

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 36.812, 299.672)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 36.812, 299.672)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 36.812, 299.672)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	232156
RGB	35, 33, 86
RGB Percent	14%, 13%, 34%
CMY	0.8636, 0.8713, 0.6636
CMYK	0.59, 0.62, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	242°, 45%, 23%
HSV	242°, 62%, 34%
XYZ	2.8953, 2.0993, 9.0112
YIQ	39.6400, -15.8210, 16.9070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

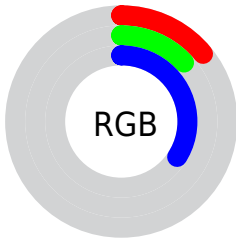
Format	Color
RYB	35, 33, 86
Decimal	2302294
CIELab	16.00, 18.22, -31.98
CIELCh	16, 36.812, 299.672
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2067, 0.1499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280492374 (0xFF232156)
YUV	39.6400, 22.8555, -4.0693
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 10.3132, -26.7322

Details

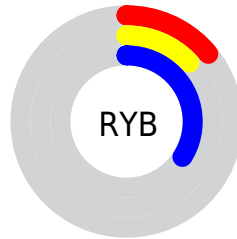
The CIELCh color **16, 36.812, 299.672** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **35, 31.254, 106.683**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 36.774, 299.839**, and **2, 24.049, 291.780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 43.339, 301.519**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 30.318, 297.925**.

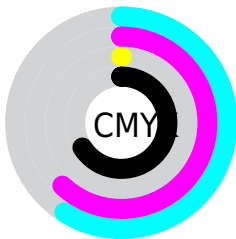
Distribution



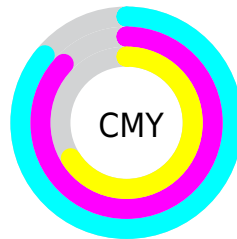
- Red (14%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 36.812, 299.672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 36.812, 299.672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 36.812,
299.672

■ 16, 36.812,
299.672

■ 100, 36.812,
299.672

■ 6, 36.812, 299.672

■ 36, 36.812,
299.672

■ 0, 36.812, 299.672

■ 46, 36.812,
299.672

■ 56, 36.812,
299.672

■ 66, 36.812,
299.672

■ 76, 36.812,
299.672

■ 86, 36.812,

299.672

■ 96, 36.812,
299.672

■ 16, 36.812,
299.672

■ 16, 36.812,
299.672

■ 13, 43.339,
301.519

■ 19, 30.318,
297.925

■ 10, 49.583,
303.324

■ 23, 23.997,
296.343

■ 8, 55.114, 304.942

■ 26, 17.898,
294.948

■ 6, 59.681, 306.199

■ 29, 12.027,
293.735

■ 33, 6.378, 292.688

■ 36, 0.935, 291.809

■ 39, 4.314, 110.994

■ 42, 9.383, 110.324

■ 46, 14.283,
109.743

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 36.812, 299.672



35, 31.254, 106.683

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 36.812, 299.672



16, 36.812, 349.672



16, 36.812, 119.672



16, 36.812, 169.672

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 36.812, 299.673



39, 13.062, 293.502



33, 17.433, 200.766



18, 8.922, 293.697



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 36.812, 299.673



17, 55.978, 302.400



19, 36.942, 312.928



16, 3.049, 292.408



10, 70.435, 306.495



29, 125.467, 306.368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 37.759, 328.444



28, 53.445, 328.990



33, 34.200, 127.688



16, 3.594, 325.866



24, 59.376, 329.682



55, 105.355, 329.783

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 36.812, 299.672 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

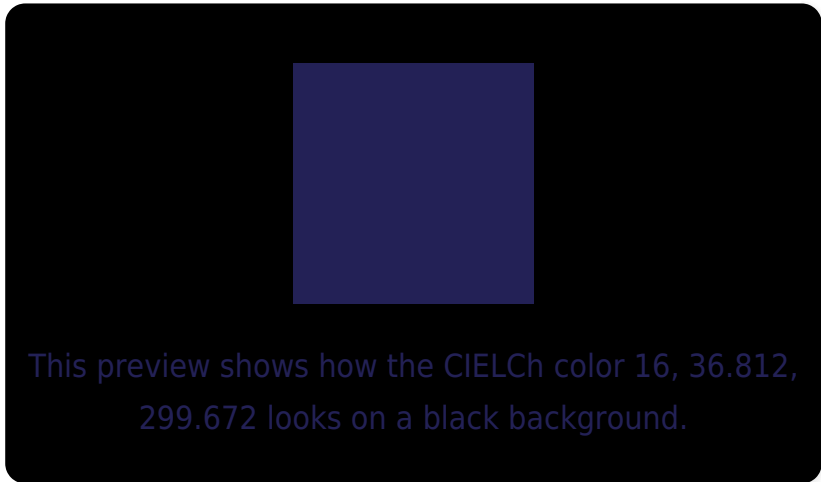
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

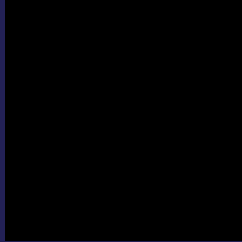
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 36.812, 299.672

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 36.812, 299.672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 36.812, 299.672.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 36.812, 299.672

Protanopia

16, 30.535, 282.222

Deuteranopia

16, 22.510, 269.434



Tritanopia
16, 10.218, 209.387

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 36.812, 299.672

Protanomaly
16, 32.306, 288.017

Deuteranomaly
15, 27.005, 283.117

Tritanomaly
16, 15.479, 272.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 36.812, 299.672

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 13.393, 293.706

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 36.812, 299.672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 33, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 33, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 33, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 33, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 36.812, 299.672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 33, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 33, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 33, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 33, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 33, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 33, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 36.812, 299.672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 33, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 33,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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