

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 43.169, 336.581)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 43.169, 336.581)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 43.232, 336.517)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	500141
RGB	80, 1, 65
RGB Percent	31%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.6868, 0.9966, 0.7455
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.19, 0.69
HSL	311°, 98%, 16%
HSV	311°, 99%, 31%
XYZ	4.2582, 2.0993, 5.1650
YIQ	31.9170, 26.5400, 36.6520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

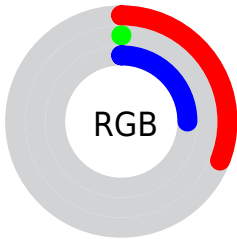
Format	Color
RYB	80, 1, 65
Decimal	5243201
CIELab	16.00, 39.65, -17.23
CIELCh	16, 43.232, 336.517
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3696, 0.1822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283433281 (0xFF500141)
YUV	31.9170, 16.3099, 42.1688
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 27.1044, -10.9935

Details

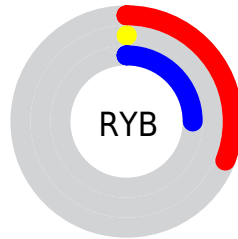
The CIELCh color **16, 43.232, 336.517** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **29, 46.639, 140.056**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 43.112, 336.491**, and **3, 17.074, 340.775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 43.489, 336.592**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 40.993, 335.794**.

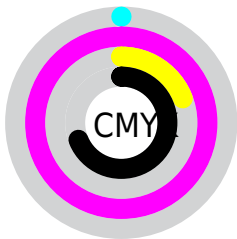
Distribution



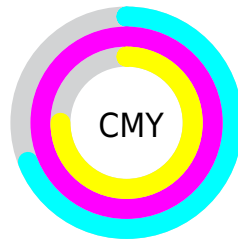
- Red (31%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 43.232, 336.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 43.232, 336.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 43.232,
336.517


 16, 43.232,
336.517


 100, 43.232,
336.517


 6, 43.232, 336.517


 36, 43.232,
336.517

 0, 43.232, 336.517

 46, 43.232,
336.517


 56, 43.232,
336.517


 66, 43.232,
336.517


 76, 43.232,
336.517


 86, 43.232,

336.517


 96, 43.232,
336.517


 16, 43.232,
336.517


 16, 43.232,
336.517


 16, 43.489,
336.592

 17, 40.993,
335.794

 18, 38.522,
335.054

 19, 35.115,
334.361

 21, 30.935,
333.699

 23, 26.182,
333.057

■ 25, 21.048,
332.433

■ 27, 15.697,
331.822

■ 29, 10.252,
331.226

■ 32, 4.806, 330.635

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 43.232, 336.517



29, 46.639, 140.056

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 43.232, 336.517



16, 43.232, 26.517



16, 43.232, 156.517



16, 43.232, 206.517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 43.230, 336.517



35, 20.342, 331.955



6, 55.134, 307.236



16, 13.982, 332.103



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 43.230, 336.517



22, 52.161, 336.961



14, 36.410, 13.802



15, 3.068, 330.625



53, 92.667, 337.701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 43.230, 336.517



22, 52.161, 336.961



29, 29.825, 162.831



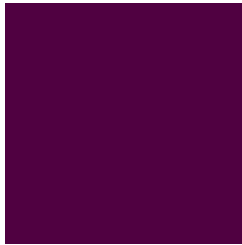
15, 3.068, 330.625



53, 92.667, 337.701

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 43.232, 336.517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

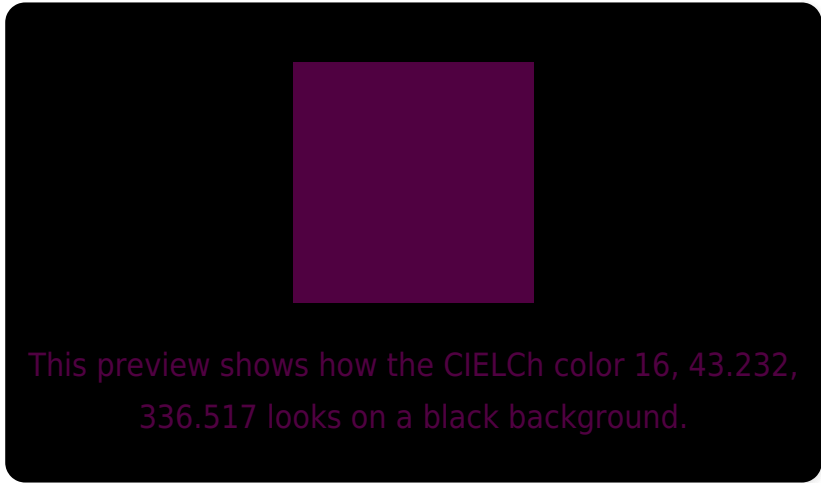
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

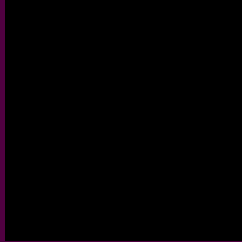
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 43.232, 336.517

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 43.232, 336.517.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 43.232, 336.517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 43.232, 336.517

Protanopia

17, 33.531, 283.719

Deuteranopia

18, 12.540, 284.126



Tritanopia
17, 26.952, 26.081

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 43.232, 336.517

Protanomaly
13, 38.146, 300.475

Deuteranomaly
15, 25.655, 318.835

Tritanomaly
16, 30.416, 0.788

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 43.232, 336.517

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 20.367, 332.840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 43.232, 336.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 1, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 1, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 1, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 1, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 43.232, 336.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 1, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 1, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 1, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 1, 65); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 1, 65); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 1, 65) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 43.232, 336.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 1, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 1,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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