

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 32.314, 139.118)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 32.314, 139.118)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 31.960, 139.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	052F04
RGB	5, 47, 4
RGB Percent	2%, 18%, 2%
CMY	0.9796, 0.8146, 0.9827
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.91, 0.81
HSL	119°, 83%, 10%
HSV	119°, 91%, 19%
XYZ	1.1173, 2.0993, 0.4727
YIQ	29.5400, -11.2290, -22.2770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

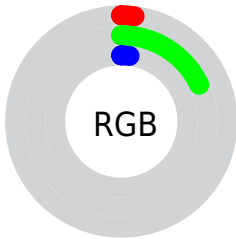
Format	Color
R_{YB}	4, 47, 46
Decimal	339716
CIE Lab	16.00, -24.24, 20.83
CIE LCh	16, 31.960, 139.337
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3028, 0.5690
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278529796 (0xFF052F04)
YUV	29.5400, -12.5912, -21.5216
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -11.5910, 8.2081

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 31.960, 139.337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8, 32.464, 327.338**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 32.063, 139.575**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 34.385, 139.465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 29.448, 139.344**.

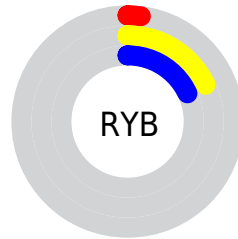
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (18%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

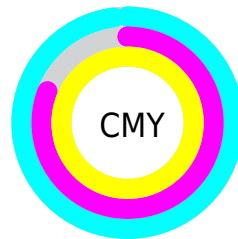


Cyan (89%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (98%)


Magenta (81%)


Yellow (98%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 31.960, 139.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 31.960, 139.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 31.960,
139.337


 16, 31.960,
139.337


 100, 31.960,
139.337


 6, 31.960, 139.337


 36, 31.960,
139.337

 0, 31.960, 139.337

 46, 31.960,
139.337


 56, 31.960,
139.337


 66, 31.960,
139.337


 76, 31.960,
139.337


 86, 31.960,


139.337


 96, 31.960,
139.337

 16, 31.960,
139.337


 16, 31.960,
139.337


 16, 34.385,
139.465

 16, 29.448,
139.344

 16, 26.777,
139.476

 17, 23.538,
139.996

 17, 19.895,
140.834

 17, 16.078,
141.604

■ 18, 12.156,
142.298

■ 18, 8.185, 142.915

■ 19, 4.211, 143.464

■ 19, 0.268, 144.261

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 31.960, 139.337



8, 32.464, 327.338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 31.960, 139.337



16, 31.960, 189.337



16, 31.960, 319.337



16, 31.960, 9.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 31.960, 139.337



24, 13.285, 142.441



18, 24.731, 102.486



10, 8.715, 142.646



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 31.960, 139.337



21, 42.318, 136.789



16, 23.545, 153.028



7, 1.962, 143.994



31, 54.443, 135.830



75, 104.917, 135.951

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 32.464, 327.338



11, 41.725, 327.585



7, 24.244, 351.032



7, 1.965, 323.892



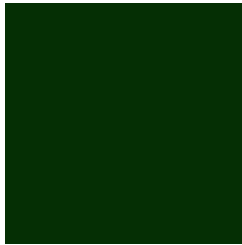
18, 52.703, 327.548



50, 101.402, 327.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 31.960, 139.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

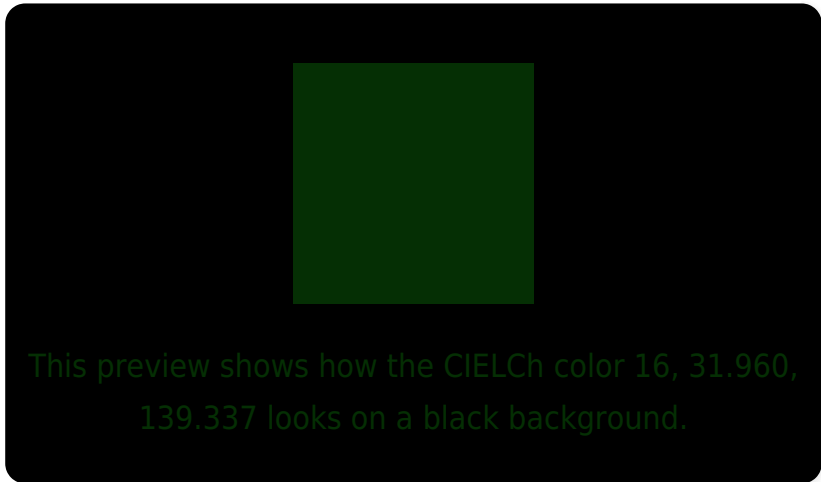
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

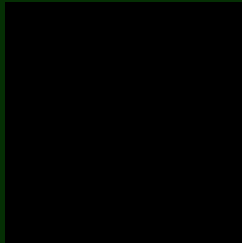
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 31.960, 139.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 31.960, 139.337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 31.960, 139.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

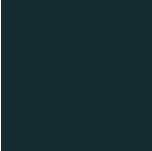
16, 31.960, 139.337

Protanopia

16, 23.855, 97.775

Deuteranopia

16, 19.107, 82.596



Tritanopia
16, 9.691, 214.526

Trichromacy



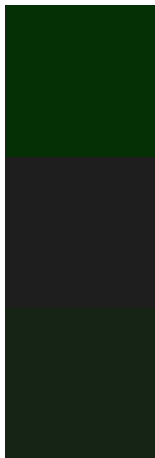
Original Color
16, 31.960, 139.337

Protanomaly
16, 24.964, 120.129

Deuteranomaly
15, 20.371, 116.252

Tritanomaly
16, 15.947, 161.392

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 31.960, 139.337

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 13.139, 142.182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 31.960, 139.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 47, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 47, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 47, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 47, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 31.960, 139.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 47, 4) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 47, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 47, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 47, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 47, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 47, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 31.960, 139.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 47, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 47,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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