

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 42.886, 337.122)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 42.886, 337.122)
contains.

CIELCh(16, 42.856, 337.189)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	24

Color

CIELCh(16, 42.856, 337.189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	500140
RGB	80, 1, 64
RGB Percent	31%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.6862, 0.9960, 0.7489
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.20, 0.69
HSL	312°, 97%, 16%
HSV	312°, 99%, 31%
XYZ	4.2476, 2.0993, 5.0352
YIQ	31.8030, 26.8610, 36.3410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

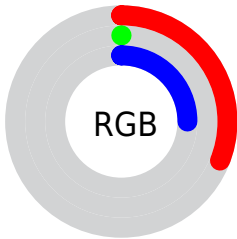
Format	Color
RYB	80, 1, 64
Decimal	5243200
CIELab	16.00, 39.50, -16.61
CIELCh	16, 42.856, 337.189
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3732, 0.1844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283433280 (0xFF500140)
YUV	31.8030, 15.8731, 42.2688
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 26.9740, -10.4620

Details

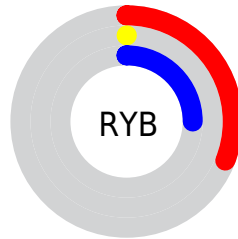
The CIELCh color **16, 42.856, 337.189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **29, 46.290, 140.395**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 42.737, 337.092**, and **3, 16.640, 342.628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 43.156, 337.284**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 40.648, 336.415**.

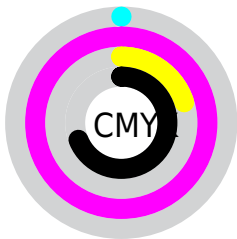
Distribution



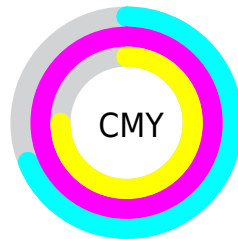
- Red (31%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 42.856, 337.189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 42.856, 337.189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 42.856,
337.189

 16, 42.856,
337.189

 100, 42.856,
337.189


 6, 42.856, 337.189


 36, 42.856,
337.189

 0, 42.856, 337.189

 46, 42.856,
337.189

 56, 42.856,
337.189


 66, 42.856,
337.189


 76, 42.856,
337.189


 86, 42.856,


337.189


 96, 42.856,
337.189


 16, 42.856,
337.189


 16, 42.856,
337.189


 16, 43.156,
337.284

 17, 40.648,
336.415

 18, 38.188,
335.627

 19, 34.791,
334.897

 21, 30.626,
334.207

 23, 25.896,
333.544

■ 25, 20.792,
332.903

■ 27, 15.474,
332.281

■ 29, 10.068,
331.674

■ 32, 4.663, 331.075

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 42.856, 337.189



29, 46.290, 140.395

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 42.856, 337.189



16, 42.856, 27.189



16, 42.856, 157.189



16, 42.856, 207.189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 42.854, 337.189



35, 20.161, 332.427



6, 55.060, 307.445



16, 13.858, 332.578



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 42.854, 337.189



22, 51.684, 337.684



14, 36.547, 15.216



15, 3.040, 331.077



53, 91.771, 338.496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 42.854, 337.189



22, 51.684, 337.684



30, 29.258, 164.117



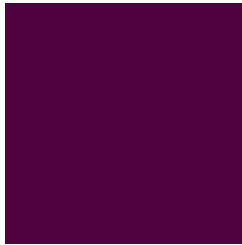
15, 3.040, 331.077



53, 91.771, 338.496

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 42.856, 337.189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

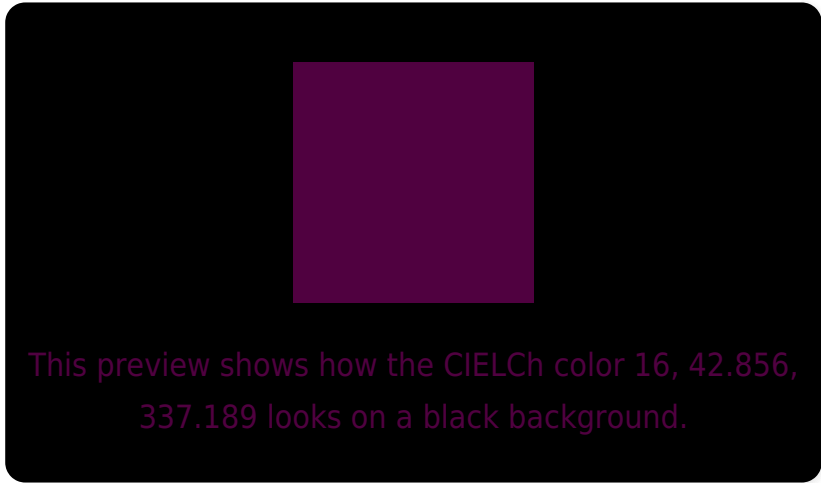
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

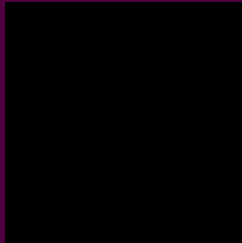
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 42.856, 337.189

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 42.856, 337.189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 42.856, 337.189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 42.856, 337.189

Deuteranopia

18, 11.817, 285.226

Tritanopia

17, 27.325, 25.080

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 42.856, 337.189

Deuteranomaly
15, 25.180, 320.443

Tritanomaly
16, 30.732, 1.627

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 42.856, 337.189

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 20.367, 332.840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 42.856, 337.189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 1, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 1, 64)  
}
```


If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 1, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 1, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 42.856, 337.189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 1, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 1, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 1, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 1, 64); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 1, 64); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 1, 64) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 42.856, 337.189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 1, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 1,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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