

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 58.677, 318.176)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 58.677, 318.176)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 58.786, 317.970)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	440061
RGB	68, 0, 97
RGB Percent	27%, 0%, 38%
CMY	0.7330, 0.9996, 0.6192
CMYK	0.30, 1.00, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	282°, 100%, 19%
HSV	282°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	4.5536, 2.0993, 11.4971
YIQ	31.3900, 9.3910, 44.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

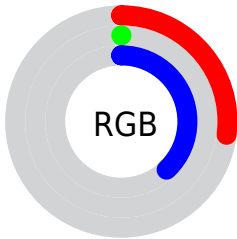
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 0, 97
Decimal	4456545
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 43.67, -39.36
CIE _{LCh}	16, 58.786, 317.970
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2509, 0.1157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282646625 (0xFF440061)
YUV	31.3900, 32.3457, 32.1070
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 30.7432, -36.9049

Details

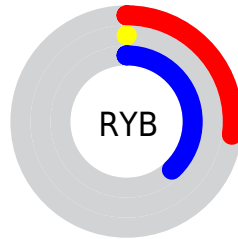
The CIELCh color **16, 58.786, 317.970** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **36, 56.290, 132.346**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 58.502, 317.982**, and **3, 33.920, 305.773** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 58.825, 317.970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 55.184, 318.139**.

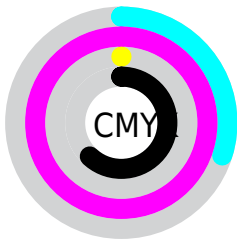
Distribution



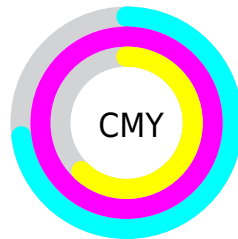
- Red (27%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 58.786,
317.970

■ 16, 58.786,
317.970

■ 100, 58.786,
317.970

■ 6, 58.786, 317.970

■ 36, 58.786,
317.970

■ 0, 58.786, 317.970

■ 46, 58.786,
317.970


■ 56, 58.786,
317.970


■ 66, 58.786,
317.970


■ 76, 58.786,
317.970


■ 86, 58.786,


317.970


 96, 58.786,
317.970


 16, 58.786,
317.970

 16, 58.786,
317.970


 16, 58.825,
317.970

 18, 55.184,
318.139

 19, 51.205,
318.288

 21, 46.103,
318.233

 24, 40.186,
318.028

 26, 33.744,
317.723

■ 29, 27.015,
317.356

■ 32, 20.170,
316.956

■ 35, 13.330,
316.546

■ 38, 6.570, 316.135

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 58.786, 317.970



36, 56.290, 132.346

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 58.786, 317.970



16, 58.786, 7.970



16, 58.786, 137.970



16, 58.786, 187.970

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 58.786, 317.970



41, 24.920, 316.996



14, 47.505, 296.087



19, 17.159, 317.113



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 58.786, 317.970



22, 70.457, 317.708



20, 49.199, 337.427



18, 3.713, 316.093



19, 65.198, 317.813



45, 114.350, 317.242

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 42.449, 17.293



25, 51.189, 19.112



35, 54.048, 139.696



18, 2.527, 356.743



22, 47.248, 18.397



51, 84.196, 22.237

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 58.786, 317.970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 58.786, 317.970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 58.786, 317.970

Protanopia

17, 32.899, 283.154

Deuteranopia

18, 23.707, 269.229



Tritanopia
18, 10.648, 11.035

Trichromacy



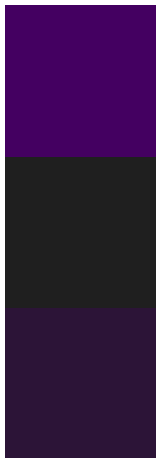
Original Color
16, 58.786, 317.970

Protanomaly
14, 45.337, 300.315

Deuteranomaly
14, 38.705, 298.225

Tritanomaly
16, 29.084, 327.966

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 58.786, 317.970

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 26.617, 317.502

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 58.786, 317.970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 0, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 0, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 0, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 0, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 58.786, 317.970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 0, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 0, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 0, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 0, 97); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 0, 97); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 0, 97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 58.786, 317.970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 0, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 0,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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