

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 6.106, 280.017)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 6.106, 280.017) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 5.726, 278.251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	252830
RGB	37, 40, 48
RGB Percent	15%, 16%, 19%
CMY	0.8559, 0.8442, 0.8128
CMYK	0.23, 0.17, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	224°, 13%, 17%
HSV	224°, 23%, 19%
XYZ	2.0312, 2.0993, 3.0649
YIQ	40.0150, -4.3560, 1.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

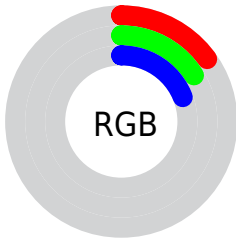
Format	Color
RYB	37, 39, 48
Decimal	2435120
CIELab	16.00, 0.82, -5.67
CIELCh	16, 5.726, 278.251
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2823, 0.2918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280625200 (0xFF252830)
YUV	40.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -0.3319, -2.3996

Details

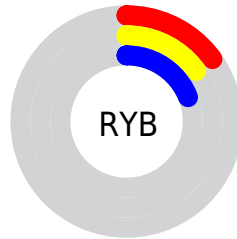
The CIELCh color **16, 5.726, 278.251** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 5.677, 93.338**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 5.692, 278.746**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 8.289, 279.621**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 3.211, 277.046**.

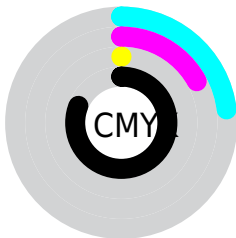
Distribution



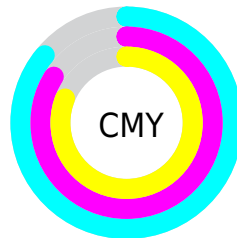
- Red (15%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 5.726, 278.251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 5.726, 278.251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 5.726, 278.251

■ 16, 5.726, 278.251

■ 100, 5.726,
278.251

■ 6, 5.726, 278.251

■ 0, 5.726, 278.251

■ 36, 5.726, 278.251

■ 46, 5.726, 278.251

■ 56, 5.726, 278.251

■ 66, 5.726, 278.251

■ 76, 5.726, 278.251

■ 86, 5.726, 278.251

■ 96, 5.726, 278.251

■ 16, 5.726, 278.251

■ 16, 5.726, 278.251

■ 14, 8.289, 279.621

■ 18, 3.211, 277.046

■ 13, 10.906,
281.184

■ 19, 0.742, 276.055

■ 11, 13.580,
282.961

■ 21, 1.681, 94.965

■ 22, 4.061, 94.152

■ 10, 16.317,
284.967

■ 24, 6.399, 93.411

■ 8, 19.125, 287.212

■ 26, 8.695, 92.743

■ 7, 21.716, 288.732

■ 27, 10.949, 92.142

■ 5, 23.877, 288.898

■ 29, 13.164, 91.599

■ 5, 25.191, 288.705

■ 30, 15.340, 91.105

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 5.726, 278.251



18, 5.677, 93.338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 5.726, 278.251



16, 5.726, 328.251



16, 5.726, 98.251



16, 5.726, 148.251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 5.726, 278.247



24, 2.117, 276.443



19, 5.500, 175.356



11, 1.343, 276.416



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 5.726, 278.247



20, 8.633, 279.112



15, 7.863, 300.040



7, 1.224, 276.311



11, 45.046, 296.968



34, 94.708, 299.940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 5.805, 359.775



20, 8.788, 0.434



19, 7.555, 117.378



7, 1.198, 358.412



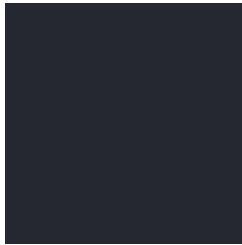
16, 39.489, 18.666



45, 78.254, 24.129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 5.726, 278.251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

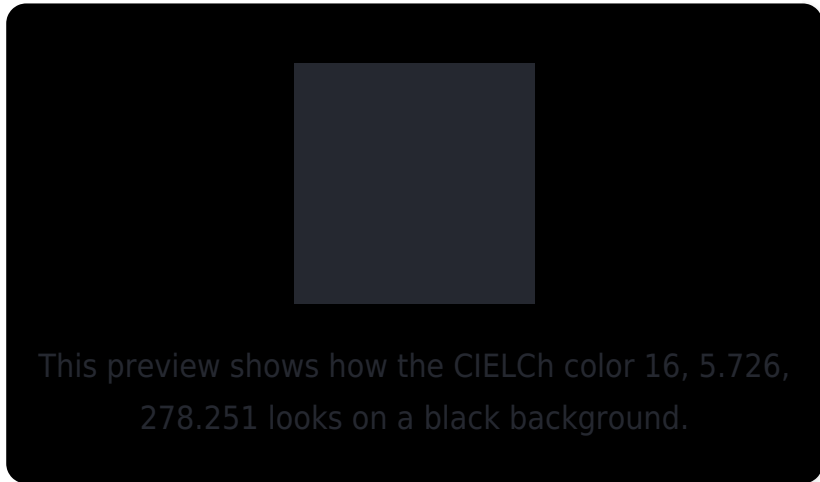
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

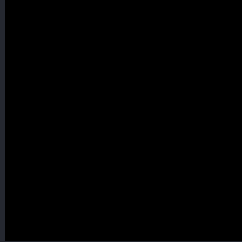
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

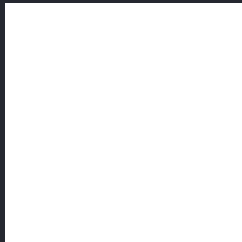
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 5.726, 278.251

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 5.726, 278.251.

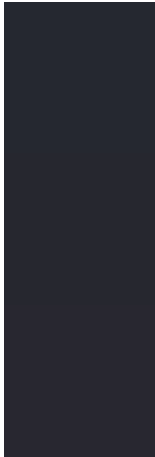


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 5.726, 278.251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

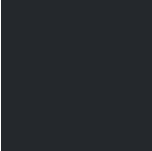
16, 5.726, 278.251

Protanopia

16, 5.629, 287.113

Deuteranopia

16, 6.342, 295.909



Tritanopia
16, 3.309, 257.457

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 5.726, 278.251

Protanomaly
16, 5.629, 287.113

Deuteranomaly
16, 6.320, 291.858

Tritanomaly
16, 3.904, 263.510

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 5.726, 278.251

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 2.146, 278.174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 5.726, 278.251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 40, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 40, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 40, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 40, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 5.726, 278.251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 40, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 40, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 40, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 40, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 40, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 40, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 5.726, 278.251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 40, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 40,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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