

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 4.906, 197.544)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 4.906, 197.544) contains.

CIELCh(16, 4.969, 198.350)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(16, 4.969, 198.350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F2A2A
RGB	31, 42, 42
RGB Percent	12%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8790, 0.8359, 0.8359
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	180°, 15%, 14%
HSV	180°, 26%, 16%
XYZ	1.7976, 2.0993, 2.4858
YIQ	38.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

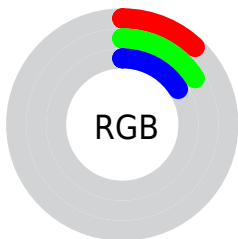
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 37, 42
Decimal	2042410
CIE Lab	16.00, -4.72, -1.56
CIE LCh	16, 4.969, 198.350
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2816, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280232490 (0xFF1F2A2A)
YUV	38.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -3.2102, -0.0297

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 4.969, 198.350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 5.707, 20.923**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 4.939, 198.784**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 6.668, 197.969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 3.154, 198.763**.

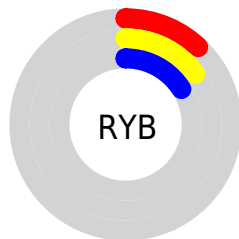
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (16%)

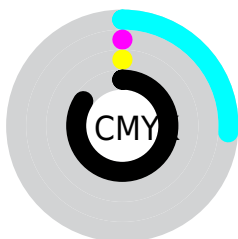
Blue (16%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (16%)

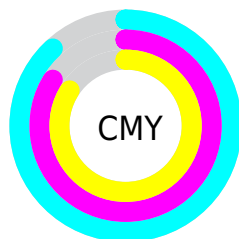


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 4.969, 198.350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 4.969, 198.350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 4.969, 198.350	 16, 4.969, 198.350
 100, 4.969, 198.350	 6, 4.969, 198.350
 36, 4.969, 198.350	 0, 4.969, 198.350
 46, 4.969, 198.350	
 56, 4.969, 198.350	
 66, 4.969, 198.350	
 76, 4.969, 198.350	
 86, 4.969, 198.350	
 96, 4.969, 198.350	

■ 16, 4.969, 198.350

■ 16, 4.969, 198.350

■ 16, 6.668, 197.969

■ 16, 3.154, 198.763

■ 15, 8.229, 197.631

■ 17, 1.242, 199.277

■ 15, 9.633, 197.333

■ 17, 0.748, 19.319

■ 15, 10.863,
197.075

■ 18, 2.797, 19.967

■ 15, 11.903,
196.860

■ 18, 4.889, 20.473

■ 19, 7.012, 20.973

■ 15, 12.868,
196.662

■ 19, 9.154, 21.475

■ 15, 13.869,
196.459

■ 20, 11.306, 21.979

■ 20, 13.459, 22.483

■ 14, 14.251,
196.382

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 4.969, 198.350



13, 5.707, 20.923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 4.969, 198.350



16, 4.969, 248.350



16, 4.969, 18.350



16, 4.969, 68.350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 4.969, 198.344



22, 1.940, 199.144



16, 9.387, 142.678



10, 1.395, 199.120



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 4.969, 198.344



21, 7.299, 198.056



14, 4.501, 256.602



6, 0.896, 199.526



32, 22.374, 196.381



77, 43.544, 196.381

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 5.707, 20.923



16, 8.762, 21.558



15, 4.786, 71.037



6, 0.896, 19.295



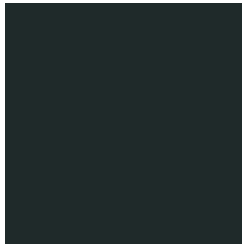
15, 42.656, 33.024



44, 90.861, 39.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 4.969, 198.350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

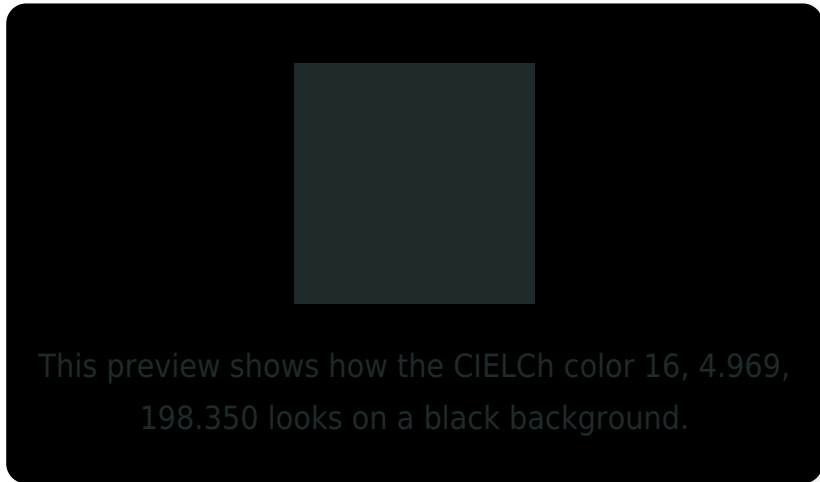
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

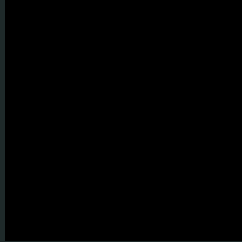
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 4.969, 198.350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 4.969, 198.350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 4.969, 198.350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 4.969, 198.350

Protanopia

16, 0.858, 324.450

Deuteranopia

16, 3.161, 317.591



Tritanopia
16, 5.131, 231.985

Trichromacy



Original Color

16, 4.969, 198.350

Protanomaly

16, 1.565, 225.924

Deuteranomaly

16, 2.283, 266.709

Tritanomaly

16, 4.845, 224.476

Monochromacy



Original Color

16, 4.969, 198.350

Achromatopsia

16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

16, 1.889, 199.071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 16, 4.969, 198.350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 42, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 42, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 42, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 4.969, 198.350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 42, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 42, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 42, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 42, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 42, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 4.969, 198.350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 42, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 42,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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