

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 48.353, 328.232)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 48.353, 328.232)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 48.566, 328.233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D004D
RGB	77, 0, 77
RGB Percent	30%, 0%, 30%
CMY	0.6988, 1.0000, 0.6987
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	300°, 100%, 15%
HSV	300°, 100%, 30%
XYZ	4.3772, 2.0993, 7.1639
YIQ	31.8010, 21.1750, 40.2710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

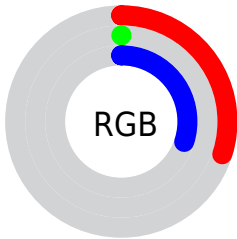
Format	Color
RYB	77, 0, 77
Decimal	5046349
CIELab	16.00, 41.29, -25.57
CIElCh	16, 48.566, 328.233
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3209, 0.1539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283236429 (0xFF4D004D)
YUV	31.8010, 22.2831, 39.6395
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 28.5705, -19.1729

Details

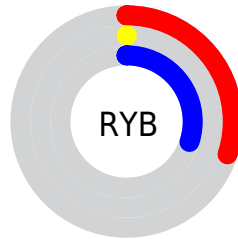
The CIELCh color **16, 48.566, 328.233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **28, 50.233, 136.044**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 48.605, 328.475**, and **3, 21.893, 321.802** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 48.492, 328.228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 45.737, 328.033**.

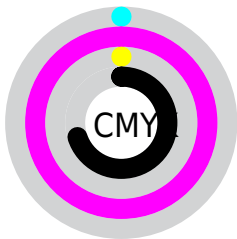
Distribution



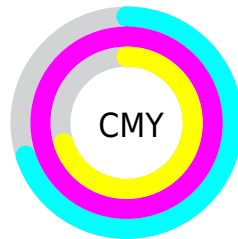
- Red (30%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (70%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 48.566,
328.233


 16, 48.566,
328.233

 100, 48.566,
328.233

 6, 48.566, 328.233

 36, 48.566,
328.233

 0, 48.566, 328.233

 46, 48.566,
328.233

 56, 48.566,
328.233

 66, 48.566,
328.233


 76, 48.566,
328.233

 86, 48.566,


328.233

 96, 48.566,
328.233


 16, 48.566,
328.233


 16, 48.566,
328.233


 16, 48.492,
328.228

 17, 45.737,
328.033

 18, 42.874,
327.826

 19, 39.120,
327.551

 20, 34.568,
327.209

 22, 29.401,
326.813

■ 24, 23.806,
326.373

■ 26, 17.950,
325.904

■ 28, 11.967,
325.414

■ 30, 5.961, 324.910

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 48.566, 328.233



28, 50.233, 136.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 48.566, 328.233



16, 48.566, 18.233



16, 48.566, 148.233



16, 48.566, 198.233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 48.492, 328.228



34, 22.218, 325.956



5, 53.278, 304.523



16, 15.271, 326.066



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 48.492, 328.228



22, 57.933, 328.228



14, 36.103, 356.405



14, 3.312, 324.840



23, 58.972, 328.228



54, 106.718, 328.227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 39.350, 31.324



19, 49.399, 35.617



28, 36.206, 150.699



14, 1.910, 19.790



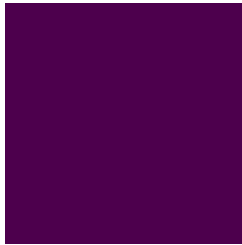
19, 50.500, 35.955



48, 96.562, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

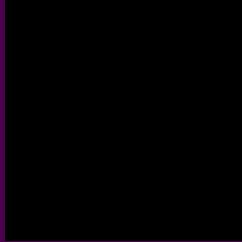
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 48.566, 328.233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 48.566, 328.233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 48.566, 328.233

Protanopia

18, 32.840, 282.671

Deuteranopia

18, 19.867, 277.643



Tritanopia
18, 21.886, 22.159

Trichromacy



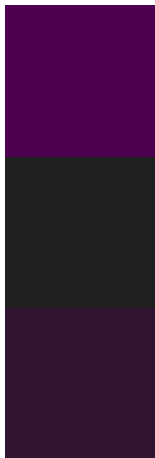
Original Color
16, 48.566, 328.233

Protanomaly
14, 40.773, 300.477

Deuteranomaly
15, 32.692, 307.466

Tritanomaly
16, 29.494, 350.138

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 48.566, 328.233

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 22.995, 326.956

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 48.566, 328.233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 0, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 0, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 0, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 0, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 48.566, 328.233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 0, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 0, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 0, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 0, 77); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 0, 77); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 0, 77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 48.566, 328.233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 0, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 0,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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