793, 278.255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 26.664, 62.576



16, 26.664, 112.576



16, 26.664, 242.576



16, 26.664, 292.576

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 26.664, 62.579



30, 9.836, 72.805



10, 31.601, 356.401



14, 6.616, 72.644



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 26.664, 62.579



22, 34.727, 63.172



26, 35.178, 103.022



11, 1.367, 75.254



25, 39.691, 63.218



59, 76.681, 60.721

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 23.793, 278.255



16, 29.465, 280.511



3, 43.533, 301.547



11, 1.347, 257.235



19, 33.199, 281.536



47, 66.783, 285.369

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

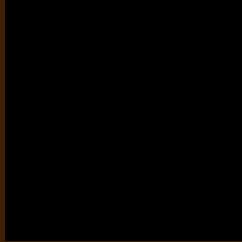
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 26.664, 62.576

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576.

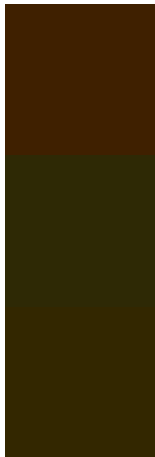


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 26.664, 62.576.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 26.664, 62.576

Protanopia

16, 21.849, 97.408

Deuteranopia

16, 23.715, 87.682



Tritanopia
16, 17.784, 20.130

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 26.664, 62.576

Protanomaly
16, 22.433, 83.788

Deuteranomaly
16, 23.887, 77.281

Tritanomaly
16, 20.685, 44.542

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 26.664, 62.576

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 10.478, 72.599

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 26.664, 62.576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 32, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 32, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 32, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 32, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 26.664, 62.576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 32, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 32, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 32, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 32, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 32, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 32, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 26.664, 62.576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 32, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 32,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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