

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 6.222, 290.052)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 6.222, 290.052) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 6.320, 291.858)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	272730
RGB	39, 39, 48
RGB Percent	15%, 15%, 19%
CMY	0.8469, 0.8469, 0.8116
CMYK	0.19, 0.19, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	240°, 10%, 17%
HSV	240°, 19%, 19%
XYZ	2.0992, 2.0993, 3.0951
YIQ	40.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

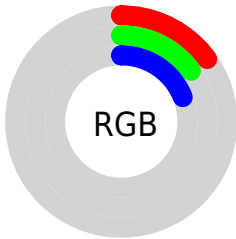
Format	Color
R_YB	39, 39, 48
Decimal	2565936
CIE Lab	16.00, 2.35, -5.87
CIE LCh	16, 6.320, 291.858
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2878, 0.2878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280756016 (0xFF272730)
YUV	40.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 0.5057, -2.5230

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 6.320, 291.858** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 6.100, 108.684**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 6.215, 291.203**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 9.859, 292.940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 2.899, 290.913**.

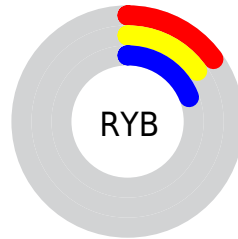
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (15%)

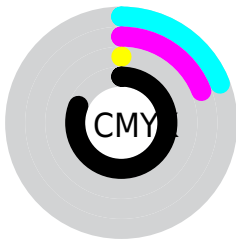
Blue (19%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (19%)

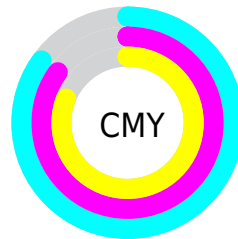


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 6.320, 291.858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 6.320, 291.858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 6.320, 291.858

■ 16, 6.320, 291.858

■ 100, 6.320,
291.858

■ 6, 6.320, 291.858

■ 36, 6.320, 291.858

■ 0, 6.320, 291.858

■ 46, 6.320, 291.858

■ 56, 6.320, 291.858

■ 66, 6.320, 291.858

■ 76, 6.320, 291.858

■ 86, 6.320, 291.858

■ 96, 6.320, 291.858

■ 16, 6.320, 291.858

■ 16, 6.320, 291.858

■ 14, 9.859, 292.940

■ 18, 2.899, 290.913

■ 12, 13.525,
294.181

■ 20, 0.409, 110.020

■ 10, 17.322,
295.590

■ 22, 3.612, 109.350

■ 24, 6.716, 108.722

■ 8, 21.233, 297.142

■ 26, 9.728, 108.169

■ 6, 24.527, 297.475

■ 28, 12.654,
107.682

■ 5, 26.927, 296.810

■ 30, 15.497,
107.252

■ 3, 28.985, 296.235

■ 2, 31.045, 295.737

■ 32, 18.262,
106.871

■ 2, 31.306, 295.679

■ 34, 20.954,
106.532

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 6.320, 291.858



20, 6.100, 108.684

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 6.320, 291.858



16, 6.320, 341.858



16, 6.320, 111.858



16, 6.320, 161.858

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 6.319, 291.856



24, 2.432, 290.705



19, 4.060, 197.170



11, 1.575, 290.696



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 6.319, 291.856



20, 9.164, 292.313



16, 6.635, 309.202



7, 1.619, 290.185



6, 60.348, 305.913



26, 117.317, 306.287

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 4.476, 20.420



21, 6.535, 20.743



19, 6.492, 127.786



7, 1.112, 19.301



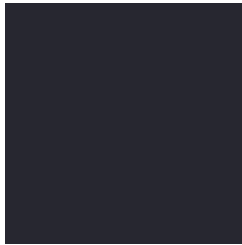
16, 43.796, 33.536



45, 91.681, 39.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 6.320, 291.858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

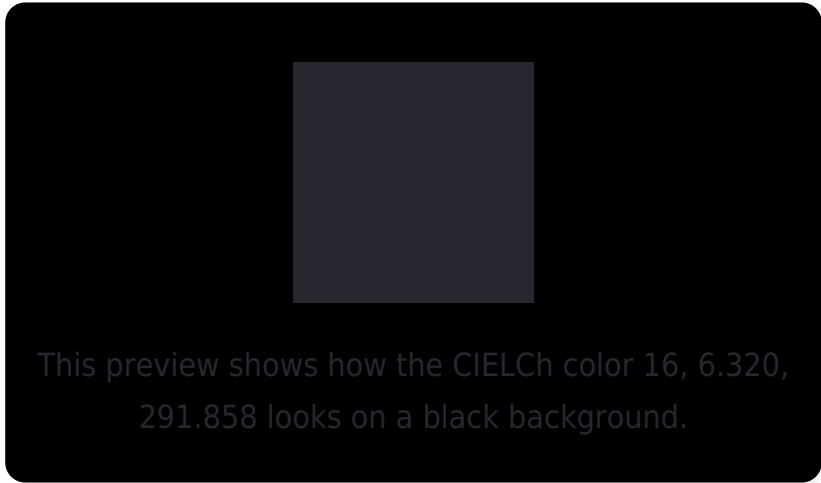
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

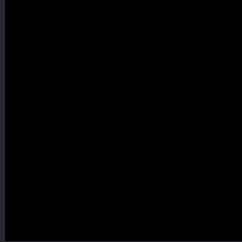
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

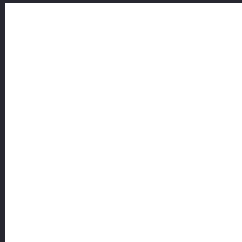
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 6.320, 291.858

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 6.320, 291.858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 6.320, 291.858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

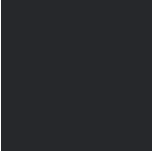
16, 6.320, 291.858

Protanopia

16, 6.328, 287.837

Deuteranopia

16, 6.320, 291.858



Tritanopia
16, 2.283, 266.709

Trichromacy



Original Color

16, 6.320, 291.858

Protanomaly

16, 6.328, 287.837

Deuteranomaly

16, 6.320, 291.858

Tritanomaly

16, 3.602, 276.413

Monochromacy



Original Color

16, 6.320, 291.858

Achromatopsia

16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

16, 2.102, 290.747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 6.320, 291.858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 39, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 39, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 39, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 39, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 6.320, 291.858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 39, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 39, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 39, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 39, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 39, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 39, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 6.320, 291.858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 39, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 39,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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