

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 36.731, 38.775)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 36.731, 38.775) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 36.822, 39.250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	501103
RGB	80, 17, 3
RGB Percent	31%, 7%, 1%
CMY	0.6870, 0.9340, 0.9892
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.97, 0.69
HSL	11°, 93%, 16%
HSV	11°, 97%, 31%
XYZ	3.5063, 2.0993, 0.2998
YIQ	34.2410, 42.0420, 9.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

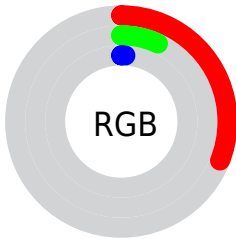
Format	Color
RYB	80, 20, 3
Decimal	5247235
CIELab	16.00, 28.51, 23.30
CIELCh	16, 36.822, 39.250
Yxy	2.0993, 0.5937, 0.3555
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283437315 (0xFF501103)
YUV	34.2410, -15.4018, 40.1306
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 17.8406, 8.9153

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 36.822, 39.250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **25, 18.465, 227.634**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 36.509, 39.706**, and **2, 8.359, 16.640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 37.883, 39.230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 33.576, 39.920**.

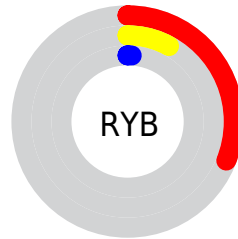
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (7%)

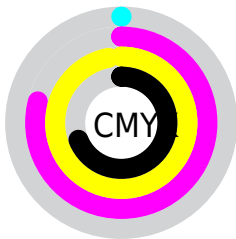
Blue (1%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (1%)

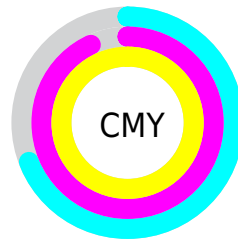


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 36.822, 39.250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 36.822, 39.250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 36.822, 39.250

 16, 36.822, 39.250

 100, 36.822,
39.250

 6, 36.822, 39.250

 36, 36.822, 39.250

 0, 36.822, 39.250

 46, 36.822, 39.250

 56, 36.822, 39.250

 66, 36.822, 39.250

 76, 36.822, 39.250

 86, 36.822, 39.250

 96, 36.822, 39.250

■ 16, 36.822, 39.250

■ 16, 36.822, 39.250

■ 16, 37.883, 39.230

■ 17, 33.576, 39.920

■ 19, 29.604, 40.124

■ 20, 24.995, 39.190

■ 22, 20.535, 38.444

■ 24, 16.301, 37.910

■ 26, 12.327, 37.563

■ 28, 8.619, 37.370

■ 30, 5.171, 37.294

■ 32, 1.968, 37.251

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 36.822, 39.250



25, 18.465, 227.634

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 36.822, 39.250



16, 36.822, 89.250



16, 36.822, 219.250



16, 36.822, 269.250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 36.821, 39.253



36, 11.933, 37.423



16, 43.348, 335.188



17, 8.335, 37.471



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 36.821, 39.253



22, 48.863, 41.702



25, 33.794, 78.483



15, 1.729, 37.271



51, 93.489, 42.663

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 18.465, 227.634



33, 22.622, 229.685



12, 36.830, 292.209



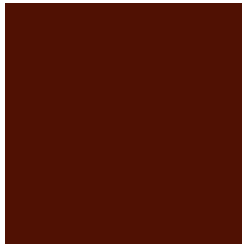
16, 1.645, 217.727



71, 40.673, 232.318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 36.822, 39.250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

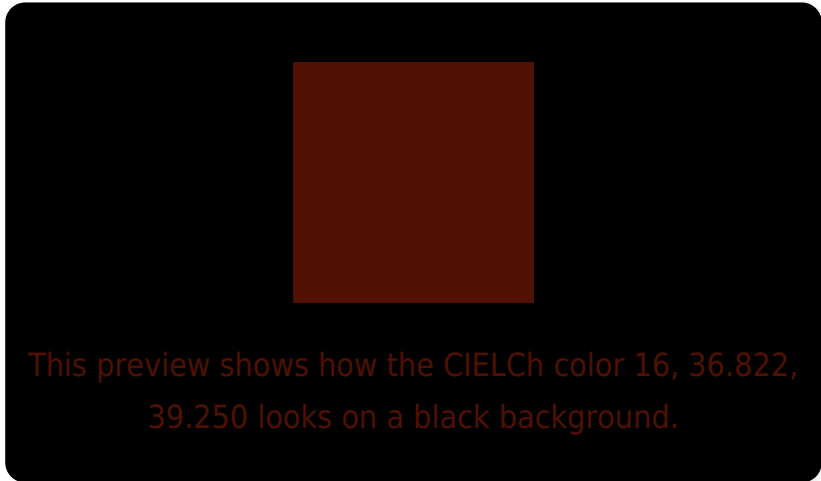
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

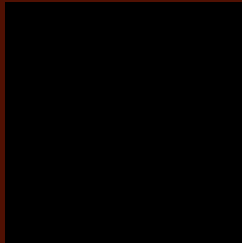
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 36.822, 39.250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 36.822, 39.250.

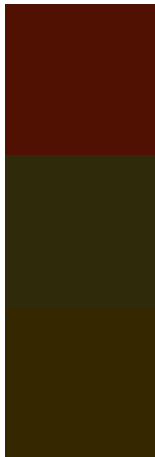


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 36.822, 39.250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 36.822, 39.250

Protanopia

17, 20.442, 97.114

Deuteranopia

17, 24.520, 86.704



Tritanopia
16, 34.312, 30.796

Trichromacy



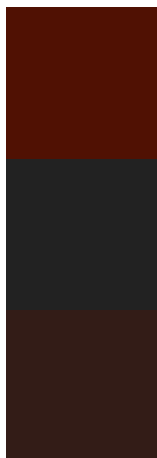
Original Color
16, 36.822, 39.250

Protanomaly
16, 22.610, 63.924

Deuteranomaly
16, 26.343, 62.069

Tritanomaly
16, 35.400, 34.295

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 36.822, 39.250

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 13.457, 37.763

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 36.822, 39.250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 17, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 17, 3)  
}
```


If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 17, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 17, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 36.822, 39.250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 17, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 17, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 17, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 17, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 17, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 17, 3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 36.822, 39.250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 17, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 17,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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