

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 35.498, 325.547)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 35.498, 325.547)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 35.498, 325.547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	421545
RGB	66, 21, 69
RGB Percent	26%, 8%, 27%
CMY	0.7424, 0.9188, 0.7306
CMYK	0.04, 0.70, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	296°, 54%, 18%
HSV	296°, 70%, 27%
XYZ	3.5543, 2.0993, 5.8006
YIQ	39.9270, 11.4120, 24.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

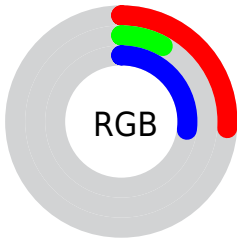
Format	Color
R_{YB}	66, 21, 69
Decimal	4330821
CIE Lab	16.00, 29.27, -20.08
CIE LCh	16, 35.498, 325.547
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3103, 0.1833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282520901 (0xFF421545)
YUV	39.9270, 14.3330, 22.8660
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 18.4323, -13.5941

Details

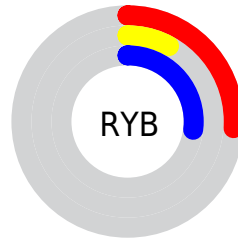
The CIELCh color **16, 35.498, 325.547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **25, 35.651, 137.944**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 35.451, 325.415**, and **2, 14.575, 309.131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 39.133, 325.757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 31.201, 325.258**.

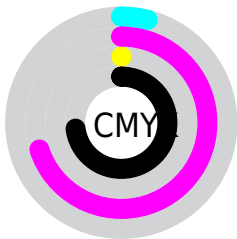
Distribution



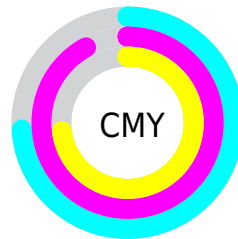
- Red (26%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 35.498, 325.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 35.498, 325.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 35.498,
325.547

■ 16, 35.498,
325.547

■ 100, 35.498,
325.547

■ 6, 35.498, 325.547

■ 36, 35.498,
325.547

■ 0, 35.498, 325.547

■ 46, 35.498,
325.547


■ 56, 35.498,
325.547


■ 66, 35.498,
325.547


■ 76, 35.498,
325.547


■ 86, 35.498,


325.547


 96, 35.498,
325.547


 16, 35.498,
325.547


 16, 35.498,
325.547


 15, 39.133,
325.757


 17, 31.201,
325.258


 14, 42.067,
325.887


 19, 26.417,
324.906

 13, 45.087,
326.036

 21, 21.308,
324.509

 13, 45.130,
326.039

 23, 16.010,
324.080

 25, 10.633,
323.633

■ 27, 5.255, 323.172

■ 29, 0.067, 144.441

■ 31, 5.296, 142.331

■ 34, 10.410,
141.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 35.498, 325.547



25, 35.651, 137.944

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 35.498, 325.547



16, 35.498, 15.547



16, 35.498, 145.547



16, 35.498, 195.547

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 35.497, 325.547



32, 13.976, 323.723



11, 32.492, 297.707



15, 9.544, 323.777



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 35.497, 325.547



20, 49.371, 325.854



15, 27.079, 346.789



12, 2.873, 323.106



20, 57.074, 325.926



51, 105.303, 325.750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 25.506, 23.624



18, 38.325, 28.950



25, 26.339, 153.350



12, 1.692, 14.678



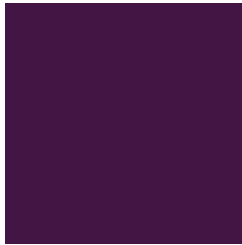
18, 47.084, 32.757



47, 92.436, 37.993

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 35.498, 325.547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

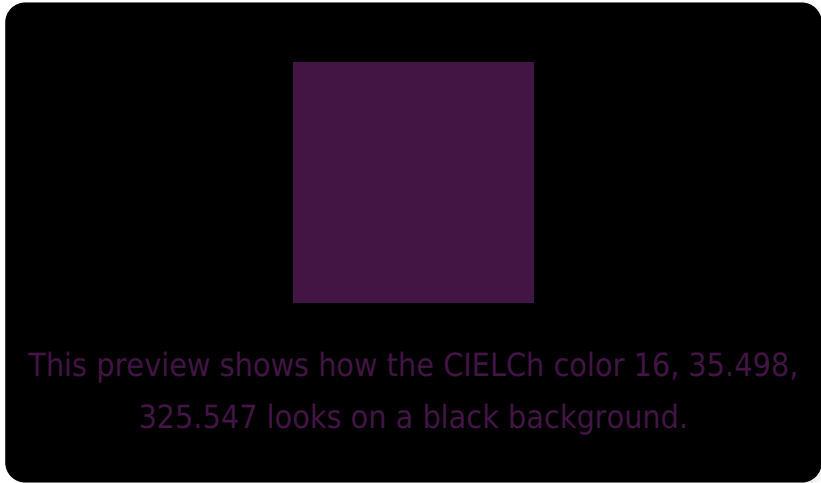
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

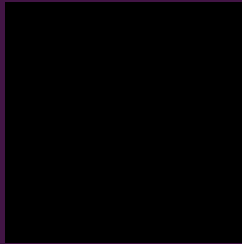
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 35.498, 325.547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 35.498, 325.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 35.498, 325.547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 35.498, 325.547

Protanopia

16, 31.115, 282.342

Deuteranopia

17, 17.187, 277.895



Tritanopia
16, 15.576, 18.705

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 35.498, 325.547

Protanomaly
15, 31.708, 293.657

Deuteranomaly
16, 22.708, 302.429

Tritanomaly
16, 20.437, 346.235

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 35.498, 325.547

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 13.973, 324.285

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 35.498, 325.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 21, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 21, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 21, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 21, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 35.498, 325.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 21, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 21, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 21, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 21, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 21, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 21, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 35.498, 325.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 21, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 21,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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