

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 61.839, 315.492)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 61.839, 315.492)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 61.860, 315.486)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400167
RGB	64, 1, 103
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.7486, 0.9956, 0.5957
CMYK	0.38, 0.99, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	277°, 98%, 20%
HSV	277°, 99%, 40%
XYZ	4.5872, 2.0993, 13.0235
YIQ	31.4650, 4.8060, 45.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

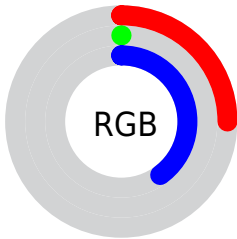
Format	Color
RYB	64, 1, 103
Decimal	4194663
CIELab	16.00, 44.11, -43.37
CIELCh	16, 61.860, 315.486
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2327, 0.1065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384743 (0xFF400167)
YUV	31.4650, 35.2668, 28.5332
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 31.1567, -43.1507

Details

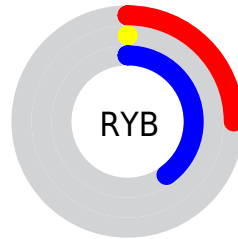
The CIELCh color **16, 61.860, 315.486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **38, 57.205, 130.570**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 62.007, 315.606**, and **3, 37.462, 302.980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 62.317, 315.479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 57.959, 315.688**.

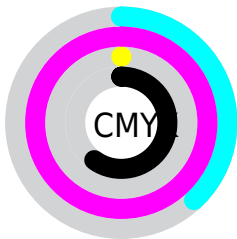
Distribution



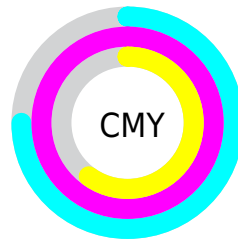
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 61.860,
315.486


 16, 61.860,
315.486

 100, 61.860,
315.486


 6, 61.860, 315.486


 36, 61.860,
315.486

 0, 61.860, 315.486

 46, 61.860,
315.486


 56, 61.860,
315.486


 66, 61.860,
315.486


 76, 61.860,
315.486


 86, 61.860,

315.486


 96, 61.860,
315.486


 16, 61.860,
315.486


 16, 61.860,
315.486

 16, 62.317,
315.479

 18, 57.959,
315.688

 20, 53.402,
315.807

 22, 47.720,
315.702

 25, 41.276,
315.442

 28, 34.387,
315.086

■ 31, 27.288,
314.678

■ 34, 20.143,
314.249

■ 37, 13.055,
313.820

■ 41, 6.087, 313.401

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 61.860, 315.486



38, 57.205, 130.570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 61.860, 315.486



16, 61.860, 5.486



16, 61.860, 135.486



16, 61.860, 185.486

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 61.860, 315.486



44, 26.137, 314.333



18, 43.132, 290.935



21, 18.011, 314.467



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 61.860, 315.486



22, 75.780, 315.174



23, 54.256, 333.131



19, 3.798, 313.401



18, 67.285, 315.350



43, 117.221, 314.717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 43.224, 9.830



28, 52.933, 11.871



37, 58.607, 137.926



19, 2.763, 351.215



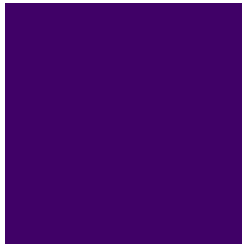
23, 46.981, 10.910



52, 82.090, 14.392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

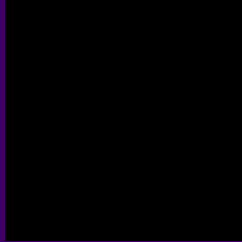
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 61.860, 315.486

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 61.860, 315.486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 61.860, 315.486

Protanopia

17, 32.267, 282.566

Deuteranopia

17, 23.144, 268.064



Tritanopia
18, 6.203, 1.479

Trichromacy



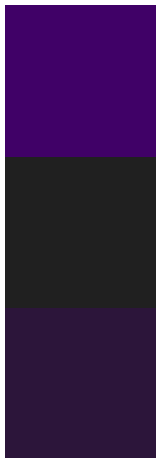
Original Color
16, 61.860, 315.486

Protanomaly
14, 46.029, 299.963

Deuteranomaly
14, 40.060, 297.930

Tritanomaly
15, 29.183, 320.053

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 61.860, 315.486

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 27.727, 315.546

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 61.860, 315.486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 1, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 1, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 1, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 1, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 61.860, 315.486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 1, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 1, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 1, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 1, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 1, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 1, 103)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 61.860, 315.486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 1, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 1,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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