

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 57.202, 300.983)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 57.202, 300.983)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 57.764, 301.184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	131B70
RGB	19, 27, 112
RGB Percent	7%, 11%, 44%
CMY	0.9248, 0.8938, 0.5604
CMYK	0.83, 0.76, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	235°, 71%, 26%
HSV	235°, 83%, 44%
XYZ	3.5952, 2.0993, 15.5719
YIQ	34.2980, -32.0530, 24.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

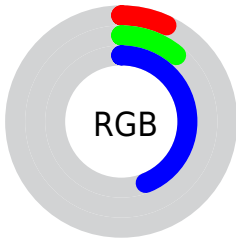
Format	Color
R_{YB}	19, 26, 112
Decimal	1252208
CIE Lab	16.00, 29.91, -49.42
CIE LCh	16, 57.764, 301.184
Yxy	2.0993, 0.1691, 0.0987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279442288 (0xFF131B70)
YUV	34.2980, 38.3071, -13.4163
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 18.9357, -53.5790

Details

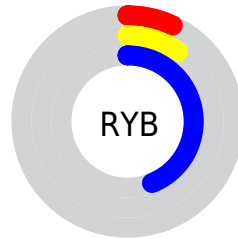
The CIELCh color **16, 57.764, 301.184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **43, 45.384, 98.606**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 57.986, 301.165**, and **3, 43.514, 301.494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 64.446, 303.348**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 50.342, 298.806**.

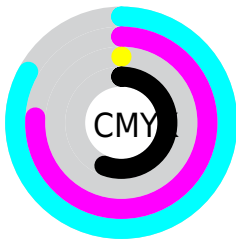
Distribution



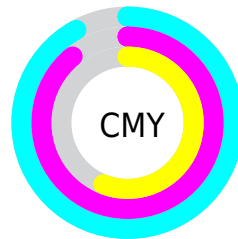
- Red (7%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 57.764,
301.184

■ 16, 57.764,
301.184

■ 100, 57.764,
301.184

■ 6, 57.764, 301.184

■ 36, 57.764,
301.184

■ 0, 57.764, 301.184

■ 46, 57.764,
301.184


■ 56, 57.764,
301.184


■ 66, 57.764,
301.184


■ 76, 57.764,
301.184

■ 86, 57.764,

301.184

 96, 57.764,
301.184


 16, 57.764,
301.184


 16, 57.764,
301.184


 13, 64.446,
303.348


 19, 50.342,
298.806

 12, 68.388,
304.463

 23, 42.757,
296.451

 27, 35.302,
294.266

 30, 28.087,
292.317

 34, 21.138,
290.617

■ 38, 14.447,
289.150

■ 42, 7.997, 287.893

■ 46, 1.771, 286.838

■ 50, 4.248, 105.854

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 57.764, 301.184



43, 45.384, 98.606

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 57.764, 301.184



16, 57.764, 351.184



16, 57.764, 121.184



16, 57.764, 171.184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 57.765, 301.185



48, 19.615, 289.532



42, 27.851, 184.546



23, 13.553, 289.925



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 57.765, 301.185



17, 83.247, 304.792



18, 60.402, 310.129



21, 3.468, 287.455



13, 72.065, 304.595



32, 126.884, 305.455

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 45.092, 27.948



30, 64.639, 35.414



43, 51.593, 122.730



22, 2.662, 12.973



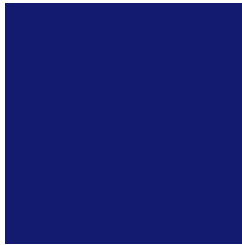
24, 55.762, 34.348



52, 98.636, 37.311

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

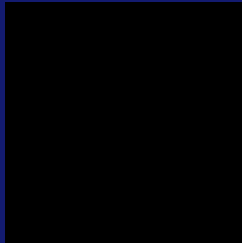
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 57.764, 301.184

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 57.764, 301.184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 57.764, 301.184

Protanopia

16, 31.173, 282.856

Deuteranopia

16, 21.402, 266.210



Tritanopia
16, 14.463, 205.048

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 57.764, 301.184

Protanomaly
16, 41.068, 292.580

Deuteranomaly
16, 33.735, 287.591

Tritanomaly
15, 23.996, 277.249

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 57.764, 301.184

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 22.193, 294.452

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 57.764, 301.184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 27, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 27, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 27, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 27, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 57.764, 301.184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 27, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 27, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 27, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 27, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 27, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 27,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 57.764, 301.184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 27, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 27,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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