

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 58.142, 309.187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(16, 58.142, 309.187)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(16, 58.614, 309.244)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	31116A
RGB	49, 17, 106
RGB Percent	19%, 7%, 42%
CMY	0.8076, 0.9331, 0.5841
CMYK	0.54, 0.84, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	262°, 72%, 24%
HSV	262°, 84%, 42%
XYZ	4.0760, 2.0993, 13.8430
YIQ	36.7140, -9.4970, 34.4630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

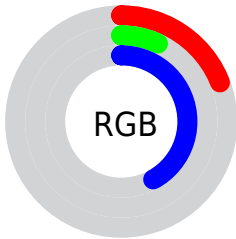
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	49, 17, 106
Decimal	3215722
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	16.00, 37.08, -45.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	16, 58.614, 309.244
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2036, 0.1049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281405802 (0xFF31116A)
YUV	36.7140, 34.1580, 10.7748
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 24.8588, -46.5044

# Details

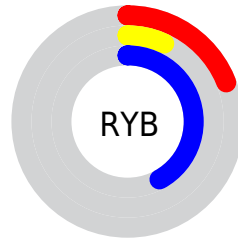
The CIELCh color **16, 58.614, 309.244** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **41, 49.247, 121.096**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 58.546, 309.243**, and **3, 39.369, 299.508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 63.720, 309.452**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 52.365, 308.780**.

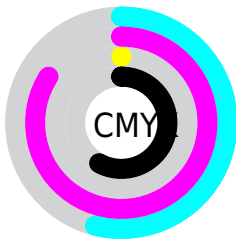
# Distribution



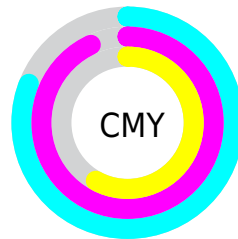
- Red (19%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 16, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 100, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 6, 58.614, 309.244

■ 36, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 0, 58.614, 309.244

■ 46, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 56, 58.614,  
309.244

■ 66, 58.614,  
309.244


■ 76, 58.614,  
309.244


■ 86, 58.614,


309.244


 96, 58.614,  
309.244


 16, 58.614,  
309.244


 16, 58.614,  
309.244


 14, 63.720,  
309.452

 19, 52.365,  
308.780

 12, 66.959,  
309.716

 22, 45.375,  
308.137

 25, 38.058,  
307.416

 29, 30.675,  
306.686

 32, 23.377,  
305.984

■ 36, 16.241,  
305.332

■ 40, 9.304, 304.739

■ 43, 2.580, 304.197

■ 47, 3.931, 123.755

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 58.614, 309.244



41, 49.247, 121.096

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 58.614, 309.244



16, 58.614, 359.244



16, 58.614, 129.244



16, 58.614, 179.244

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 58.614, 309.245



46, 21.092, 305.444



30, 23.995, 255.235



22, 14.337, 305.606



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 58.614, 309.245



18, 81.003, 309.431



23, 56.360, 322.965



20, 3.759, 304.466



14, 72.025, 309.597



35, 124.813, 309.010



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 44.387, 345.125



30, 56.629, 348.828



39, 56.320, 135.252



21, 3.422, 337.370



25, 50.607, 348.384

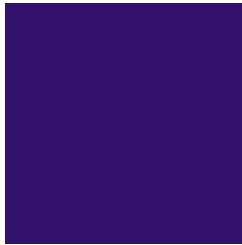


54, 86.132, 350.031



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

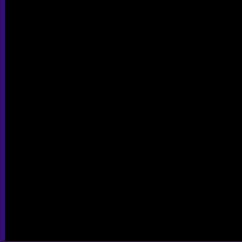
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 16, 58.614, 309.244

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 58.614, 309.244.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16, 58.614, 309.244

### Protanopia

16, 31.115, 282.342

### Deuteranopia

16, 21.984, 266.865





**Tritanopia**  
17, 6.145, 225.587

# Trichromacy



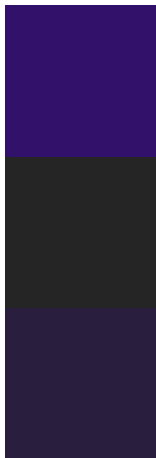
**Original Color**  
16, 58.614, 309.244

**Protanomaly**  
15, 41.823, 295.948

**Deuteranomaly**  
15, 35.085, 292.473

**Tritanomaly**  
15, 23.998, 298.788

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
16, 58.614, 309.244

**Achromatopsia**  
15, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
14, 23.169, 306.468

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 58.614, 309.244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 17, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 17, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 17, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 17, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 58.614, 309.244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 17, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 17, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 17, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 17, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 17, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 17,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 58.614, 309.244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 17, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 17,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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