

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 39.308, 17.559)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 39.308, 17.559) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 39.384, 17.446)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	570019
RGB	87, 0, 25
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 10%
CMY	0.6587, 0.9998, 0.9018
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.71, 0.66
HSL	343°, 100%, 17%
HSV	343°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.1104, 2.0993, 1.1099
YIQ	28.8630, 43.8270, 26.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

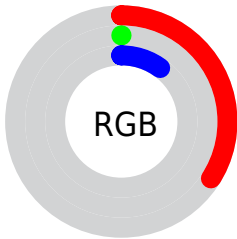
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 0, 25
Decimal	5701657
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 37.57, 11.81
CIE _{LCh}	16, 39.384, 17.446
Yxy	2.0993, 0.5616, 0.2868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283891737 (0xFF570019)
YUV	28.8630, -1.9045, 50.9861
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 25.2833, 5.6005

Details

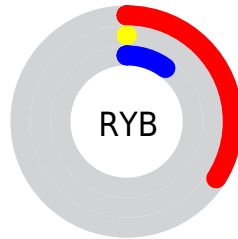
The CIELCh color **16, 39.384, 17.446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **32, 30.907, 164.669**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 39.282, 17.023**, and **3, 14.623, 17.825** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 39.399, 17.465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 36.371, 13.870**.

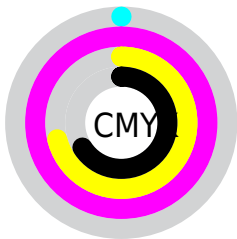
Distribution



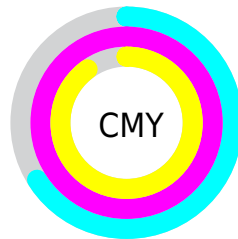
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 39.384, 17.446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 39.384, 17.446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 39.384, 17.446

 16, 39.384, 17.446

 100, 39.384,
17.446

 6, 39.384, 17.446

 36, 39.384, 17.446

 0, 39.384, 17.446

 46, 39.384, 17.446

 56, 39.384, 17.446

 66, 39.384, 17.446

 76, 39.384, 17.446

 86, 39.384, 17.446

 96, 39.384, 17.446

■ 16, 39.384, 17.446

■ 16, 39.384, 17.446

■ 16, 39.399, 17.465

■ 17, 36.371, 13.870

■ 18, 33.437, 10.170

■ 20, 29.922, 7.170

■ 22, 25.934, 4.757

■ 24, 21.640, 2.801

■ 26, 17.198, 1.190

■ 29, 12.738,
359.840

■ 32, 8.348, 358.683

■ 34, 4.086, 357.659

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 39.384, 17.446



32, 30.907, 164.669

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 39.384, 17.446



16, 39.384, 67.446



16, 39.384, 197.446



16, 39.384, 247.446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 39.382, 17.448



37, 15.756, 359.967



14, 54.477, 318.069



17, 10.668, 0.287



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 39.382, 17.448



22, 47.468, 19.441



18, 40.882, 40.972



16, 2.286, 357.542



21, 45.858, 19.110



50, 83.321, 23.216

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 39.382, 17.448



22, 47.468, 19.441



27, 19.955, 232.345



16, 2.286, 357.542



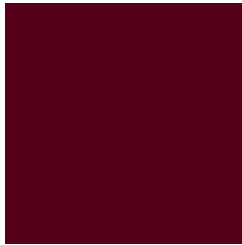
21, 45.858, 19.110



50, 83.321, 23.216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 39.384, 17.446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

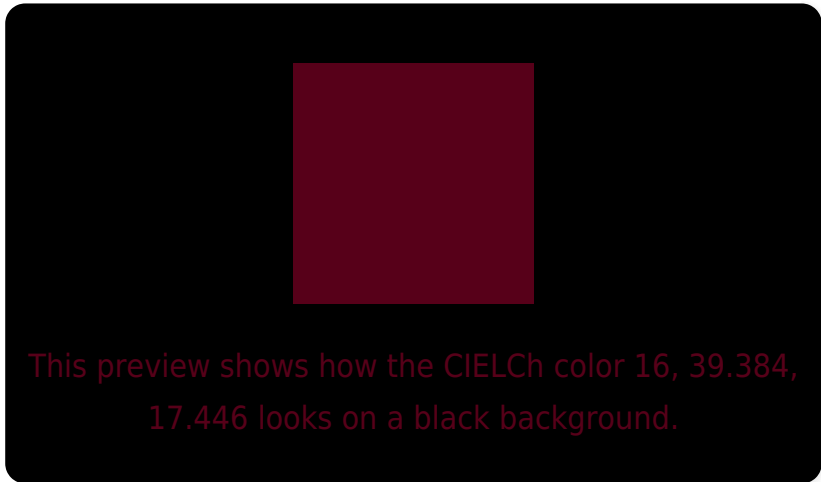
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 39.384, 17.446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 39.384, 17.446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 39.384, 17.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 39.384, 17.446

Protanopia

18, 5.037, 91.526

Deuteranopia

18, 16.165, 79.917



Tritanopia
17, 40.554, 33.727

Trichromacy



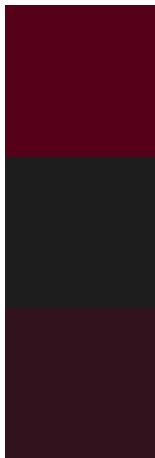
Original Color
16, 39.384, 17.446

Protanomaly
15, 17.710, 13.733

Deuteranomaly
16, 22.731, 33.962

Tritanomaly
16, 40.165, 28.951

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 39.384, 17.446

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 17.528, 2.464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 39.384, 17.446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 0, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 0, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 0, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 0, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 39.384, 17.446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 0, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 0, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 0, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 0, 25); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 25); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 25) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 39.384, 17.446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 0, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 0,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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