

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 4.950, 20.087)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 4.950, 20.087) contains.

CIELCh(16, 5.036, 12.691)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(16, 5.036, 12.691)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F2526
RGB	47, 37, 38
RGB Percent	18%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.8143, 0.8536, 0.8496
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.19, 0.81
HSL	354°, 12%, 17%
HSV	354°, 21%, 19%
XYZ	2.2162, 2.0993, 2.1510
YIQ	40.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

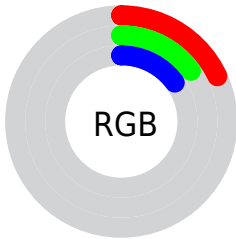
Format	Color
RYB	47, 37, 38
Decimal	3089702
CIELab	16.00, 4.91, 1.11
CIELCh	16, 5.036, 12.691
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3427, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281279782 (0xFF2F2526)
YUV	40.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 1.9475, 1.3402

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 5.036, 12.691** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 4.595, 189.865**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 4.840, 12.740**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 7.611, 13.666**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 2.584, 11.854**.

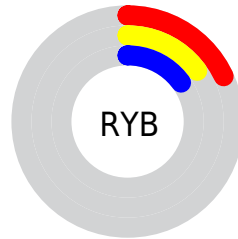
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (15%)

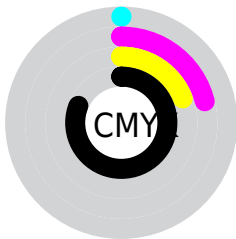
Blue (15%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (15%)

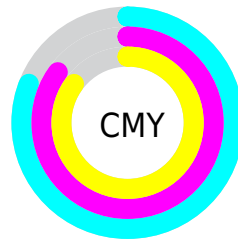


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 5.036, 12.691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 5.036, 12.691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 5.036, 12.691  16, 5.036, 12.691

 100, 5.036, 12.691  6, 5.036, 12.691

 36, 5.036, 12.691  0, 5.036, 12.691

 46, 5.036, 12.691

 56, 5.036, 12.691

 66, 5.036, 12.691

 76, 5.036, 12.691

 86, 5.036, 12.691

 96, 5.036, 12.691

 16, 5.036, 12.691  16, 5.036, 12.691

14, 7.611, 13.666	18, 2.584, 11.854
13, 10.297, 14.816	19, 0.259, 10.480
11, 13.071, 16.201	21, 1.941, 190.748
10, 15.874, 17.678	23, 4.023, 190.176
9, 18.500, 18.069	25, 5.994, 189.703
8, 20.815, 17.878	26, 7.864, 189.288
7, 22.900, 17.093	28, 9.642, 188.920
6, 24.670, 16.385	30, 11.336, 188.588
	32, 12.954, 188.288

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 5.036, 12.691



19, 4.595, 189.865

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 5.036, 12.691



16, 5.036, 62.691



16, 5.036, 192.691



16, 5.036, 242.691

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 5.035, 12.698



25, 1.704, 11.450



16, 8.192, 322.549



11, 1.103, 11.440



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 5.035, 12.698



21, 7.489, 13.184



17, 4.106, 62.098



7, 1.125, 11.391



16, 42.248, 29.488



45, 87.404, 36.294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 5.035, 12.698



21, 7.489, 13.184



17, 3.814, 246.033



7, 1.125, 11.391



16, 42.248, 29.488



45, 87.404, 36.294

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 5.036, 12.691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

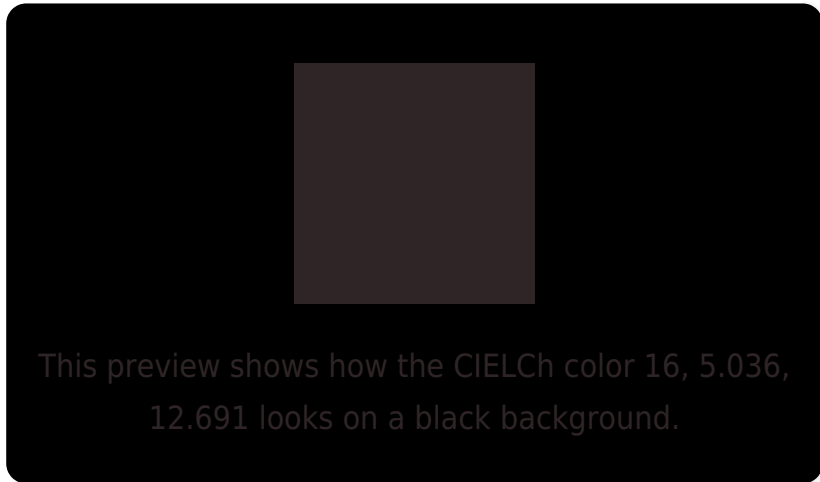
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

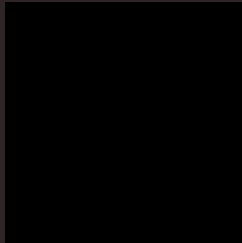
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

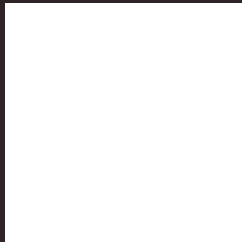
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 5.036, 12.691

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 5.036, 12.691.

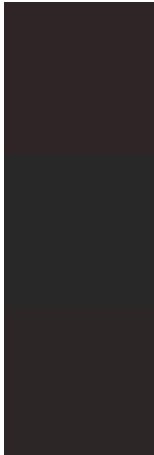


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 5.036, 12.691.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

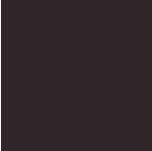
16, 5.036, 12.691

Protanopia

16, 0.483, 19.137

Deuteranopia

16, 2.572, 35.585



Tritanopia
16, 5.803, 359.781

Trichromacy



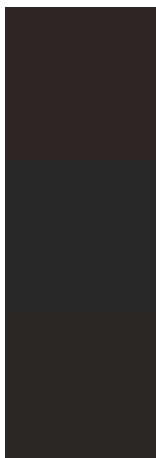
Original Color
16, 5.036, 12.691

Protanomaly
16, 1.960, 19.774

Deuteranomaly
16, 3.477, 20.187

Tritanomaly
16, 5.630, 6.509

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 5.036, 12.691

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 1.960, 19.774

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 5.036, 12.691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 37, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 37, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 37, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 37, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 5.036, 12.691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 37, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 37, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 37, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 37, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 37, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 37, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 5.036, 12.691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 37, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 37,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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