

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 49.373, 315.428)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 49.373, 315.428)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 49.469, 315.528)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D105A
RGB	61, 16, 90
RGB Percent	24%, 6%, 35%
CMY	0.7609, 0.9373, 0.6471
CMYK	0.32, 0.82, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	276°, 70%, 21%
HSV	276°, 82%, 35%
XYZ	3.9529, 2.0993, 9.8653
YIQ	37.8910, 3.0660, 32.5540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

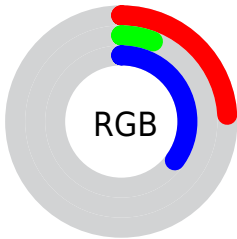
Format	Color
R_{YB}	61, 16, 90
Decimal	4001882
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 35.30, -34.66
CIE _{LCh}	16, 49.469, 315.528
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2483, 0.1319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282191962 (0xFF3D105A)
YUV	37.8910, 25.6897, 20.2666
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 23.3423, -30.2274

Details

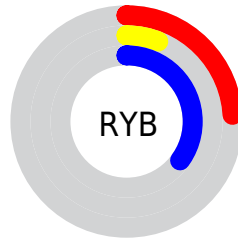
The CIELCh color **16, 49.469, 315.528** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **34, 45.898, 129.812**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 49.567, 315.537**, and **2, 27.579, 299.129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 53.464, 315.401**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 44.534, 315.456**.

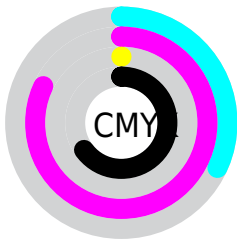
Distribution



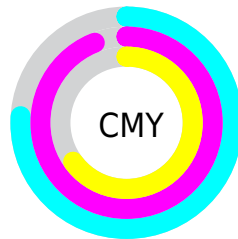
- Red (24%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 49.469,
315.528

■ 16, 49.469,
315.528

■ 100, 49.469,
315.528

■ 6, 49.469, 315.528

■ 36, 49.469,
315.528

■ 0, 49.469, 315.528

■ 46, 49.469,
315.528

■ 56, 49.469,
315.528


■ 66, 49.469,
315.528


■ 76, 49.469,
315.528


■ 86, 49.469,

315.528


 96, 49.469,
315.528


 16, 49.469,
315.528


 16, 49.469,
315.528

 14, 53.464,
315.401


 18, 44.534,
315.456

 13, 56.695,
315.402

 20, 38.874,
315.220

 23, 32.776,
314.880

 26, 26.459,
314.482

 29, 20.076,
314.059

■ 32, 13.728,
313.633

■ 35, 7.475, 313.216

■ 38, 1.355, 312.775

■ 41, 4.613, 132.494

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 49.469, 315.528



34, 45.898, 129.812

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 49.469, 315.528



16, 49.469, 5.528



16, 49.469, 135.528



16, 49.469, 185.528

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 49.469, 315.528



40, 19.265, 313.784



19, 30.684, 283.323



18, 13.037, 313.877



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 49.469, 315.528



19, 68.073, 315.081



21, 45.936, 331.540



17, 3.466, 313.077



17, 65.241, 315.142



41, 115.573, 314.461

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 35.189, 2.522



24, 47.420, 9.774



33, 47.782, 139.612



17, 2.542, 350.594



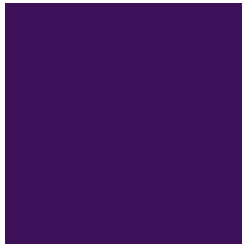
22, 45.415, 9.734



50, 80.569, 13.387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 49.469, 315.528

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 49.469, 315.528.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 49.469, 315.528

Protanopia

16, 31.115, 282.342

Deuteranopia

17, 22.543, 268.126



Tritanopia
17, 7.717, 5.795

Trichromacy



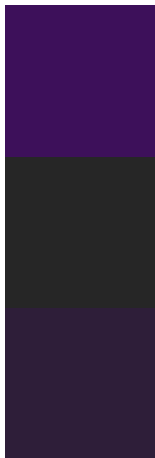
Original Color
16, 49.469, 315.528

Protanomaly
15, 38.579, 296.361

Deuteranomaly
15, 32.422, 293.137

Tritanomaly
15, 22.838, 323.626

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 49.469, 315.528

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 20.254, 314.058

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 49.469, 315.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 16, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 16, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 16, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 16, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 49.469, 315.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 16, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 16, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 16, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 16, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 16, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 16, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 49.469, 315.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 16, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 16,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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